

TEST REPORT

Report no.:
300-KLAB-23-042-18



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Init: KAMA/PRES
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Enclosures: 2

Customer: Company: GD MIDEA HEATING & VENTILATING EQUIPMENT CO., LTD.
Address: Penglai Industry Road, Beijiao
City: Shunde, Foshan, Guangdong, 528311, China
Tel.: +86 13902810522

Component: Brand: Midea
Type: Air to water heat pump (mono block)
Model: MHC-V10W/D2N8-BER90
Series no.: 341H27881012C060100005
Prod. Year: Outdoor unit: N/A

Dates: Component tested: Marts - April 2024

Brand name: Brand: Tweetop
Type: Air to water heat pump (mono block)
Model: EcoHeat Mono 2 P10T

Procedures See objective (page 2) for list of standards.

Remarks: The unit was delivered by the customer. The installation and test settings were done according to the manufacturer's instructions. Between each test condition, Midea has been changing various parameters like compressor speed, expansion valve, fan speed, pump speed, defrost time, heating time. The report for the tested unit is named 300-KLAB-23-042 issued 2024.04.17 Also see appendix 2.

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Division/Centre: Danish Technological Institute
Energy and Climate
Heat Pump Laboratory, Aarhus

Date: 2024.05.16

Signature:
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B. Sc. Engineer

Co-reader:
Preben Eskerod
B.TecMan & MarEng



Test Reg. nr. 300



Heat pumps of identical design

According to GD MIDEA HEATING & VENTILATING EQUIPMENT CO. LTD., the heat pumps listed in the table below are considered identical with the tested unit. They have identical:

- a. heating capacity
- b. refrigerant cycle (incl. refrigerant mass)
- c. heat source and sink medium
- d. main components / operating principle and control strategy
- e. same outdoor casing

Midea	MHC-V10W/D2N8-B
Midea	MHC-V10W/D2N8-BE30
Midea	MHC-V10W/D2N8-BER90
Midea	MHC-V10W/D2N8-B1
Midea	MHC-V10W/D2N8-B1E30
Midea	MHC-V10W/D2N8-B1ER90
Midea	MHC-V10W/D2N8-B2
Midea	MHC-V10W/D2N8-B2E30
Midea	MHC-V10W/D2N8-B2ER90



Objective

The objective of this report is to document the following:

The Seasonal Coefficient of Performance (SCOP) at low and medium temperature application for average climate according to EN 14825:2022.

In order to calculate the SCOP, tests were carried out at the part load conditions stated in the tables on page 5 and 6.

SCOP part load test in condition $SCOP_B$ at low temperature application for warmer climate according to EN 14825:2022.

SCOP part load test conditions $SCOP_A$ and $SCOP_{F/G}$ at low temperature application for colder climate according to EN 14825:2022.

COP test standard rating conditions A7/W35 and A7/W55 according to EN 14511:2022.

Operating requirements according to EN 14511-4:2022

- 4.2.1 Starting and operating tests
- 4.5 Shutting of the heat transfer medium flows
- 4.6 Complete power supply failure

Sound power measurements according to EN 12102-1:2022.



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Test conditions

SCOP test conditions for low temperature – EN 14825

Part load conditions for reference SCOP and reference SCOPon calculation of air to water units for low temperature application for the reference heating season;

"A" = average, "W" = warmer, and "C" = colder.

	Part load ratio in %				Outdoor heat exchanger		Indoor heat exchanger			
					Dry (wet) bulb temperature °C		Fixed outlet °C	Variable outlet ^d °C		
	Formula	Average	Warmer	Colder	Outdoor air	Exhaust air	All climates	Average	Warmer	Colder
A	$(-7 - 16) / (T_{\text{designh}} - 16)$	88,46	n.a.	60,53	-7(-8)	20(12)	a / 35	a / 34	n.a.	a / 30
B	$(+2 - 16) / (T_{\text{designh}} - 16)$	53,85	100,00	36,84	2(1)	20(12)	a / 35	a / 30	a / 35	a / 27
C	$(+7 - 16) / (T_{\text{designh}} - 16)$	34,62	64,29	23,68	7(6)	20(12)	a / 35	a / 27	a / 31	a / 25
D	$(+12 - 16) / (T_{\text{designh}} - 16)$	15,38	28,57	10,53	12(11)	20(12)	a / 35	a / 24	a / 26	a / 24
E	$(TOL^e - 16) / (T_{\text{designh}} - 16)$				TOL^e	20(12)	a / 35	a / b	a / b	a / b
F	$(T_{\text{biv}} - 16) / (T_{\text{designh}} - 16)$				T_{biv}	20(12)	a / 35	a / c	a / c	a / c
G	$(-15 - 16) / (T_{\text{designh}} - 16)$	n.a.	n.a.	81,58	-15	20(12)	a / 35	n.a.	n.a.	a / 32

Additional information

Climate	T_{designh} [°C]	T_{bivalent} [°C]	TOL [°C]	Outlet temperature	Flow rate
Average	-10	-7	-10	Variable	Variable
Warmer	2	7	2	Variable	Variable
Colder	-22	-15	-22	Variable	Variable



SCOP test conditions for medium temperature – EN 14825

Part load conditions for reference SCOP and reference SCOPon calculation of air to water units for medium temperature application for the reference heating season;

“A” = average, “W” = warmer, and “C” = colder.

