

OŚWIADCZENIE

Producent Immergas Polska Sp. z o.o. oświadcza, iż pompy ciepła

- 1) Magis M4 EH3
Oznaczenie/typ/identyfikator modelu
- 2) Magis M6 EH3
Oznaczenie/typ/identyfikator modelu
- 3) Magis M8 EH3
Oznaczenie/typ/identyfikator modelu
- 4) Magis M6
Oznaczenie/typ/identyfikator modelu
- 5) Magis M8
Oznaczenie/typ/identyfikator modelu

Należą do jednego podtypu w danym typoszeregu i spełniają łącznie następujące warunki:

- identyczna konstrukcja obiegu chłodniczego, ten sam czynnik chłodniczy/roboczy;
- ten sam producent, typ i liczba sprężarek;
- ten sam typ elementu rozprężnego;
- ten sam typ skraplacza;
- ten sam typ parownika;
- ten sam typ procesu odszraniania;
- ten sam sterownik i zasada sterowania wydajnością;
- ten sam producent, typ i liczba wentylatorów parownika (w przypadku powietrznych pomp ciepła) i zasada sterowania wydajnością (stała, zmienna lub stopniowana regulacja prędkości obrotowej);
- urządzenia z i bez zaworu czterodrogowego nie mogą być zaliczone do tego samego typoszeregu.

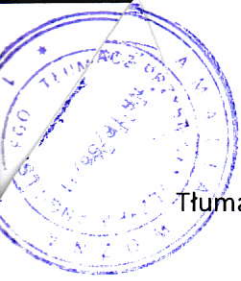
Łódź, 27.06.2024

Miejscowość, data

IMMERGAS POLSKA Sp. z o.o.
mgr inż. Kamil Rosa
Produkt Menadżer OZE

Kamil Rosa

Podpis osoby upoważnionej



Tłumaczenie uwierzytelnione z języka angielskiego

RAPORT Z BADANIA

Raport nr: 300-KLAB-23-040-12

[logo]

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Strona 1 z 44

Ref.: KAMA/RTHI

Nr pliku: 225959

Załączniki: 2

Klient: Spółka: GD MIDEA HEATING & VENTILATING EQUIPMENT CO., LTD.
Adres: Penglai Industry Road, Beijiao
Miasto: Shunde, Foshan, Guangdong, 528311, Chiny
Tel: +86 13902810522

Komponent: Marka: Midea
Typ: Pompa ciepła powietrze-woda (monoblok)
Model: MHC-V6W/D2N8-B
Nr serii: 341H09752012A250100012
Rok produkcji: Jednostka zewnętrzna: NIE DOTYCZY

Daty: Badany komponent: styczeń 2024

Marka: Marka: IMMERGAS
Typ: Pompa ciepła powietrze-woda (monoblok)
Model: MAGIS M6

Procedura: Aby zapoznać się z listą norm, patrz cel (strona 2)

Uwagi: Urządzenie zostało dostarczone przez klienta. Montaż i ustawienia badawcze zostały wykonane zgodnie z instrukcjami producenta. Pomiędzy każdym badaniem Midea zmieniono różne parametry obejmujące prędkość sprężarki, zawór rozprężny, prędkość wentylatora, prędkość pompy, czas odszraniania, czas nagrzewania. Raport dla badanego urządzenia pod nazwą 300-KLAB-23-040 został wydany w dniu 12 marca 2024 r. Patrz też załącznik 2.

Warunki:



Niniejsze badanie zostało przeprowadzone w ramach akredytacji zgodnie z międzynarodowymi wymogami (ISO/IEC 17025:2017) oraz zgodnie z Ogólnymi Warunkami Duńskiego Instytutu Technologicznego. Wyniki badania odnoszą się wyłącznie do badanego przedmiotu. Niniejszy raport z badania może być publikowany we fragmentach wyłącznie za pisemną zgodą Duńskiego Instytutu Technologicznego.

Klient nie może powoływać się na Duński Instytut Technologiczny lub pracowników Duńskiego Instytutu Technologicznego w celach reklamowych lub marketingowych, chyba że Duński Instytut Technologiczny udzielił pisemnej zgody w każdym przypadku.

Dział/Centrum: Duński Instytut Technologiczny
Energia i klimat
Laboratorium pomp ciepła, Aarhus

Data: 24 kwietnia 2024 r.

Podpisał:
Kamalathasan Arumugam
B.Sc. Engineer

Sprawdził:
Rasmus Thisgaard
B.TecMan & MarEng

Dokument podpisany elektronicznie, 25 kwietnia 2024 r.
DUŃSKI INSTYTUT TECHNOLOGICZNY

[logotypy]
Nr badania 300

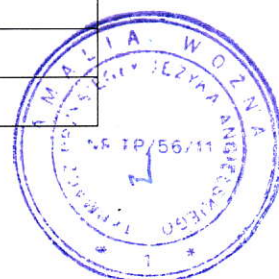
[logo]
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Strona 2 z 44
300-KLAB-23-040-12

Pompy ciepła o identycznej konstrukcji

Według GD MIDEA HEATING & VENTILATING EQUIPMENT CO. LTD. Pompy ciepła wymienione w poniższej tabeli są uważane za identyczne z badaną jednostką. Mają one identyczne parametry:

- wydajność grzewcza
- cykl czynnika chłodniczego (w tym masa czynnika chłodniczego)
- źródło ciepła i medium pochtaniające
- główne komponenty / zasada eksploatacji i strategia sterowania
- ta sama obudowa zewnętrzna

Midea	MHC-V6W/D2N8-B
Midea	MHC-V6W/D2N8-BE30
Midea	MHC-V6W/D2N8-BER60
Midea	MHC-V6W/D2N8-BER90
Midea	MHC-V6W/D2N8-B1
Midea	MHC-V6W/D2N8-B1E30



Midea	MHC-V6W/D2N8-B1E60
Midea	MHC-V6W/D2N8-B1ER90
Midea	MHC-V6W/D2N8-B2
Midea	MHC-V6W/D2N8-B2E30
Midea	MHC-V6W/D2N8-B2E60
Midea	MHC-V6W/D2N8-B2ER90

[logotypy]
Nr badania 300

[logo]
DUŃSKI INSTYTUT TECHNOLOGICZNY
Strona 3 z 44
300-KLAB-23-040-12

Cel

Celem niniejszego raportu jest udokumentowanie następujących kwestii:

Sezonowy współczynnik wydajności (SCOP) przy zastosowaniu w niskiej i średniej temperaturze dla klimatu umiarkowanego zgodnie z normą EN 14825:2022.

W celu obliczenia SCOP przeprowadzono badania w warunkach obciążenia częściowego podanych w tabelach na stronie 5 i 6.

Badanie obciążenia częściowego SCOP w warunkach $SCOP_C$ i $SCOP_{B\&F}$ przy zastosowaniu w niskiej temperaturze dla cieplejszego klimatu zgodnie z EN 14825:2022.

Warunki badania obciążenia częściowego: $SCOP_A$ i $SCOP_{G\&F}$ przy zastosowaniu w niskiej temperaturze dla chłodniejszego klimatu zgodnie z EN 14825:2022.

Standardowe warunki znamionowe badania COP (tryb grzania) w niskiej i średniej temperaturze zgodnie z normą EN 14511:2022.

Wymagania eksploatacyjne zgodnie z normą EN 14511-4:2022

- 4.2.1 Badania rozruchowe i eksploatacyjne
- 4.5 Odcięcie przepływu nośnika ciepła
- 4.6 Całkowita awaria zasilania

Pomiary mocy akustycznej zgodnie z normą EN 12102-1:2022.

[logotypy]
Nr badania 300



Warunki badawcze

Warunki badawcze SCOP dla niskich temperatur – EN 14825

Warunki częściowego obciążenia dla referencyjnego SCOP i referencyjnego SCOPon przy obliczaniu jednostek powietrze-woda dla zastosowań niskotemperaturowych dla referencyjnego sezonu grzewczego; „A” = umiar, klimat, „W” = cieplejszy klimat, „C” = zimniejszy klimat.

	Współczynnik obciążenia częściowego w %				Zewnętrzny wymiennik ciepła		Wewnętrzny wymiennik ciepła			
					Temperatura termometru suchego (mokrego) °C		Stały wylot °C	Zmienny wylot ^d °C		
	Wzór	Umiar.	Cieplejszy	Chłodniejszy	Powietrze zewnętrz.	Wylot powietrza	Wszystkie klimaty	Umiar.	Cieplejszy	Chłodniejszy
A	$(-7-16)/(T_{designh} - 16)$	88,46	nie dotyczy	60,53	-7(-8)	20(12)	a/35	a/34	nie dotyczy	a/30
B	$(+2-16)/(T_{designh} - 16)$	53,85	100,00	36,84	2(1)	20(12)	a/35	a/30	a/35	a/27
C	$(+7-16)/(T_{designh} - 16)$	34,62	64,29	23,68	7(6)	20(12)	a/35	a/27	a/31	a/25
D	$(+12-16)/(T_{designh} - 16)$	15,38	28,57	10,53	12(11)	20(12)	a/35	a/24	a/26	a/24
E	$TOLe-16)/(T_{designh} - 16)$				<i>TOLe</i>	20(12)	a/35	a/b	a/b	a/b
F	$(T_{biv} - 16)/(T_{designh} - 16)$				<i>T_{biv}</i>	20(12)	a/35	a/c	a/c	a/c
G	$(-15-16)/(T_{designh} - 16)$	nie dotyczy	nie dotyczy	81,58	-15	20(12)	a/35	nie dotyczy	nie dotyczy	a/32

Dodatkowe informacje

Klimat	T _{designh} (°C)	T _{bivalent} (°C)	TOL (°C)	Temperatura na wylocie	Natężenie przepływu
Klimat umiar.	-10	-7	-10	Zmienna	Zmienne
Klimat cieplejszy	2	7	2	Zmienna	Zmienne
Klimat zimniejszy	-22	-15	-22	Zmienna	Zmienne

[logotypy]
Nr badania 300



Warunki badawcze SCOP dla średnich temperatur – EN 14825

Warunki częściowego obciążenia dla referencyjnego SCOP i referencyjnego SCOPon przy obliczaniu jednostek powietrze-woda dla zastosowań średnitemperaturowych dla referencyjnego sezonu grzewczego; „A” = umiar, klimat, „W” = cieplejszy klimat, „C” = zimniejszy klimat.

	Współczynnik obciążenia częściowego w %				Zewnętrzny wymiennik ciepła		Wewnętrzny wymiennik ciepła			
					Temperatura termometru suchego (mokrego) °C		Stały wylot °C	Zmienny wylot ^d °C		
	Wzór	Umiar.	Cieplejszy	Chłodniejszy	Powietrze zewnątrz.	Wylot powietrza	Wszystkie klimaty	Umiar.	Cieplejszy	Chłodniejszy
A	$(-7-16)/(T_{designh} - 16)$	88,46	nie dotyczy	60,53	-7(-8)	20(12)	a/55	a/52	nie dotyczy	a/44
B	$(+2-16)/(T_{designh} - 16)$	53,85	100,00	36,84	2(1)	20(12)	a/55	a/42	a/55	a/37
C	$(+7-16)/(T_{designh} - 16)$	34,62	64,29	23,68	7(6)	20(12)	a/55	a/36	a/46	a/32
D	$(+12-16)/T_{designh} - 16)$	15,38	28,57	10,53	12(11)	20(12)	a/55	a/30	a/34	a/28
E	$(TOLe-16)/(T_{designh} - 16)$				TOLe	20(12)	a/55	a/b	a/b	a/b
F	$(Tbiv - 16) / (T_{designh} - 16)$				Tbiv	20(12)	a/55	a/c	a/c	a/c
G	$(-15-16)/(T_{designh} - 16)$	nie dotyczy	nie dotyczy	81,58	-15	20(12)	a/55	nie dotyczy	nie dotyczy	a/49

Dodatkowe informacje

Klimat	T _{designh} (°C)	T _{bivalent} (°C)	TOL (°C)	Temperatura na wylocie	Natężenie przepływu
Klimat umiar.	-10	-7	-10	Zmienna	Zmienne

[logotypy]
Nr badania 300



Warunki badawcze COP – niska temperatura – EN 14511

Nr	Źródło ciepła		Radiator	
	Temperatura termometru suchego na wlocie (°C)	Temperatura termometru mokrego na wlocie (°C)	Temperatura na wlocie (°C)	Temperatura na wylocie (°C)
1 ^S	7	6	30	35

S: Standardowy warunek oceny

Warunki badawcze COP – średnia temperatura – EN 14511

Nr	Źródło ciepła		Radiator	
	Temperatura termometru suchego na wlocie (°C)	Temperatura termometru mokrego na wlocie (°C)	Temperatura na wlocie (°C)	Temperatura na wylocie (°C)
1 ^S	7	6	47	55

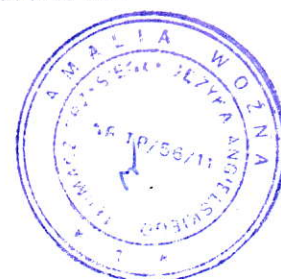
S: Standardowy warunek oceny

Warunki badawcze dla wymagań eksploatacyjnych – EN 14511-4

Nr	Źródło ciepła		Radiator	Natężenie przepływu wody w wewnętrznym wymienniku ciepła	Badanie
	Temperatura termometru suchego na wlocie (°C)	Temperatura termometru mokrego na wlocie (°C)	Temperatura na wlocie (°C)		
1	-25	-	14	415 L/h	Rozruchowe
2	-25	-	35	415 L/h	Eksploatacyjne

[logotypy]

Nr badania 300



Warunki badawcze odciążenia nośnika ciepła – EN 14511-4

Nr	Źródło ciepła		Radiator		Wymiennik ciepła
	Temperatura termometru suchego na wlocie (°C)	Temperatura termometru mokrego na wlocie (°C)	Temperatura na wlocie (°C)	Temperatura na wylocie (°C)	
1	7	6	47	55	Wewnętrzny
2	7	6	47	55	Zewnętrzny

Warunki badania dla całkowitej awarii zasilania – EN 14511-4

Nr	Źródło ciepła		Radiator	
	Temperatura termometru suchego na wlocie (°C)	Temperatura termometru mokrego na wlocie (°C)	Temperatura na wlocie (°C)	Temperatura na wylocie (°C)
1	7	6	47	55

Warunki badawcze dla pomiarów mocy akustycznej – EN 12102-1

Nr	Warunki badania		Ustawienie pompy ciepła			
	Zewnętrzny wymiennik ciepła (termometr suchy / mokry) (°C)	Wewnętrzny wymiennik ciepła (wlot / wylot) (°C)	Prędkość sprężarki (Hz)	Prędkość wentylatora na zewnątrz (obr./min)	Moc grzewcza (kW)	Moc wejściowa (kW)
1 ^F	7/6	30/35	66	550	6,46	1,23
2 ^P	7/6	30/35	30	400	3,06	0,57
3 ^F	7/6	47/55	66	550	6,13	2,06
4 ^E	7/6	47/55	38	400	3,19	1,14

F) Pełne obciążenie, P) Częściowe obciążenie i E) Oznaczenie ErP

[logotypy]
 Nr badania 300



Wyniki badania

Wyniki badania SCOP w niskiej temperaturze – średnia sezonu grzewczego – EN 14825

Model (zewnątrzny)	MHC-V6W/D2N8-B
Monoblokowa pompa ciepła powietrze-woda	T
Niskotemperaturowa pompa ciepła	N
Wyposażony w dodatkową grzałkę	T
Kombinowany podgrzewacz z pompą ciepła	N
Odwracalny	T

Znamionowa moc cieplna ¹⁾	Pznam.		6,8 (kW)	
Sezonowa efektywność energetyczna ogrzewania pomieszczeń	η_s		192,8 (%)	
	SCOP		4,89 (-)	
Zmierzona wydajność ogrzewania dla częściowego obciążenia przy temperaturze zewnętrznej Tj	Klimat umiarkowany Zastosowanie w niskich temperaturach	Tj=-15°C	Pdh	- (kW)
		Tj=-7°C	Pdh	5,74 (kW)
		Tj=2°C	Pdh	3,72 (kW)
		Tj=7°C	Pdh	3,21 (kW)
		Tj=12°C	Pdh	3,76 (kW)
		Tj= temperatura dwuwartościowa	Pdh	5,74 (kW)
		Tj= limit operacyjny	Pdh	5,39 (kW)
Zmierzony współczynnik wydajności w temperaturze zewnętrznej Tj	Klimat umiarkowany Zastosowanie w niskich temperaturach	Tj=-15°C	COPd	- (-)
		Tj=-7°C	COPd	3,02 (-)
		Tj=2°C	COPd	4,76 (-)
		Tj=7°C	COPd	6,79 (-)
		Tj=12°C	COPd	8,85 (-)
		Tj= temperatura dwuwartościowa	COPd	3,02 (-)
		Tj= limit operacyjny	COPd	2,68 (-)
Temperatura dwu wartościowa	Tbivalent		-7 (°C)	
Limit eksploatacji temperatury	TOL		-10 (°C)	
Współczynnik degradacji	WTOL		- (*)	
	Tryb Off	P _{OFF}	0,015 (kW)	
Zużycie energii w trybach innych niż tryb aktywny	Termostat - Tryb off	P _{TO}	0,020 (kW)	
	Tryb gotowości	P _{SB}	0,015 (kW)	
	Tryb grzałki skrzyni korbowej ²⁾	P _{CK}	0,015 (kW)	
Grzałka dodatkowa 1)	Znamionowa moc cieplna Rodzaj pobieranej energii	P _{SUP}	1,41 (kW) Elektryczna	
Inne pozycje	Kontrola wydajności		Zmienna	
	Kontrola przepływu wody		Zmienna	
	Natężenie przepływu wody			
	Roczne zużycie energii	Q _{HE}	2870 (kWh)	

1) W przypadku ogrzewaczy pomieszczeń z pompą ciepła i wielofunkcyjnych ogrzewaczy z pompą ciepła znamionowa moc cieplna, Pznam., jest równa projektowemu obciążeniu grzewczemu, Pdesignh, a wskaźnik mocy cieplnej dodatkowego ogrzewacza, Psup jest równy dodatkowej wydajności grzewczej, sup(Tj).

2) Do obliczenia SCOP używana jest wartość PCK-PSB. Patrz strona 15



Wyniki badania SCOP w średniej temperaturze – średnia sezonu grzewczego – EN 14825

Model (Zewnętrzny)	MHC-V6W/D2N8-B
Monoblokowa pompa ciepła powietrze- woda	T
Niskotemperaturowa pompa ciepła	N
Wyposażony w dodatkową grzałkę	T
Kombinowany podgrzewacz z pompą ciepła	N
Odwracalny	T

Znamionowa moc cieplna ¹⁾	Pznam.		5,7 (kW)	
Sezonowa efektywność energetyczna ogrzewania pomieszczeń	ns		140,4 (%)	
	SCOP		3,58 (-)	
Zmierzona wydajność ogrzewania dla częściowego obciążenia przy temperaturze zewnętrznej Tj	Klimat umiarkowany Zastosowanie w niskich temperaturach	Tj=-15°C	Pdh	- (kW)
		Tj=-7°C	Pdh	5,18 (kW)
		Tj=2°C	Pdh	3,13 (kW)
		Tj=7°C	Pdh	2,94 (kW)
		Tj=12°C	Pdh	3,59 (kW)
		Tj= temperatura dwuwartościowa	Pdh	5,18 (kW)
		Tj= limit operacyjny	Pdh	4,49 (kW)
Zmierzony współczynnik wydajności w temperaturze zewnętrznej Tj	Klimat umiarkowany Zastosowanie w niskich temperaturach	Tj=-15°C	COPd	- (-)
		Tj=-7°C	COPd	2,13 (-)
		Tj=2°C	COPd	3,58 (-)
		Tj=7°C	COPd	4,74 (-)
		Tj=12°C	COPd	6,39 (-)
		Tj= temperatura dwuwartościowa	COPd	2,13 (-)
		Tj= limit operacyjny	COPd	1,83 (-)
Temperatura dwuwartościowa	Tbivalent		-7 (°C)	
Limit eksploatacji temperatury	TOL		-10 [°C]	
Współczynnik degradacji	WTOL		- (°C)	
Zużycie energii w trybach innych niż tryb aktywny	Tryb Off	P _{OFF}	0,015 (kW)	
	Termostat-Tryb off	P _{TO}	0,020 (kW)	
	Tryb gotowości	P _{SB}	0,015 (kW)	
	Tryb grzałki skrzyni korbowej	P _{CK}	0,015 (kW)	
Grzałka dodatkowa 1)	Znamionowa moc cieplna Rodzaj pobieranej energii	P _{SUP}	1,21 (kW) Elektryczna	
Inne pozycje	Kontrola wydajności		Zmienna	
	Kontrola przepływu wody		Zmienna	
	Natężenie przepływu wody			
	Roczne zużycie energii	Q _{HE}	3286 (kWh)	

1) W przypadku ogrzewaczy pomieszczeń z pompą ciepła i wielofunkcyjnych ogrzewaczy z pompą ciepła znamionowa moc cieplna, Pznam., jest równa projektowemu obciążeniu grzewczemu, Pdesignh, a wskaźnik mocy cieplnej dodatkowego ogrzewacza, Psup jest równy dodatkowej wydajności grzewczej, sup(Tj).

2) Do obliczenia SCOP używana jest wartość PCK-PSB. Patrz strona 17



Wyniki badań dla cieplejszego klimatu, niska temperatura zgodnie z EN14825

Nr	Warunki badania	Moc grzewcza (kW)	COP
1	B	5,895	3,817
2	Tbivalent C i F	3,994	6,027

Wyniki badań dla chłodniejszego klimatu, niska temperatura zgodnie z EN14825

Nr	Warunki badania	Moc grzewcza (kW)	COP
1	A	3,392	3,736
2	Tbivalent F i G	4,526	2,365

Wyniki badania COP – niska temperatura – EN 14511

Nr	Warunki badania	Moc grzewcza (kW)	COP
1	A7/W35	6,462	4,996

Wyniki badania COP – średnia temperatura – EN 14511

Nr	Warunki badania	Moc grzewcza (kW)	COP
1	A7/W55	6,127	2,979

[logotypy]
Nr badania 300



Wyniki pomiarów mocy akustycznej – EN 12102

Nr	Warunki badania	Poziom mocy akustycznej LW(A) (dB re 1pW)	Niepewność σ_{tot} (dB)
1 ^F	A7/W35	57,1	1,6
2 ^P	A7/W35	48,9	1,6
3 ^F	A7/W55	60,1	1,6
4 ^E	A7/55	50,7	1,6

F) Pełne obciążenie, P) Częściowe obciążenie i E) Oznaczenie ErP

Całkowity poziom mocy akustycznej skorygowany charakterystyką A jest określany dla mierzonego zakresu częstotliwości od 100 Hz do 10 kHz. W celu obliczenia niepewności proszę zapoznać się z dodatkiem 1.

Pomiary mocy akustycznej są przeprowadzane przez Kamalathasana Arumugama (KAMA) i sprawdzane przez Patricka Gliberta (PGL) z Duńskiego Instytutu Technologicznego.

[logotypy]
Nr badania 300

[Logo]
DUŃSKI INSTYTUT TECHNOLOGICZNY
Strona 43 z 44
300-KLAB-23-040-12

Załącznik 2

Deklaracja stałości

Produkt: Powietrzna pompa ciepła

Marka: IMMERGAS

Nazwa producenta: GD Midea HEATING&VENTILATING Equipment Co., Ltd.

Adres producenta: Midea Industrial City, Shunde, Foshan, Guangdong, Chińska Republika Ludowa

Nazwa importera: IMMERGAS S.P.A



Adres importera: 42041 Brescello (RE) Włochy

My, GD Midea Heating & Ventilating Equipment Co., Ltd, niniejszym deklarujemy, że następujące pompy ciepła wyprodukowane na rzecz IMMERGAS S.P.A są identyczne z następującymi modelami,

Nazwa modelu Midea	Model IMMERGAS
MHC-V4W/D2N8-B	MAGIS M4
MHC-V6VWD2N8-B	MAGIS M6
MHC-V8VWD2N8-B	MAGIS M8
MHC-V10W/D2N8-B	MAGIS M10
MHC-V12W/D2N8-B	MAGIS M12
MHC-V14W/D2N8-B	MAGIS M14
MHC-V16W/D2N8-B	MAGIS M16
MHC-V12W/D2RN8-B	MAGIS M12 T
MHC-V14W/D2RN8-B	MAGIS M14 T
MHC-V16W/D2RN8-B	MAGIS M16 T
MHC-V4W/D2N8-BE30	MAGIS M4 EH3
MHC-V6W/D2N8-BE30	MAGIS M6 EH3
MHC-V8W/D2N8-BE30	MAGIS M8 EH3
MHC-V12W/D2RN8-BER90	MAGIS M12 T EH9
MHC-V14W/D2RN8-BER90	MAGIS M14 T EH9
MHC-V16W/D2RN8-BER90	MAGIS M16 T EH9

GD Midea Heating & Ventilating Equipment Co. Ltd.

Adres: Midea Industrial City, Beijiao, Shunde, Foshan, Guangdong, Chińska Republika Ludowa

Kod pocztowy: 528311

Tel.: +86-757-26338495 Faks: +86-757-22390205 Strona internetowa: <http://www.midea.com>
<http://cac.midea.com>

[logotypy]

Nr badania 300

[Logo]

DUŃSKI INSTYTUT TECHNOLOGICZNY

Strona 44 z 44

300-KLAB-23-040-12

Uwaga: Niniejsza deklaracja stanie się nieważna w przypadku wprowadzenia technicznych lub operacyjnych modyfikacji bez zgody producenta.

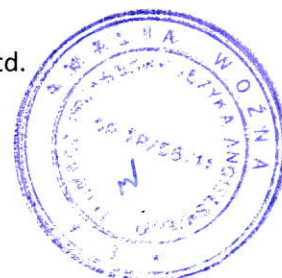
Rok produkcji: 2020

Rok przyznawania oznaczenia CE: 2020

Adres: Midea Industrial City, Beijiao, Shunde, Foshan, Guangdong, Chińska Republika Ludowa

Data: 25 marca 2024 r.

Poświadczenie: [odcisk okrągłej pieczęci:] GD Midea Heating & Ventilating Equipment Co. Ltd.



GD Midea Heating & Ventilating Equipment Co. Ltd.

Adres: Midea Industrial City, Beijiao, Shunde, Foshan, Guangdong, Chińska Republika Ludowa

Kod pocztowy: 528311

Tel.: +86-757-26338495 Faks: +86-757-22390205 Strona internetowa: <http://www.midea.com>
<http://cac.midea.com>

[logotypy]

Nr badania 300

XX

Ja, niżej podpisana Amalia Woźna, tłumacz przysięgły języka angielskiego, wpisana na listę tłumaczy przysięgłych Ministra Sprawiedliwości pod numerem TP/56/11, niniejszym potwierdzam zgodność powyższego tłumaczenia z okazanym mi dokumentem w języku angielskim.

Wrocław, 3 czerwca 2024 r.

Nr repertorium 917/2024

Liczba znaków ze spacjami: 16 072

Amalia Woźna



TEST REPORT

Report no.:
300-KLAB-23-040-12



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www.teknologisk.dk

Page 1 of 44
Init: KAMA/RTHI
File no.: 225959
Enclosures: 2

Customer: Company: GD MIDEA HEATING & VENTILATING EQUIPMENT CO., LTD.
Address: Penglai Industry Road, Beijiao
City: Shunde, Foshan, Guangdong, 528311, China
Tel.: +86 13902810522

Component: Brand: Midea
Type: Air to water heat pump (mono block)
Model: MHC-V6W/D2N8-B
Series no.: 341H09752012A250100012
Prod. year: Outdoor unit: N/A
Dates: Component tested: January 2024

Brand name: Brand: IMMERGAS
Type: Air to water heat pump (mono block)
Model: MAGIS M6

Procedures See objective (page 2) for list of standards.

Remarks: The unit was delivered by the customer. The installation and test settings were done according to the manufacturer's instructions. Between each test condition Midea has been changing various parameters like compressor speed, expansion valve, fan speed, pump speed, defrost time, heating time. The report for the tested unit is named 300-KLAB-23-040 issued 2024.03.12 Also see appendix 2.

Terms: This test was conducted under accreditation in accordance with international requirements (ISO/IEC 17025:2017) and in accordance with the General Terms and Conditions of Danish Technological Institute. The test results solely apply to the tested item. This test report may be quoted in extract only if Danish Technological Institute has granted its written consent.

The customer may not mention or refer to Danish Technological Institute or Danish Technological Institute's employees for advertising or marketing purposes unless Danish Technological Institute has granted its written consent in each case.

Division/Centre: Danish Technological Institute
Energy and Climate
Heat Pump Laboratory, Aarhus

Date: 2024.04.25

Signature:
Kamalathan Arumugam
B.Sc. Engineer

Co-reader:
Rasmus Thisgaard
B.TecMan & MarEng



Test Reg. nr. 300



Heat pumps of identical design

According to GD MIDEA HEATING & VENTILATING EQUIPMENT CO., LTD. The heat pumps listed in the table below are considered identical with the tested unit. They have identical:

- a. heating capacity
- b. refrigerant cycle (incl. refrigerant mass)
- c. heat source and sink medium
- d. main components / operating principle and control strategy
- e. same outdoor casing

Brand	Model
Midea	MHC-V6W/D2N8-B
Midea	MHC-V6W/D2N8-BE30
Midea	MHC-V6W/D2N8-BE60
Midea	MHC-V6W/D2N8-BER90
Midea	MHC-V6W/D2N8-B1
Midea	MHC-V6W/D2N8-B1E30
Midea	MHC-V6W/D2N8-B1E60
Midea	MHC-V6W/D2N8-B1ER90
Midea	MHC-V6W/D2N8-B2
Midea	MHC-V6W/D2N8-B2E30
Midea	MHC-V6W/D2N8-B2E60
Midea	MHC-V6W/D2N8-B2ER90





Objective

The objective of this report is to document the following:

The Seasonal Coefficient of Performance (SCOP) at low and medium temperature application for average climate according to EN 14825:2022.

In order to calculate the SCOP, tests were carried out at the part load conditions stated in the tables on page 5 and 6.

SCOP part load test in conditions $SCOP_C$ and $SCOP_{B\&F}$ at low temperature application for warmer climate according to EN 14825:2022.

SCOP part load test conditions $SCOP_A$ and $SCOP_{G\&F}$ at low temperature application for colder climate according to EN 14825:2022.

COP test standard rating conditions (heating mode) at low and medium temperature according to EN 14511:2022.

Operating requirements according to EN 14511-4:2022

- 4.2.1 Starting and operating tests
- 4.5 Shutting of the heat transfer medium flows
- 4.6 Complete power supply failure

Sound power measurements according to EN 12102-1:2022.



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Test conditions

SCOP test conditions for low temperature – EN 14825

Part load conditions for reference SCOP and reference SCOPon calculation of air to water units for low temperature application for the reference heating season;

“A” = average, “W” = warmer, and “C” = colder.

	Part load ratio in %				Outdoor heat exchanger		Indoor heat exchanger			
					Dry (wet) bulb temperature °C		Fixed outlet °C	Variable outlet ^d °C		
	Formula	Average	Warmer	Colder	Outdoor air	Exhaust air	All climates	Average	Warmer	Colder
A	$(-7 - 16) / (T_{\text{designh}} - 16)$	88,46	n.a.	60,53	-7(-8)	20(12)	a / 35	a / 34	n.a.	a / 30
B	$(+2 - 16) / (T_{\text{designh}} - 16)$	53,85	100,00	36,84	2(1)	20(12)	a / 35	a / 30	a / 35	a / 27
C	$(+7 - 16) / (T_{\text{designh}} - 16)$	34,62	64,29	23,68	7(6)	20(12)	a / 35	a / 27	a / 31	a / 25
D	$(+12 - 16) / (T_{\text{designh}} - 16)$	15,38	28,57	10,53	12(11)	20(12)	a / 35	a / 24	a / 26	a / 24
E	$(TOL^e - 16) / (T_{\text{designh}} - 16)$				TOL^e	20(12)	a / 35	a / b	a / b	a / b
F	$(T_{\text{biv}} - 16) / (T_{\text{designh}} - 16)$				T_{biv}	20(12)	a / 35	a / c	a / c	a / c
G	$(-15 - 16) / (T_{\text{designh}} - 16)$	n.a.	n.a.	81,58	-15	20(12)	a / 35	n.a.	n.a.	a / 32

Additional information

Climate	T_{designh} [°C]	T_{bivalent} [°C]	TOL [°C]	Outlet temperature	Flow rate
Average	-10	-7	-10	Variable	Variable
Warmer	2	7	2	Variable	Variable
Colder	-22	-15	-22	Variable	Variable



SCOP test conditions for medium temperature – EN 14825

Part load conditions for reference SCOP and reference SCOPon calculation of air to water units for medium temperature application for the reference heating season;

“A” = average, “W” = warmer, and “C” = colder.

	Part load ratio in %				Outdoor heat exchanger		Indoor heat exchanger			
					Dry (wet) bulb temperature °C		Fixed outlet °C	Variable outlet ^d °C		
	Formula	Average	Warmer	Colder	Outdoor air	Exhaust air	All climates	Average	Warmer	Colder
A	$(-7 - 16) / (T_{designh} - 16)$	88,46	n.a.	60,53	-7(-8)	20(12)	^a / 55	^a / 52	n.a.	^a / 44
B	$(+2 - 16) / (T_{designh} - 16)$	53,85	100	36,84	2(1)	20(12)	^a / 55	^a / 42	^a / 55	^a / 37
C	$(+7 - 16) / (T_{designh} - 16)$	34,62	64,29	23,68	7(6)	20(12)	^a / 55	^a / 36	^a / 46	^a / 32
D	$(+12 - 16) / (T_{designh} - 16)$	15,38	28,57	10,53	12(11)	20(12)	^a / 55	^a / 30	^a / 34	^a / 28
E	$(TOL^e - 16) / (T_{designh} - 16)$				TOL^e	20(12)	^a / 55	^a / ^b	^a / ^b	^a / ^b
F	$(T_{biv} - 16) / (T_{designh} - 16)$				T_{biv}	20(12)	^a / 55	^a / ^c	^a / ^c	^a / ^c
G	$(-15 - 16) / (T_{designh} - 16)$	n.a.	n.a.	81,58	-15	20(12)	^a / 55	n.a.	n.a.	^a / 49

Additional information

Climate	T _{designh} [°C]	T _{bivalent} [°C]	TOL [°C]	Outlet temperature	Flow rate
Average	-10	-7	-10	Variable	Variable



COP test conditions - low temperature – EN 14511

N#	Heat source		Heat sink	
	Inlet dry bulb temperature (°C)	Inlet wet bulb temperature (°C)	Inlet temperature (°C)	Outlet temperature (°C)
1 ^S	7	6	30	35

S: Standard rating condition

COP test conditions - medium temperature – EN 14511

N#	Heat source		Heat sink	
	Inlet dry bulb temperature (°C)	Inlet wet bulb temperature (°C)	Inlet temperature (°C)	Outlet temperature (°C)
1 ^S	7	6	47	55

S: Standard rating condition

Test conditions for operating requirements – EN 14511-4

N#	Heat source		Heat sink	Water flow rate at indoor heat exchanger	Test
	Inlet dry bulb temperature (°C)	Inlet wet bulb temperature (°C)	Inlet temperature (°C)		
1	-25	-	14	415 L/h	Starting
2	-25	-	35	415 L/h	Operating





Test conditions for shutting off the heat transfer medium – EN 14511-4

N#	Heat source		Heat sink		Heat exchanger
	Inlet dry bulb temperature (°C)	Inlet wet bulb temperature (°C)	Inlet temperature (°C)	Outlet temperature (°C)	
1	7	6	47	55	Indoor
2	7	6	47	55	Outdoor

Test conditions for complete power supply failure – EN 14511-4

N#	Heat source		Heat sink	
	Inlet dry bulb temperature (°C)	Inlet wet bulb temperature (°C)	Inlet temperature (°C)	Outlet temperature (°C)
1	7	6	47	55

Test conditions for sound power measurements – EN 12102-1

N#	Test condition		Heat pump setting			
	Outdoor heat exchanger (dry bulb/wet bulb) (°C)	Indoor heat exchanger (inlet/outlet) (°C)	Compressor speed (Hz)	Fan speed outdoor (rpm)	Heating capacity (kW)	Power input (kW)
1 ^F	7/6	30/35	66	550	6.46	1.23
2 ^P	7/6	30/35	30	400	3.06	0.57
3 ^F	7/6	47/55	66	550	6.13	2.06
4 ^E	7/6	47/55	38	400	3.19	1.14

F) Full load, P) part load, E) ErP labelling





Test results

Test results of SCOP test at low temperature - heating season average - EN 14825

Model (Outdoor)	MHC-V6W/D2N8-B
Air-to-water heat pump mono bloc	Y
Low-temperature heat pump	N
Equipped with supplementary heater	Y
Heat pump combination heater	N
Reversible	Y

Rated heat output¹⁾	P_{rated}	6.8 [kW]
Seasonal space heating energy efficiency	η_s	192.8 [%]
	SCOP	4.89 [-]

Measured capacity for heating for part load at outdoor temperature T_j	Average Climate	$T_j = -15\text{ °C}$	P_{dh}	- [kW]
	-	$T_j = -7\text{ °C}$	P_{dh}	5.74 [kW]
	Low temperature application	$T_j = 2\text{ °C}$	P_{dh}	3.72 [kW]
		$T_j = 7\text{ °C}$	P_{dh}	3.21 [kW]
		$T_j = 12\text{ °C}$	P_{dh}	3.76 [kW]
		$T_j = \text{bivalent temperature}$	P_{dh}	5.74 [kW]
		$T_j = \text{operation limit}$	P_{dh}	5.39 [kW]

Measured coefficient of performance at outdoor temperature T_j	Average Climate	$T_j = -15\text{ °C}$	COPd	- [-]
	-	$T_j = -7\text{ °C}$	COPd	3.02 [-]
	Low temperature application	$T_j = 2\text{ °C}$	COPd	4.76 [-]
		$T_j = 7\text{ °C}$	COPd	6.79 [-]
		$T_j = 12\text{ °C}$	COPd	8.85 [-]
		$T_j = \text{bivalent temperature}$	COPd	3.02 [-]
		$T_j = \text{operation limit}$	COPd	2.68 [-]

Bivalent temperature	$T_{bivalent}$	-7 [°C]
Operation limit temperatures	TOL	-10 [°C]
	WTOL	- [°C]
Degradation coefficient	C_{dh}	0.95 [-]

Power consumption in modes other than active mode	Off mode	P_{OFF}	0.015 [kW]
	Thermostat-off mode	P_{TO}	0.020 [kW]
	Standby mode	P_{SB}	0.015 [kW]
	Crankcase heater mode ²⁾	P_{CK}	0.015 [kW]
Supplementary heater¹⁾	Rated heat output	P_{SUP}	1.41 [kW]
	Type of energy input		Electrical

Other items	Capacity control		Variable
	Water flow control		Variable
	Water flow rate		-
	Annual energy consumption	Q_{HE}	2870 [kWh]

¹⁾ For heat pump space heaters and heat pump combination heaters, the rated heat output, P_{rated} , is equal to the design load for heating, $P_{designh}$, and the rated heat output of a supplementary heater, P_{sup} , is equal to the supplementary capacity for heating, $sup(T_j)$.

²⁾ For SCOP calculation the value $P_{CK} - P_{SB}$ is used. See page 15



Test results of SCOP test at medium temperature - heating season average – EN 14825

Model (Outdoor)	MHC-V6W/D2N8-B
Air-to-water heat pump mono bloc	Y
Low-temperature heat pump	N
Equipped with supplementary heater	Y
Heat pump combination heater	N
Reversible	Y

Rated heat output¹⁾	P_{rated}	5.7 [kW]
Seasonal space heating energy efficiency	η_s	140.4 [%]
	SCOP	3.58 [-]

Measured capacity for heating for part load at outdoor temperature T_j	Average Climate	$T_j = -15\text{ °C}$	P_{dh}	- [kW]
	-	$T_j = -7\text{ °C}$	P_{dh}	5.18 [kW]
	Medium temperature application	$T_j = 2\text{ °C}$	P_{dh}	3.13 [kW]
		$T_j = 7\text{ °C}$	P_{dh}	2.94 [kW]
		$T_j = 12\text{ °C}$	P_{dh}	3.59 [kW]
		$T_j = \text{bivalent temperature}$	P_{dh}	5.18 [kW]
		$T_j = \text{operation limit}$	P_{dh}	4.49 [kW]

Measured coefficient of performance at outdoor temperature T_j	Average Climate	$T_j = -15\text{ °C}$	COPd	- [-]
	-	$T_j = -7\text{ °C}$	COPd	2.13 [-]
	Medium temperature application	$T_j = 2\text{ °C}$	COPd	3.58 [-]
		$T_j = 7\text{ °C}$	COPd	4.74 [-]
		$T_j = 12\text{ °C}$	COPd	6.39 [-]
		$T_j = \text{bivalent temperature}$	COPd	2.13 [-]
		$T_j = \text{operation limit}$	COPd	1.83 [-]

Bivalent temperature	$T_{bivalent}$	-7 [°C]
Operation limit temperatures	TOL	-10 [°C]
Degradation coefficient	C_{dh}	0.96 [-]

Power consumption in modes other than active mode	Off mode	P_{OFF}	0.015 [kW]
	Thermostat-off mode	P_{TO}	0.020 [kW]
	Standby mode	P_{SB}	0.015 [kW]
	Crankcase heater mode ²⁾	P_{CK}	0.015 [kW]
Supplementary heater¹⁾	Rated heat output	P_{SUP}	1.21 [kW]
	Type of energy input		Electrical

Other items	Capacity control		Variable
	Water flow control		Variable
	Water flow rate		-
	Annual energy consumption	Q_{HE}	3286 [kWh]

¹⁾For heat pump space heaters and heat pump combination heaters, the rated heat output, P_{rated} , is equal to the design load for heating, $P_{design,h}$, and the rated heat output of a supplementary heater, P_{sup} , is equal to the supplementary capacity for heating, $sup(T_j)$.

²⁾For SCOP calculation the value $P_{CK} - P_{SB}$ is used. See page 17



Test results for warmer climate, low temperature according to EN14825

N °	Test condition	Heating capacity [kW]	COP
1	B	5.895	3.817
2	Tbivalent C and F	3.994	6.027

Test results for colder climate, low temperature according to EN14825

N °	Test condition	Heating capacity [kW]	COP
1	A	3.392	3.736
2	Tbivalent F & G	4.526	2.365

COP test results - low temperature – EN 14511

N#	Test conditions	Heating capacity [kW]	COP
1	A7/W35	6.462	4.996

COP test results - medium temperature – EN 14511

N#	Test conditions	Heating capacity [kW]	COP
1	A7/W55	6.127	2.979





Test results of sound power measurements – EN 12102

N [#]	Test conditions	Sound power level LW(A) [dB re 1pW]	Uncertainty σ_{tot} [dB]
1 ^F	A7/W35	57.1	1.6
2 ^P	A7/W35	48.9	1.6
3 ^F	A7/W55	60.1	1.6
4 ^E	A7/55	50.7	1.6

F) Full load, P) part load, E) ErP labelling

The A-weighted total sound power level is determined for the measured frequency range from 100 Hz to 10 kHz. For the calculation of uncertainty, see appendix 1.

The sound power measurements are carried out by Kamalathan Arumugam (KAMA) and co-read by Patrick Glibert (PGL), Danish Technological Institute.





Photos

Rating plate (outdoor unit)

MONOBLOC HEAT PUMP	
MODEL	MHC-V6W/D2N8-B
COOLING CAPACITY/EER @ A35W18	6.50kW / 4.80
HEATING CAPACITY/COP @ A7W35	6.35kW / 4.95
POWER SOURCE	220-240V~ 50Hz
RATED INPUT	2700W
RATED WATER PRESSURE	0.1-0.3MPa
NET WEIGHT	86kg
REFRIGERANT	R32/1400g
GWP	675
EQUIVALENT CO ₂	0.95t
EXCESSIVE OPERATING PRESSURE	HIGH 4.3MPa LOW 2.6MPa
MAXIMUM ALLOWABLE PRESSURE	4.3MPa
OUTDOOR RESISTANCE CLASS	IP24
Hermetically sealed equipment contains fluorinated greenhouse gases	
GD Midea Heating & Ventilating Equipment Co., Ltd. <small>(Pengjial Industry Road, Beijiao, Shunde, Foshan, Guangdong, P.R.China)</small>	





Outdoor unit



SCOP - detailed calculation

Detailed SCOP calculation of low temperature and average climate conditions – EN 14825



Calculation of reference SCOP

$$SCOP = \frac{P_{designh} \times H_{he}}{\frac{P_{designh} \times H_{he}}{SCOP_{on}} + H_{TO} \times P_{TO} + H_{SB} \times P_{SB} + H_{CK} \times P_{CK} + H_{OFF} \times P_{OFF}}$$

Where

P_{design} =

Heating load of the building at design temperature, kW

H_{he} =

Number of equivalent heating hours, 2066 h

H_{TO} , H_{SB} , H_{CK} , H_{OFF} =

Number of hours for which the unit is considered to work in thermostat off mode, standby mode, crankcase heater mode and off mode, h, respectively

P_{TO} , P_{SB} , P_{CK} , P_{OFF} =

Electricity consumption during thermostat off mode, standby mode, crankcase heater mode and off mode, kW, respectively

Data for SCOP

	Outdoor temperature [°C]	Part load ratio [%]	Part load [kW]	Declared capacity [kW]	Declared COP [-]	cdh [-]	CR [-]	COPbin [-]
A	-7	88	6.02	5.74	3.02	0.99	1.00	3.02
B	2	54	3.66	3.72	4.76	0.97	1.00	4.76
C	7	35	2.35	3.21	6.79	0.96	0.73	6.68
D	12	15	1.05	3.76	8.85	0.95	0.28	7.90
E	-10	100	6.80	5.39	2.68	0.99	1.00	2.68
F - BIV	-7	88	6.02	5.74	3.02	0.99	1.00	3.02

Energy consumption for thermostat off, standby, off mode, crankcase heater mode

	Hours [h]	Power input [kW]	Applied to SCOP calculation [kW]	Energy consumption [kWh]
Off mode	0	0.0149	0.0149	0
Thermostat off	178	0.0197	0.0197	3.5066
Standby	0	0.0149	0.0149	0
Crankcase heater	178	0.0149	0	0



Calculation Bin for SCOPon

Bin	Outdoor temperature [°C]	Hours [h]	Heat load [kW]	Heat load covered by heat pump [kW]	Electrical back up heater [kW]	Annual backup heater energy input [kWh]	COPbin [-]	Annual heating demand [kWh]	Annual energy input [kWh]	Net annual heating capacity [kWh]	Net annual power input [kWh]	
E	21	-10	1	6.80	5.39	1.41	1.41	2.68	6.80	3.42	5.39	2.01
	22	-9	25	6.54	5.51	1.03	25.77	2.80	163.46	75.03	137.69	49.26
	23	-8	23	6.28	5.62	0.65	15.03	2.91	144.37	59.54	129.34	44.51
A / F - BIV	24	-7	24	6.02	5.74	0.00	0.00	3.02	144.37	47.85	144.37	47.85
	25	-6	27	5.75	5.51	0.00	0.00	3.21	155.35	48.39	155.35	48.39
	26	-5	68	5.49	5.28	0.00	0.00	3.40	373.48	109.73	373.48	109.73
	27	-4	91	5.23	5.05	0.00	0.00	3.60	476.00	132.33	476.00	132.33
	28	-3	89	4.97	4.82	0.00	0.00	3.79	442.26	116.68	442.26	116.68
	29	-2	165	4.71	4.58	0.00	0.00	3.98	776.77	194.99	776.77	194.99
	30	-1	173	4.45	4.35	0.00	0.00	4.18	769.18	184.15	769.18	184.15
	31	0	240	4.18	4.12	0.00	0.00	4.37	1004.31	229.80	1004.31	229.80
	32	1	280	3.92	3.89	0.00	0.00	4.56	1098.46	240.70	1098.46	240.70
	B	33	2	320	3.66	3.66	0.00	0.00	4.76	1171.69	246.31	1171.69
	34	3	357	3.40	3.40	0.00	0.00	5.14	1213.80	236.03	1213.80	236.03
	35	4	356	3.14	3.14	0.00	0.00	5.53	1117.29	202.12	1117.29	202.12
	36	5	303	2.88	2.88	0.00	0.00	5.91	871.71	147.41	871.71	147.41
	37	6	330	2.62	2.62	0.00	0.00	6.30	863.08	137.02	863.08	137.02
C	38	7	326	2.35	2.35	0.00	0.00	6.68	767.35	114.80	767.35	114.80
	39	8	348	2.09	2.09	0.00	0.00	6.93	728.12	105.11	728.12	105.11
	40	9	335	1.83	1.83	0.00	0.00	7.17	613.31	85.54	613.31	85.54
	41	10	315	1.57	1.57	0.00	0.00	7.41	494.31	66.68	494.31	66.68
	42	11	215	1.31	1.31	0.00	0.00	7.66	281.15	36.73	281.15	36.73
D	43	12	169	1.05	1.05	0.00	0.00	7.90	176.80	22.38	176.80	22.38
	44	13	151	0.78	0.78	0.00	0.00	8.14	118.48	14.55	118.48	14.55
	45	14	105	0.52	0.52	0.00	0.00	8.38	54.92	6.55	54.92	6.55
	46	15	74	0.26	0.26	0.00	0.00	8.63	19.35	2.24	19.35	2.24

SUM	14046.18	2866.09	14003.97	2823.88
SCOPon		4.90	SCOPnet	4.96



Detailed SCOP calculation of medium temperature and average climate conditions – EN 14825

Calculation of reference SCOP

$$SCOP = \frac{P_{designh} \times H_{he}}{\frac{P_{designh} \times H_{he}}{SCOP_{on}} + H_{TO} \times P_{TO} + H_{SB} \times P_{SB} + H_{CK} \times P_{CK} + H_{OFF} \times P_{OFF}}$$

Where

P_{design} = Heating load of the building at design temperature, kW
 H_{he} = Number of equivalent heating hours, 2066 h
 $H_{TO}, H_{SB}, H_{CK}, H_{OFF}$ = Number of hours for which the unit is considered to work in thermostat off mode, standby mode, crankcase heater mode and off mode, h, respectively

$P_{TO}, P_{SB}, P_{CK}, P_{OFF}$ = Electricity consumption during thermostat off mode, standby mode, crankcase heater mode and off mode, kW, respectively

Data for SCOP

	Outdoor temperature [°C]	Part load ratio [%]	Part load [kW]	Declared capacity [kW]	Declared COP [-]	cdh [-]	CR [-]	COPbin [-]
A	-7	88	5.04	5.18	2.13	0.99	1.00	2.13
B	2	54	3.07	3.13	3.58	0.98	1.00	3.58
C	7	35	1.97	2.94	4.74	0.97	0.67	4.67
D	12	15	0.88	3.59	6.39	0.96	0.24	5.77
E	-10	100	5.70	4.49	1.83	0.99	1.00	1.83
F - BIV	-7	88	5.04	5.18	2.13	0.99	1.00	2.13

Energy consumption for thermostat off, standby, off mode, crankcase heater mode

	Hours [h]	Power input [kW]	Applied to SCOP calculation [kW]	Energy consumption [kWh]
Off mode	0	0.0149	0.0149	0
Thermostat off	178	0.0197	0.0197	3.5066
Standby	0	0.0149	0.0149	0
Crankcase heater	178	0.0149	0	0





Calculation Bin for SCOPon

Bin	Outdoor temperature [°C]	Hours [h]	Heat load [kW]	Heat load covered by heat pump [kW]	Electrical back up heater [kW]	Annual backup heater energy input [kWh]	COPbin	Annual heating demand [kWh]	Annual energy input [kWh]	Net annual heating capacity [kWh]	Net annual power input [kWh]
E	21	-10	1	5.70	4.49	1.21	1.83	5.70	3.66	4.49	2.46
	22	-9	25	5.48	4.67	0.81	1.93	137.02	80.72	116.87	60.57
	23	-8	23	5.26	4.86	0.40	2.03	121.02	64.33	111.75	55.06
A / F - BIV	24	-7	24	5.04	5.04	0.00	2.13	121.02	56.81	121.02	56.81
	25	-6	27	4.82	4.82	0.00	2.29	130.22	56.84	130.22	56.84
	26	-5	68	4.60	4.60	0.00	2.45	313.06	127.69	313.06	127.69
	27	-4	91	4.38	4.38	0.00	2.61	399.00	152.72	399.00	152.72
	28	-3	89	4.17	4.17	0.00	2.77	370.72	133.66	370.72	133.66
	29	-2	165	3.95	3.95	0.00	2.93	651.12	221.89	651.12	221.89
	30	-1	173	3.73	3.73	0.00	3.10	644.76	208.30	644.76	208.30
	31	0	240	3.51	3.51	0.00	3.26	841.85	258.53	841.85	258.53
	32	1	280	3.29	3.29	0.00	3.42	920.77	269.46	920.77	269.46
	B	33	2	320	3.07	3.07	0.00	3.58	982.15	274.50	982.15
34		3	357	2.85	2.85	0.00	3.80	1017.45	268.03	1017.45	268.03
35		4	356	2.63	2.63	0.00	4.01	936.55	233.31	936.55	233.31
36		5	303	2.41	2.41	0.00	4.23	730.70	172.65	730.70	172.65
37		6	330	2.19	2.19	0.00	4.45	723.46	162.56	723.46	162.56
C	38	7	326	1.97	1.97	0.00	4.67	643.22	137.78	643.22	137.78
	39	8	348	1.75	1.75	0.00	4.89	610.34	124.87	610.34	124.87
	40	9	335	1.53	1.53	0.00	5.11	514.10	100.66	514.10	100.66
	41	10	315	1.32	1.32	0.00	5.33	414.35	77.79	414.35	77.79
	42	11	215	1.10	1.10	0.00	5.55	235.67	42.49	235.67	42.49
D	43	12	169	0.88	0.88	0.00	5.77	148.20	25.70	148.20	25.70
	44	13	151	0.66	0.66	0.00	5.98	99.31	16.59	99.31	16.59
	45	14	105	0.44	0.44	0.00	6.20	46.04	7.42	46.04	7.42
	46	15	74	0.22	0.22	0.00	6.42	16.22	2.53	16.22	2.53

SUM	11774.01	3281.51	11743.38	3250.88
SCOPon		3.59	SCOPnet	3.61



Detailed test results

Detailed SCOP part load test results - low temperature application - average climate – EN 14825

Detailed result for 'EN14825:2022' Average Low (A and F) A -7 /W34		
Tested according to:	EN14511:2022 and EN14825:2022	
Climate zone:		Average
Temperature application:		Low
Condition name:		A and F
Condition temperature:	°C	-7
Part load:	%	88%
Chosen Tbivalent	°C	-7
Tdesign	°C	-10
Pdesign	kW	6.80
Heating demand:	kW	6.02
CR:	-	1.0
Minimum flow reached:	-	No
Measurement type:		Transient
Integrated circulation pump:		Yes
Included corrections (Final result)		
Heating capacity	kW	5.739
COP	-	3.017
Power consumption	kW	1.902
Measured		
Heating capacity	kW	5.746
COP	-	3.007
Power consumption	kW	1.911
During heating		
Air temperature dry bulb	°C	-7.00
Air temperature wet bulb	°C	-8.12
Inlet temperature	°C	29.02
Outlet temperature	°C	33.99
Outlet temperature (Time averaged)	°C	33.99
Circulation pump		
Measured: Static differential pressure, liquid pump	Pa	3774
Calculated Hydraulic power	W	1
Calculated global efficiency	η	0.13
Calculated Capacity correction	W	8
Calculated Power correction	W	9
Water Flow	m ³ /s	0.000295





Detailed result for 'EN14825:2022' Average Low (B) A 2 /W30		
Tested according to:	EN14511:2022 and EN14825:2022	
Climate zone:	Average	
Temperature application:	Low	
Condition name:	B	
Condition temperature:	°C	2
Part load:	%	54%
Chosen Tbivalent	°C	-7
Tdesign	°C	-10
Pdesign	kW	6.80
Heating demand:	kW	3.66
CR:	-	1.0
Minimum flow reached:	-	No
Measurement type:	Transient	
Integrated circulation pump:	Yes	
Included corrections (Final result)		
Heating capacity	kW	3.716
COP	-	4.757
Power consumption	kW	0.781
Measured		
Heating capacity	kW	3.724
COP	-	4.709
Power consumption	kW	0.791
During heating		
Air temperature dry bulb	°C	2.09
Air temperature wet bulb	°C	0.95
Inlet temperature	°C	25.00
Outlet temperature	°C	29.86
Outlet temperature (Time averaged)	°C	29.86
Circulation pump		
Measured: Static differential pressure, liquid pump	Pa	6441
Calculated Hydraulic power	W	1
Calculated global efficiency	η	0.13
Calculated Capacity correction	W	8
Calculated Power correction	W	10
Water Flow	m ³ /s	0.000193



Detailed result for 'EN14825:2022' Average Low (C) A 7 /W27		
Tested according to:	EN14511:2022 and EN14825:2022	
Climate zone:	Average	
Temperature application:	Low	
Condition name:	C	
Condition temperature:	°C	7
Part load:	%	35%
Chosen Tbivalent	°C	-7
Tdesign	°C	-10
Pdesign	kW	6.80
Heating demand:	kW	2.35
CR:	-	0.7
Minimum flow reached:	-	No
Measurement type:	Steady State	
Integrated circulation pump:	Yes	
Included corrections (Final result)		
Heating capacity	kW	3.214
COP	-	6.786
Power consumption	kW	0.474
Measured		
Heating capacity	kW	3.222
COP	-	6.671
Power consumption	kW	0.483
During heating		
Air temperature dry bulb	°C	7.00
Air temperature wet bulb	°C	6.01
Inlet temperature	°C	23.23
Outlet temperature	°C	28.22
Outlet temperature (Time averaged)	°C	26.88
Circulation pump		
Measured: Static differential pressure, liquid pump	Pa	7725
Calculated Hydraulic power	W	1
Calculated global efficiency	η	0.13
Calculated Capacity correction	W	8
Calculated Power correction	W	9
Water Flow	m ³ /s	0.000155



Detailed result for 'EN14825:2022' Average Low (D) A 12 /W24		
Tested according to:	EN14511:2022 and EN14825:2022	
Climate zone:	Average	
Temperature application:	Low	
Condition name:	D	
Condition temperature:	°C	12
Part load:	%	15%
Chosen Tbivalent	°C	-7
Tdesign	°C	-10
Pdesign	kW	6.80
Heating demand:	kW	1.05
CR:	-	0.3
Minimum flow reached:	-	No
Measurement type:	Steady State	
Integrated circulation pump:	Yes	
Included corrections (Final result)		
Heating capacity	kW	3.760
COP	-	8.848
Power consumption	kW	0.425
Measured		
Heating capacity	kW	3.766
COP	-	8.724
Power consumption	kW	0.432
During heating		
Air temperature dry bulb	°C	12.00
Air temperature wet bulb	°C	10.92
Inlet temperature	°C	22.61
Outlet temperature	°C	27.47
Outlet temperature (Time averaged)	°C	23.96
Circulation pump		
Measured: Static differential pressure, liquid pump	Pa	4440
Calculated Hydraulic power	W	1
Calculated global efficiency	η	0.12
Calculated Capacity correction	W	6
Calculated Power correction	W	7
Water Flow	m ³ /s	0.000185



Detailed result for 'EN14825:2022' Average Low (E) A -10 /W35		
Tested according to:	EN14511:2022 and EN14825:2022	
Climate zone:	Average	
Temperature application:	Low	
Condition name:	E	
Condition temperature:	°C	-10
Part load:	%	100%
Chosen Tivalent	°C	-7
Tdesign	°C	-10
Pdesign	kW	6.80
Heating demand:	kW	6.80
CR:	-	1.0
Minimum flow reached:	-	No
Measurement type:	Steady State	
Integrated circulation pump:	Yes	
Included corrections (Final result)		
Heating capacity	kW	5.392
COP	-	2.684
Power consumption	kW	2.009
Measured		
Heating capacity	kW	5.404
COP	-	2.672
Power consumption	kW	2.023
During heating		
Air temperature dry bulb	°C	-10.00
Air temperature wet bulb	°C	-11.02
Inlet temperature	°C	29.99
Outlet temperature	°C	34.96
Outlet temperature (Time averaged)	°C	34.96
Circulation pump		
Measured: Static differential pressure, liquid pump	Pa	7052
Calculated Hydraulic power	W	2
Calculated global efficiency	η	0.14
Calculated Capacity correction	W	12
Calculated Power correction	W	14
Water Flow	m ³ /s	0.000261



Detailed SCOP part load test results - medium temperature application - average climate – EN 14825

Detailed result for 'EN14825:2022' Average Medium (A and F) A -7 /W52		
Tested according to:	EN14511:2022 and EN14825:2022	
Climate zone:	Average	
Temperature application:	Medium	
Condition name:	A and F	
Condition temperature:	°C	-7
Part load:	%	88%
Chosen Tivalent	°C	-7
Tdesign	°C	-10
Pdesign	kW	5.70
Heating demand:	kW	5.04
CR:	-	1.0
Minimum flow reached:	-	No
Measurement type:	Steady State	
Integrated circulation pump:	Yes	
Included corrections (Final result)		
Heating capacity	kW	5.180
COP	-	2.130
Power consumption	kW	2.433
Measured		
Heating capacity	kW	5.188
COP	-	2.125
Power consumption	kW	2.441
During heating		
Air temperature dry bulb	°C	-6.98
Air temperature wet bulb	°C	-8.01
Inlet temperature	°C	44.00
Outlet temperature	°C	52.01
Outlet temperature (Time averaged)	°C	52.01
Circulation pump		
Measured: Static differential pressure, liquid pump	Pa	7038
Calculated Hydraulic power	W	1
Calculated global efficiency	η	0.13
Calculated Capacity correction	W	8
Calculated Power correction	W	9
Water Flow	m ³ /s	0.000156



Detailed result for 'EN14825:2022' Average Medium (B) A 2 /W42

Tested according to:	EN14511:2022 and EN14825:2022	
Climate zone:	Average	
Temperature application:	Medium	
Condition name:	B	
Condition temperature:	°C	2
Part load:	%	54%
Chosen Tbivalent	°C	-7
Tdesign	°C	-10
Pdesign	kW	5.70
Heating demand:	kW	3.07
CR:	-	1.0
Minimum flow reached:	-	No
Measurement type:	Steady State	
Integrated circulation pump:	Yes	
Included corrections (Final result)		
Heating capacity	kW	3.134
COP	-	3.578
Power consumption	kW	0.876
Measured		
Heating capacity	kW	3.138
COP	-	3.564
Power consumption	kW	0.880
During heating		
Air temperature dry bulb	°C	2.10
Air temperature wet bulb	°C	1.01
Inlet temperature	°C	35.01
Outlet temperature	°C	41.85
Outlet temperature (Time averaged)	°C	41.85
Circulation pump		
Measured: Static differential pressure, liquid pump	Pa	4813
Calculated Hydraulic power	W	1
Calculated global efficiency	η	0.12
Calculated Capacity correction	W	4
Calculated Power correction	W	4
Water Flow	m ³ /s	0.000110





Detailed result for 'EN14825:2022' Average Medium (C) A 7 /W36		
Tested according to:	EN14511:2022 and EN14825:2022	
Climate zone:	Average	
Temperature application:	Medium	
Condition name:	C	
Condition temperature:	°C	7
Part load:	%	35%
Chosen Tbivalent	°C	-7
Tdesign	°C	-10
Pdesign	kW	5.70
Heating demand:	kW	1.97
CR:	-	0.7
Minimum flow reached:	-	Yes
Measurement type:	Steady State	
Integrated circulation pump:	Yes	
Included corrections (Final result)		
Heating capacity	kW	2.938
COP	-	4.741
Power consumption	kW	0.620
Measured		
Heating capacity	kW	2.945
COP	-	4.695
Power consumption	kW	0.627
During heating		
Air temperature dry bulb	°C	7.00
Air temperature wet bulb	°C	6.00
Inlet temperature	°C	31.81
Outlet temperature	°C	38.11
Outlet temperature (Time averaged)	°C	36.04
Circulation pump		
Measured: Static differential pressure, liquid pump	Pa	8300
Calculated Hydraulic power	W	1
Calculated global efficiency	η	0.12
Calculated Capacity correction	W	7
Calculated Power correction	W	8
Water Flow	m ³ /s	0.000112



Detailed result for 'EN14825:2022' Average Medium (D) A 12 /W30		
Tested according to:	EN14511:2022 and EN14825:2022	
Climate zone:	Average	
Temperature application:	Medium	
Condition name:	D	
Condition temperature:	°C	12
Part load:	%	15%
Chosen Tbivalent	°C	-7
Tdesign	°C	-10
Pdesign	kW	5.70
Heating demand:	kW	0.88
CR:	-	0.2
Minimum flow reached:	-	Yes
Measurement type:	Steady State	
Integrated circulation pump:	Yes	
Included corrections (Final result)		
Heating capacity	kW	3.589
COP	-	6.391
Power consumption	kW	0.562
Measured		
Heating capacity	kW	3.593
COP	-	6.343
Power consumption	kW	0.566
During heating		
Air temperature dry bulb	°C	12.00
Air temperature wet bulb	°C	10.90
Inlet temperature	°C	28.11
Outlet temperature	°C	35.79
Outlet temperature (Time averaged)	°C	29.98
Circulation pump		
Measured: Static differential pressure, liquid pump	Pa	5273
Calculated Hydraulic power	W	1
Calculated global efficiency	η	0.12
Calculated Capacity correction	W	4
Calculated Power correction	W	5
Water Flow	m ³ /s	0.000112



Detailed result for 'EN14825:2022' Average Medium (E) A -10 /W55		
Tested according to:	EN14511:2022 and EN14825:2022	
Climate zone:	Average	
Temperature application:	Medium	
Condition name:	E	
Condition temperature:	°C	-10
Part load:	%	100%
Chosen Tbivalent	°C	-7
Tdesign	°C	-10
Pdesign	kW	5.70
Heating demand:	kW	5.70
CR:	-	1.0
Minimum flow reached:	-	No
Measurement type:	Steady State	
Integrated circulation pump:	Yes	
Included corrections (Final result)		
Heating capacity	kW	4.491
COP	-	1.829
Power consumption	kW	2.455
Measured		
Heating capacity	kW	4.496
COP	-	1.827
Power consumption	kW	2.461
During heating		
Air temperature dry bulb	°C	-10.03
Air temperature wet bulb	°C	-11.14
Inlet temperature	°C	46.99
Outlet temperature	°C	55.08
Outlet temperature (Time averaged)	°C	55.08
Circulation pump		
Measured: Static differential pressure, liquid pump	Pa	5299
Calculated Hydraulic power	W	1
Calculated global efficiency	η	0.12
Calculated Capacity correction	W	5
Calculated Power correction	W	6
Water Flow	m ³ /s	0.000135



Detailed SCOP part load test results - low temperature application - warmer climate – EN 14825

Detailed result for 'EN14825:2022' Warmer Low (B) A 2 /W35		
Tested according to:	EN14511:2022 and EN14825:2022	
Climate zone:	Warmer	
Temperature application:	Low	
Condition name:	B	
Condition temperature:	°C	2
Part load:	%	100%
Chosen Tbivalent	°C	7
Tdesign	°C	2
Pdesign	kW	6.10
Heating demand:	kW	6.10
CR:	-	1.0
Minimum flow reached:	-	No
Measurement type:	Transient	
Integrated circulation pump:	Yes	
Included corrections (Final result)		
Heating capacity	kW	5.895
COP	-	3.817
Power consumption	kW	1.544
Measured		
Heating capacity	kW	5.906
COP	-	3.794
Power consumption	kW	1.556
During heating		
Air temperature dry bulb	°C	2.12
Air temperature wet bulb	°C	0.97
Inlet temperature	°C	30.05
Outlet temperature	°C	35.21
Outlet temperature (Time averaged)	°C	35.21
Circulation pump		
Measured: Static differential pressure, liquid pump	Pa	5353
Calculated Hydraulic power	W	2
Calculated global efficiency	η	0.13
Calculated Capacity correction	W	10
Calculated Power correction	W	12
Water Flow	m ³ /s	0.000295





Detailed result for 'EN14825:2022' Warmer Low (C) A 7 /W31		
Tested according to:	EN14511:2022 and EN14825:2022	
Climate zone:		Warmer
Temperature application:		Low
Condition name:		C
Condition temperature:	°C	7
Part load:	%	64%
Chosen Tbivalent	°C	7
Tdesign	°C	2
Pdesign	kW	6.10
Heating demand:	kW	3.92
CR:	-	1.0
Minimum flow reached:	-	No
Measurement type:		Steady State
Integrated circulation pump:		Yes
Included corrections (Final result)		
Heating capacity	kW	3.994
COP	-	6.027
Power consumption	kW	0.663
Measured		
Heating capacity	kW	3.997
COP	-	5.998
Power consumption	kW	0.666
During heating		
Air temperature dry bulb	°C	7.00
Air temperature wet bulb	°C	6.00
Inlet temperature	°C	26.01
Outlet temperature	°C	31.07
Outlet temperature (Time averaged)	°C	31.07
Circulation pump		
Measured: Static differential pressure, liquid pump	Pa	2369
Calculated Hydraulic power	W	0
Calculated global efficiency	η	0.12
Calculated Capacity correction	W	3
Calculated Power correction	W	4
Water Flow	m ³ /s	0.000190





Detailed SCOP part load test results - low temperature application - colder climate – EN 14825

Detailed result for 'EN14825:2022' Colder Low (A) A -7 /W30		
Tested according to:	EN14511:2022 and EN14825:2022	
Climate zone:	Colder	
Temperature application:	Low	
Condition name:	A	
Condition temperature:	°C	-7
Part load:	%	61%
Chosen Tbivalent	°C	-15
Tdesign	°C	-22
Pdesign	kW	5.60
Heating demand:	kW	3.39
CR:	-	1.0
Minimum flow reached:	-	No
Measurement type:	Steady State	
Integrated circulation pump:	Yes	
Included corrections (Final result)		
Heating capacity	kW	3.392
COP	-	3.736
Power consumption	kW	0.908
Measured		
Heating capacity	kW	3.400
COP	-	3.708
Power consumption	kW	0.917
During heating		
Air temperature dry bulb	°C	-6.98
Air temperature wet bulb	°C	-8.00
Inlet temperature	°C	25.00
Outlet temperature	°C	29.92
Outlet temperature (Time averaged)	°C	29.92
Circulation pump		
Measured: Static differential pressure, liquid pump	Pa	6897
Calculated Hydraulic power	W	1
Calculated global efficiency	η	0.13
Calculated Capacity correction	W	8
Calculated Power correction	W	9
Water Flow	m ³ /s	0.000166



Detailed result for 'EN14825:2022' Colder Low (F and G) A -15 /W32			
Tested according to:	EN14511:2022 and EN14825:2022		
Climate zone:	Colder		
Temperature application:	Low		
Condition name:	F and G		
Condition temperature:	°C	-15	
Part load:	%	82%	
Chosen Tivalent	°C	-15	
Tdesign	°C	-22	
Pdesign	kW	5.60	
Heating demand:	kW	4.57	
CR:	-	1.0	
Minimum flow reached:	-	No	
Measurement type:	Steady State		
Integrated circulation pump:	Yes		
Included corrections (Final result)			
Heating capacity	kW	4.526	
COP	-	2.365	
Power consumption	kW	1.913	
Measured			
Heating capacity	kW	4.536	
COP	-	2.356	
Power consumption	kW	1.925	
During heating			
Air temperature dry bulb	°C	-15.01	
Air temperature wet bulb	°C	-15.07	
Inlet temperature	°C	26.99	
Outlet temperature	°C	31.89	
Outlet temperature (Time averaged)	°C	31.89	
Circulation pump			
Measured: Static differential pressure, liquid pump	Pa	6897	
Calculated Hydraulic power	W	2	
Calculated global efficiency	η	0.13	
Calculated Capacity correction	W	10	
Calculated Power correction	W	12	
Water Flow	m ³ /s	0.000222	





Detailed COP test results - low temperature – EN 14511

Detailed result for 'EN14511:2022' A7/W35		
Tested according to:		EN14511:2022
Minimum flow reached:		No
Measurement type:		Steady State
Integrated circulation pump:		Yes
Included corrections (Final result)		
Heating capacity	kW	6.462
COP	-	4.996
Power consumption	kW	1.294
Measured		
Heating capacity	kW	6.471
COP	-	4.961
Power consumption	kW	1.304
During heating		
Air temperature dry bulb	°C	6.99
Air temperature wet bulb	°C	6.00
Inlet temperature	°C	30.04
Outlet temperature	°C	35.09
Circulation pump		
Measured: Static differential pressure, liquid pump	Pa	4628
Calculated Hydraulic power	W	1
Calculated global efficiency	η	0.13
Calculated Capacity correction	W	10
Calculated Power correction	W	11
Water Flow	m ³ /s	0.000308






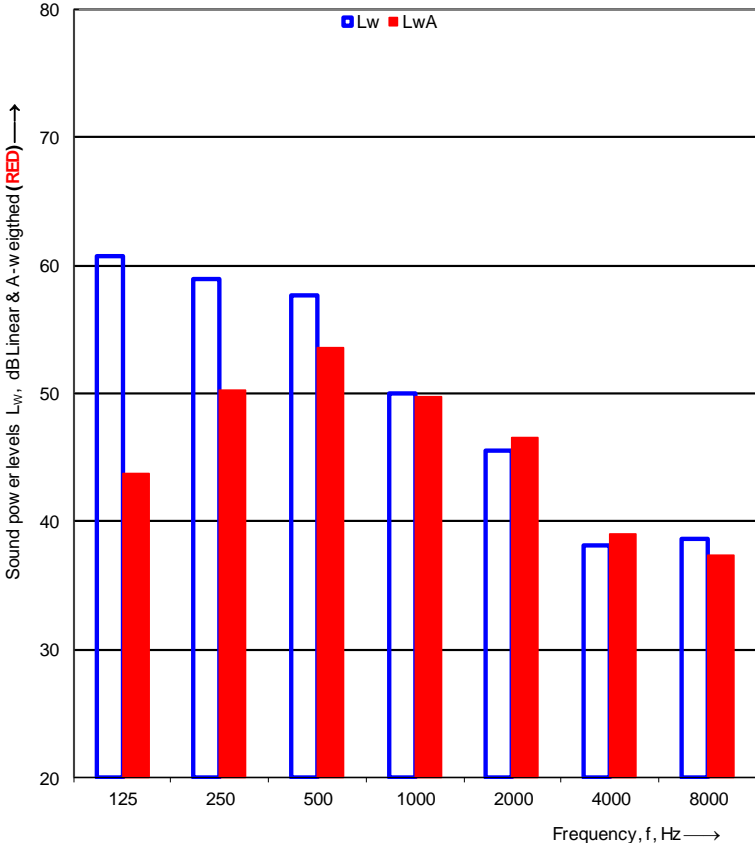


Detailed COP test results - medium temperature – EN 14511

Detailed result for 'EN14511:2018' A7/W55		
Tested according to:		EN14511:2018
Minimum flow reached:		No
Measurement type:		Steady State
Integrated circulation pump:		Yes
Included corrections (Final result)		
Heating capacity	kW	6.127
COP	-	2.979
Power consumption	kW	2.057
Measured		
Heating capacity	kW	6.133
COP	-	2.972
Power consumption	kW	2.063
During heating		
Air temperature dry bulb	°C	7.00
Air temperature wet bulb	°C	6.00
Inlet temperature	°C	47.00
Outlet temperature	°C	54.99
Circulation pump		
Measured: Static differential pressure, liquid pump	Pa	4303
Calculated Hydraulic power	W	1
Calculated global efficiency	η	0.12
Calculated Capacity correction	W	6
Calculated Power correction	W	7
Water Flow	m ³ /s	0.000186






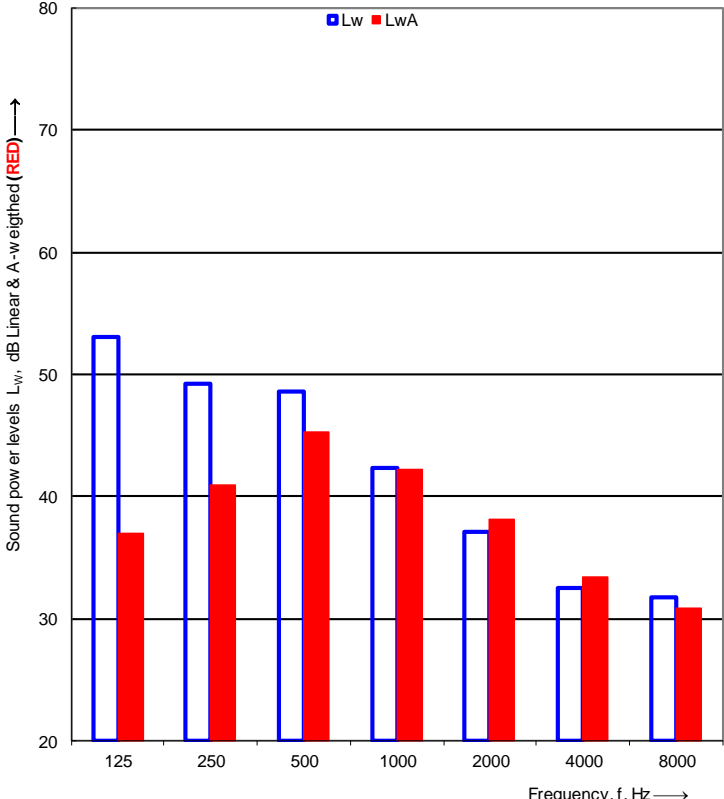
Detailed test results of sound power measurement – Test N#1

		<h3>Sound power levels according to ISO 3743-1:2010</h3>																																																																			
Engineering method for small, movable sources in reverberant fields - Comparison method for hard-walled test rooms																																																																					
Client: Midea		Date of test: 20-01-2024																																																																			
Object: Type: Air to water heat pump Model: MHC-V6WD2N8-BE30																																																																					
Mounting conditions: The outdoor unit is mounted on the supporting metal support frame using six vibration insulators and placed on four pieces of concrete tiles (20x20x2.5 cm). All of these are placed in a water drop tray on two pieces of heavy concrete tiles (90x90x10cm) laying on a vibration damping mat on the floor. The noise radiated by the outdoor unit has been measured in Test room 2.																																																																					
Operating conditions: A7/W35, Compressor speed: 66[Hz], Fan speed: 550[rpm], Pump speed: 40 [%], EXV1(P): 264, Heating capacity: 6.46 [kW], Power input: 1.23 [kW], Water flow rate: 1109 [l/h]																																																																					
Static pressure: 101.7 kPa		Reference box:																																																																			
Air temperature: 7.0 °C		L1: 1.3 m																																																																			
Relative air humidity: 84.0 %		L2: 0.4 m																																																																			
Test room volume: 102.8 m³		Room: Room 2																																																																			
Area, S, of test room: 138.9 m²		L3: 0.7 m																																																																			
		Volume: 0.4 m³																																																																			
<table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th>Frequency f [Hz]</th> <th>L_w 1/3 octave [dB]</th> <th>1/1 oct [dB]</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr><td>100</td><td>57.6</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>125</td><td>57.3</td><td>60.7</td></tr> <tr><td>160</td><td>48.6</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>200</td><td>54.0</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>250</td><td>55.6</td><td>58.9</td></tr> <tr><td>315</td><td>52.2</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>400</td><td>56.1</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>500</td><td>49.9</td><td>57.6</td></tr> <tr><td>630</td><td>48.6</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>800</td><td>46.7</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>1000</td><td>45.0</td><td>50.0</td></tr> <tr><td>1250</td><td>43.3</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>1600</td><td>43.0</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>2000</td><td>40.2</td><td>45.5</td></tr> <tr><td>2500</td><td>36.9</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>3150</td><td>34.7</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>4000</td><td>32.6</td><td>38.1</td></tr> <tr><td>5000</td><td>32.2</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>6300</td><td>33.2</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>8000</td><td>33.7</td><td>38.6</td></tr> <tr><td>10000</td><td>34.5</td><td></td></tr> </tbody> </table>	Frequency f [Hz]	L _w 1/3 octave [dB]	1/1 oct [dB]	100	57.6		125	57.3	60.7	160	48.6		200	54.0		250	55.6	58.9	315	52.2		400	56.1		500	49.9	57.6	630	48.6		800	46.7		1000	45.0	50.0	1250	43.3		1600	43.0		2000	40.2	45.5	2500	36.9		3150	34.7		4000	32.6	38.1	5000	32.2		6300	33.2		8000	33.7	38.6	10000	34.5				
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Name of test institute: DTI		Date: 20-01-2024																																																																			
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Measurements are in full conformity with ISO 3743-1																																																																					








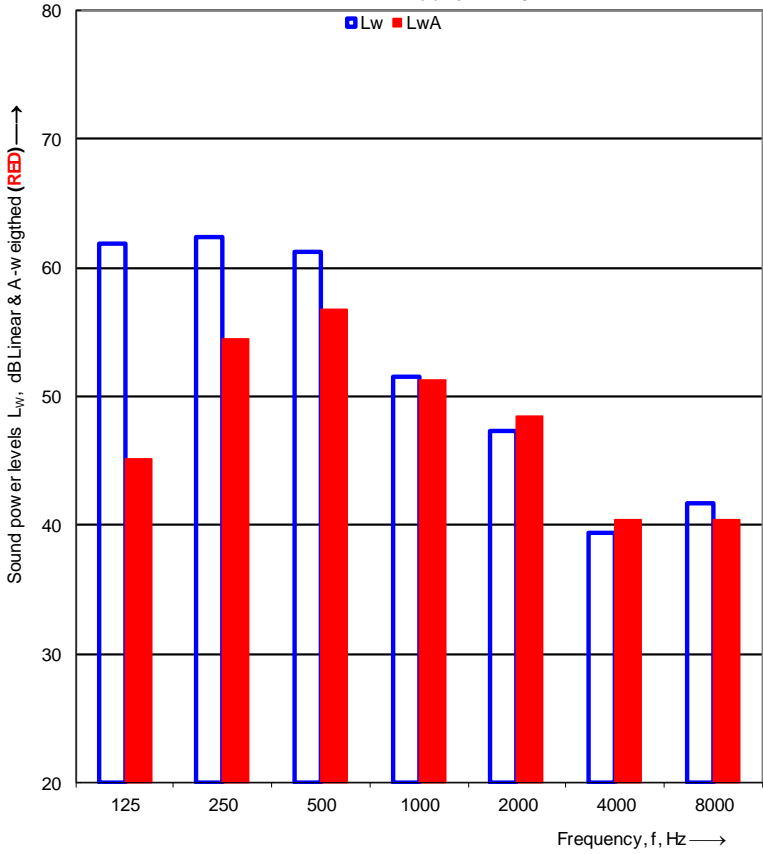
Detailed test results of sound power measurement – Test N#2

 		Sound power levels according to ISO 3743-1:2010																																																																					
Engineering method for small, movable sources in reverberant fields - Comparison method for hard-walled test rooms																																																																							
Client:		Midea		Date of test: 20-01-2024																																																																			
Object:		Type: Air to water heat pump Model: MHC-V6WD2N8-BE30																																																																					
Mounting conditions:		The outdoor unit is mounted on the supporting metal support frame using six vibration insulators and placed on four pieces of concrete tiles (20x20x2.5 cm). All of these are placed in a water drop tray on two pieces of heavy concrete tiles (90x90x10cm) laying on a vibration damping mat on the floor. The noise radiated by the outdoor unit has been measured in Test room 2.																																																																					
Operating conditions:		A7/W35, Compressor speed: 30[rpm], Fan speed: 400[rpm], Pump speed: 34 [%], EXV1(P): 124, Heating capacity: 3.06 [kW], Power_input: 0.566 [kW], Water flow rate: 525 [l/h]																																																																					
Static pressure:		101.7 kPa		Reference box:																																																																			
Air temperature:		7.0 °C		L1: 1.3 m																																																																			
Relative air humidity:		84.0 %		L2: 0.4 m																																																																			
Test room volume:		102.8 m³		L3: 0.7 m																																																																			
Area, S, of test room:		138.9 m²		Volume: 0.4 m³																																																																			
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Sound power level L_w(A): 48.9 dB [re 1pW], Uncertainty σ_{tot}: 1.6 dB																																																																							
Name of test institute:		DTI		Date: 20-01-2024																																																																			
No. of test report:		300-KLAB-23-040																																																																					
Measurements are in full conformity with ISO 3743-1																																																																							







Detailed test results of sound power measurement – Test N#3

 		Sound power levels according to ISO 3743-1:2010	 TEKNOLOGISK INSTITUT																																																																			
Engineering method for small, movable sources in reverberant fields - Comparison method for hard-walled test rooms																																																																						
Client: Midea		Date of test: 20-01-2024																																																																				
Object: Type: Air to water heat pump Model: MHC-V6WD2N8-BE30																																																																						
Mounting conditions: The outdoor unit is mounted on the supporting metal support frame using six vibration insulators and placed on four pieces of concrete tiles (20x20x2.5 cm). All of these are placed in a water drop tray on two pieces of heavy concrete tiles (90x90x10cm) laying on a vibration damping mat on the floor. The noise radiated by the outdoor unit has been measured in Test room 2.																																																																						
Operating conditions: A7/W55, Compressor speed: 66[Hz], Fan speed: 550[rpm], Pump speed: 31 [%], EXV1(P): 196, Heating capacity: 6.13 [kW], Power_input: 2.06 [kW], Water flow rate: 668 [l/h]																																																																						
Static pressure: 101.7 kPa		Reference box:																																																																				
Air temperature: 7.0 °C		L1: 1.3 m																																																																				
Relative air humidity: 84.0 %		L2: 0.4 m																																																																				
Test room volume: 102.8 m³		Room: Room 2																																																																				
Area, S, of test room: 138.9 m²		L3: 0.7 m																																																																				
		Volume: 0.4 m³																																																																				
<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Frequency f [Hz]</th> <th>L_w 1/3 octave [dB]</th> <th>1/1 oct [dB]</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr><td>100</td><td>57.8</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>125</td><td>59.3</td><td>61.9</td></tr> <tr><td>160</td><td>49.2</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>200</td><td>55.2</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>250</td><td>58.5</td><td>62.4</td></tr> <tr><td>315</td><td>58.5</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>400</td><td>60.7</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>500</td><td>49.3</td><td>61.2</td></tr> <tr><td>630</td><td>48.6</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>800</td><td>47.8</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>1000</td><td>47.3</td><td>51.5</td></tr> <tr><td>1250</td><td>44.2</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>1600</td><td>44.4</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>2000</td><td>42.7</td><td>47.3</td></tr> <tr><td>2500</td><td>39.0</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>3150</td><td>36.1</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>4000</td><td>34.0</td><td>39.4</td></tr> <tr><td>5000</td><td>33.3</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>6300</td><td>37.0</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>8000</td><td>35.9</td><td>41.6</td></tr> <tr><td>10000</td><td>37.5</td><td></td></tr> </tbody> </table>		Frequency f [Hz]	L _w 1/3 octave [dB]	1/1 oct [dB]	100	57.8		125	59.3	61.9	160	49.2		200	55.2		250	58.5	62.4	315	58.5		400	60.7		500	49.3	61.2	630	48.6		800	47.8		1000	47.3	51.5	1250	44.2		1600	44.4		2000	42.7	47.3	2500	39.0		3150	36.1		4000	34.0	39.4	5000	33.3		6300	37.0		8000	35.9	41.6	10000	37.5				
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Sound power level L_w(A): 60.1 dB [re 1pW], Uncertainty σ_{tot}: 1.6 dB																																																																						
Name of test institute: DTI		Date: 20-01-2024																																																																				
No. of test report: 300-KLAB-23-040																																																																						
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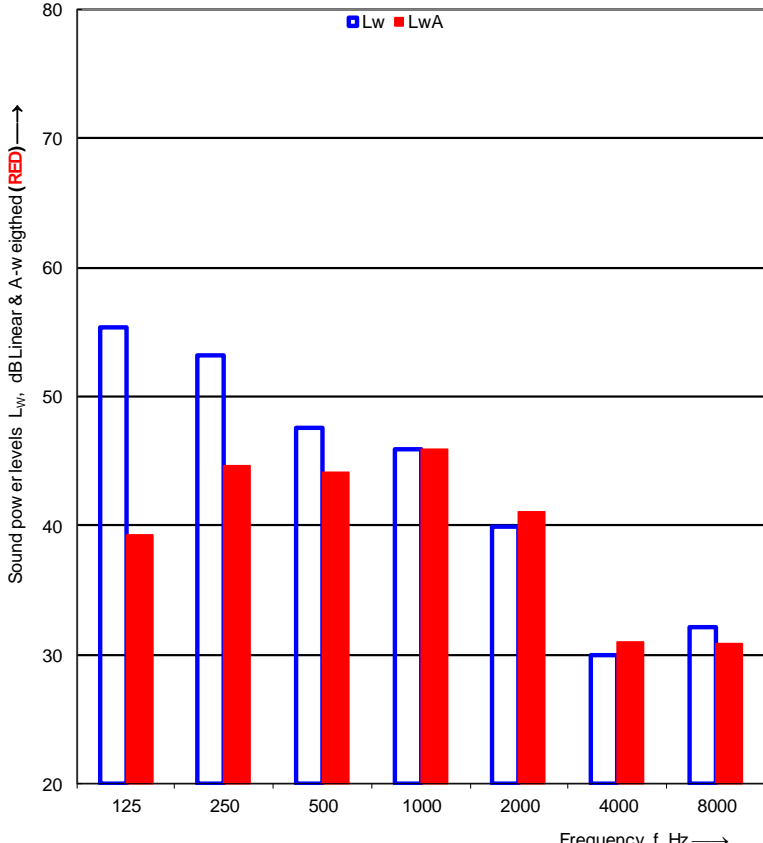




Detailed test results of sound power measurement – Test N# 4

	<h3>Sound power levels according to ISO 3743-1:2010</h3>		TEKNOLOGISK INSTITUT
Engineering method for small, movable sources in reverberant fields - Comparison method for hard-walled test rooms			
Client:	Midea	Date of test:	20-01-2024
Object:	Type: Air to water heat pump Model: MHC-V6WD2N8-BE30		
Mounting conditions:	The outdoor unit is mounted on the supporting metal support frame using six vibration insulators and placed on four pieces of concrete tiles (20x20x2.5 cm). All of these are placed in a water drop tray on two pieces of heavy concrete tiles (90x90x10cm) laying on a vibration damping mat on the floor. The noise radiated by the outdoor unit has been measured in Test room 2.		
Operating conditions:	A7/W55, Compressor speed: 38[Hz], Fan speed: 400[rpm], Pump speed: 31 [%], EXV1(P): 114, Heating capacity: 3.19 [kW], Power_input: 1.14 [kW], Water flow rate: 405 [l/h]		
Static pressure:	101.7 kPa	Reference box:	
Air temperature:	7.0 °C	L1:	1.3 m
Relative air humidity:	84.0 %	L2:	0.4 m
Test room volume:	102.8 m ³	Room:	Room 2
Area, S, of test room:	138.9 m ²	L3:	0.7 m
		Volume:	0.4 m ³

Frequency f [Hz]	L _w 1/3 octave [dB]	1/1 oct [dB]
100	52.5	
125	47.9	55.3
160	50.1	
200	49.0	
250	48.5	53.2
315	47.7	
400	44.2	
500	42.5	47.6
630	41.2	
800	40.9	
1000	42.0	46.0
1250	40.5	
1600	38.4	
2000	33.2	39.9
2500	29.4	
3150	26.9	
4000	24.4	30.0
5000	23.5	
6300	27.4	
8000	26.0	32.1
10000	28.3	



Sound power level L_w(A): 50.7 dB [re 1pW], Uncertainty σ_{tot}: 1.6 dB

Name of test institute:	DTI	Date:	20-01-2024
No. of test report:	300-KLAB-23-040		
Measurements are in full conformity with ISO 3743-1			





Appendix 1

Unit specification

Type of unit: Mono air to water heat pump
Manufacturer: Midea
Size of the heat pump: 0.4 x 0.7 x 1.3m (W x L x H)
Year of production: n/a.

Operating conditions and environment

The operating conditions of the unit under test fulfill the requirements for Class A.

The acoustic test chamber is a hard wall reverberant room (103 m³ and equipped with relevant sound diffusing reflector panels. The acoustical test chamber fulfils the requirements of ISO3743-1 accuracy grade 2 (engineering grade).

The measurements of the average sound pressure levels in 1/3 octave frequency bands are carried out using three microphones in the test chamber. During the measurements, the microphones are traversed up and down for one meter in the arc of a quarter circle.

The picture below shows the installation of the unit during test, position of microphones, sound diffusing reflector panels, and the reference sound source.





Measurement instruments

Id nr.	Manufacturer	Description	Calibration company
100864	GRAS	Gras 40AE_26CA, 1/2" free field microphone, Room 1	Norsonic A/S, Norway
100865	GRAS	Gras 40AE_26CA, 1/2" free field microphone, Room 1	Norsonic A/S, Norway
100866	GRAS	Gras 40AE_26CA, 1/2" free field microphone, Room 1	Norsonic A/S, Norway
100867*	GRAS	Gras 40AE_26CA, 1/2" free field microphone, Room 2	Norsonic A/S, Norway
100868*	GRAS	Gras 40AE_26CA, 1/2" free field microphone, Room 2	Norsonic A/S, Norway
100869*	GRAS	Gras 40AE_26CA, 1/2" free field microphone, Room 2	Norsonic A/S, Norway
100870	GRAS	Gras 40AE_26CA, 1/2" free field microphone, Roof monitor	Norsonic A/S, Norway
100873*	Brüel & Kjær	Acoustical calibrator, Brüel & Kjær 4231	Element Metech, Denmark
100859	Norsonic	Reference sound source, Norsonic Nor278 Room 1	RISE, Sweden
100872*	Norsonic	Reference sound source, Norsonic Nor278 Room 2	RISE, Sweden
100620*	Norsonic	Multi-channel measurement system Nor850	Norsonic A/S, Norway

*Instruments are used for the actual measurements for the calculation of the test results.

The other instruments are used for control measurements.
All microphones are equipped with windshields.





Test Procedure

The measurements of the emitted sound power level from the heat pump are carried out according to the following standard:

- DS/EN 14511:2022
- EN 12102-1:2022
- ISO/EN 3743-1:2010

The basic acoustic measurement standard DS/EN 3743-1 is a comparison method using a calibrated reference sound source. Two series of sound pressure measurements are made under exactly the same acoustic conditions, e.g., the same microphone positions, temperature and air humidity. The calibrated sound power levels are known for the reference sound source at each frequency band, and they are used in the estimation of the acoustical correction factor for the calculation of the sound power emitted from the unit under test. The background noise levels are measured and used for relevant corrections.

The final total A-weighted sound power level is based on measurements and calculations in 1/3-octave levels, which then are summed into 1/1-octave levels. The A-weighted total sound power level is determined for the measured frequency range from 100 Hz to 10 kHz.

The actual microphone positions and correction values are saved in data files linked to the complete project documentation according to the DANAK-accreditation.

The complete measurement system is documented and regularly calibrated according to DANAK.

The detailed description of the measurement method is given in Danish in the quality database system "QA Web" at Danish Technological Institute, which is accessible by DANAK.

Measurement uncertainty

The uncertainty of sound power level in decibel is determined in accordance with ISO 3743-1, equation 22 $\sigma_{tot} = \sqrt{\sigma_{RO}^2 + \sigma_{omc}^2}$ where:

- σ_{RO} is the standard deviation of the reproducibility of the method
- σ_{omc} is the standard deviation describing the uncertainty associated with the instability of the operating and mounting conditions for the particular noise source during test.

σ_{RO} expresses the uncertainty in test results delivered by the different accredited test laboratories due to different instrumentation and implementation of measurement procedure as well different radiation characteristics of the noise source during test.

σ_{omc} expresses the uncertainty associated with the instability of the operating and mounting conditions for the particular noise source during test. The mounting and installation conditions in two DTI acoustical test chambers are well defined in the test procedure. Possible instability of the operating conditions is monitored and assessed prior to each noise test.





The test uncertainty σ_{omc} is calculated according to ISO3743-1 Annex C formula C.1 and is typically below 0.5dB. However, the uncertainty is rounded up to the nearest 0.5dB increment in the report. As pr. Table C.1 (accuracy grade 2), the uncertainty σ_{RO} is set to 1.5.

The expanded uncertainty U is calculated according to ISO 3743-1 equation 23:
 $U = k \sigma_{tot}$ where $k = 2$ for 95% confidence.

EXAMPLE: $\sigma_{tot}: \sqrt{1.5^2 + 0.5^2} = 1.6 \text{ dB}$ and $U(95\%) = 3.2 \text{ dB}$

Note: The expanded uncertainty does not include the standard deviation of production which is used in ISO4871 for the purpose of making noise declaration for batches of machines.





Appendix 2

EU Declaration of Consistency

Product: Air source heat pump

Brand: IMMERGAS

Manufacturer' s Name: GD Midea HEATING&VENTILATING Equipment Co.,Ltd.

Manufacturer' s Address: Midea Industrial City, Shunde, Foshan, Guangdong, P.R. China

Importer' s Name: IMMERGAS S.P.A

Importer' s Address: 42041 Brescello(RE)-Italy

We, GD Midea Heating & Ventilating Equipment Co., Ltd, hereby declare that the following Heat Pump we produced for IMMERGAS S.P.A are identical to our following models,

Midea Model Name	IMMERGAS Model
MHC-V4W/D2N8-B	MAGIS M4
MHC-V6W/D2N8-B	MAGIS M6
MHC-V8W/D2N8-B	MAGIS M8
MHC-V10W/D2N8-B	MAGIS M10
MHC-V12W/D2N8-B	MAGIS M12
MHC-V14W/D2N8-B	MAGIS M14
MHC-V16W/D2N8-B	MAGIS M16
MHC-V12W/D2RN8-B	MAGIS M12 T
MHC-V14W/D2RN8-B	MAGIS M14 T
MHC-V16W/D2RN8-B	MAGIS M16 T
MHC-V4W/D2N8-BE30	MAGIS M4 EH3
MHC-V6W/D2N8-BE30	MAGIS M6 EH3
MHC-V8W/D2N8-BE30	MAGIS M8 EH3
MHC-V12W/D2RN8-BER90	MAGIS M12 T EH9
MHC-V14W/D2RN8-BER90	MAGIS M14 T EH9
MHC-V16W/D2RN8-BER90	MAGIS M16 T EH9

广东美的暖通设备有限公司 GD Midea Heating & Ventilating Equipment Co. , Ltd.

地址: 中国广东省佛山市顺德区北滘镇美的工业城 邮编: 528311

Address: Midea Industrial City, Beijiao, Shunde, Foshan, Guangdong, P.R. China Postcode: 528311

电话 Tel: +86-757-26338495 传真 Fax: +86-757-22390205 网址 Website: <http://www.midea.com> <http://cac.midea.com>



Test Reg. nr. 300



Note: This declaration becomes invalid if technical or operational modifications are introduced without the manufacturer' s consent.

Production year: 2020

Year of affixing CE Marking: 2020

Address: Midea Industrial City, Beijiao, Shunde, Foshan, Guangdong, P.R.C.

Date : 25/03/2024

Authorization:



广东美的暖通设备有限公司 GD Midea Heating & Ventilating Equipment Co. , Ltd.

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