	Part load ratio in %				Outdoor heat exchanger		Indoor heat exchanger			
					Dry (wet) bulb temperature °C		Fixed outlet °C	Variable outlet ^d °C		
	Formula	Average	Warmer	Colder	Outdoor air	Exhaust air	All climates	Average	Warmer	Colder
A	$\frac{-7 - 16}{(T_{designh} - 16)}$	88,46	n.a.	60,53	-7(-8)	20(12)	^a / 55	^a / 52	n.a.	^a / 44
B	$\frac{+2 - 16}{(T_{designh} - 16)}$	53,85	100	36,84	2(1)	20(12)	^a / 55	^a / 42	^a / 55	^a / 37
C	$\frac{+7 - 16}{(T_{designh} - 16)}$	34,62	64,29	23,68	7(6)	20(12)	^a / 55	^a / 36	^a / 46	^a / 32
D	$\frac{+12 - 16}{(T_{designh} - 16)}$	15,38	28,57	10,53	12(11)	20(12)	^a / 55	^a / 30	^a / 34	^a / 28
E	$(TOL^e - 16) / (T_{designh} - 16)$				TOL^e	20(12)	^a / 55	^a / ^b	^a / ^b	^a / ^b
F	$(T_{biv} - 16) / (T_{designh} - 16)$				T_{biv}	20(12)	^a / 55	^a / ^c	^a / ^c	^a / ^c
G	$\frac{-15 - 16}{(T_{designh} - 16)}$	n.a.	n.a.	81,58	-15	20(12)	^a / 55	n.a.	n.a.	^a / 49

Additional information

Climate	T _{designh} [°C]	T _{bivalent} [°C]	TOL [°C]	Outlet temperature	Flow rate
Average	-10	-7	-10	Variable	Variable



COP test conditions - low temperature – EN 14511

N#	Heat source		Heat sink		Heat pump settings
	Inlet dry bulb temperature (°C)	Inlet wet bulb temperature (°C)	Inlet temperature (°C)	Outlet temperature (°C)	
1 ^S	7	6	30	35	

S: Standard rating condition

COP test conditions - medium temperature – EN 14511

N#	Heat source		Heat sink		Heat pump settings
	Inlet dry bulb temperature (°C)	Inlet wet bulb temperature (°C)	Inlet temperature (°C)	Outlet temperature (°C)	
1 ^S	7	6	47	55	

S: Standard rating condition

Test conditions for operating requirements – EN 14511-4

N#	Heat source		Heat sink	Water flow rate at indoor heat exchanger	Test
	Inlet dry bulb temperature (°C)	Inlet wet bulb temperature (°C)	Inlet temperature (°C)		
1	-25	-	12	500 L/h	Starting
2	-25	-	38	500 L/h	Operating



Test conditions for shutting off the heat transfer medium – EN 14511-4

N#	Heat source		Heat sink		Heat exchanger
	Inlet dry bulb temperature (°C)	Inlet wet bulb temperature (°C)	Inlet temperature (°C)	Outlet temperature (°C)	
1	7	6	30	35	Indoor
2	7	6	30	35	Outdoor

Test conditions for complete power supply failure – EN 14511-4

N#	Heat source		Heat sink	
	Inlet dry bulb temperature (°C)	Inlet wet bulb temperature (°C)	Inlet temperature (°C)	Outlet temperature (°C)
1	7	6	30	35

Test conditions for sound power measurements – EN 12102-1

N#	Test condition		Heat pump setting			
	Outdoor heat exchanger (dry bulb/wet bulb) (°C)	Indoor heat exchanger (inlet/outlet) (°C)	Compressor speed (Hz)	Fan speed outdoor (rpm)	Heating capacity (kW)	Power input (kW)
1 ^E	7/6	47/55	37	400	3.95	1.43

E) ErP labelling



Test results

Test results of SCOP test at low temperature - heating season average - EN 14825

Model (Outdoor)	MHC-V10W/D2N8-BER90		
Air-to-water heat pump mono bloc	Y		
Low-temperature heat pump	N		
Equipped with supplementary heater	N		
Heat pump combination heater	N		
Reversible	Y		

Rated heat output¹⁾	P_{rated}	9.2 [kW]
Seasonal space heating energy efficiency	η_s	202.0 [%]
	SCOP	5.12 [-]

Measured capacity for heating for part load at outdoor temperature T_j	Average Climate	$T_j = -15\text{ °C}$	P_{dh}	- [kW]
	Low temperature application	$T_j = -7\text{ °C}$	P_{dh}	7.89 [kW]
		$T_j = 2\text{ °C}$	P_{dh}	4.98 [kW]
		$T_j = 7\text{ °C}$	P_{dh}	4.16 [kW]
		$T_j = 12\text{ °C}$	P_{dh}	4.77 [kW]
		$T_j = \text{bivalent temperature}$	P_{dh}	7.89 [kW]
		$T_j = \text{operation limit}$	P_{dh}	7.42 [kW]

Measured coefficient of performance at outdoor temperature T_j	Average Climate	$T_j = -15\text{ °C}$	COP _d	- [-]
	Low temperature application	$T_j = -7\text{ °C}$	COP _d	3.09 [-]
		$T_j = 2\text{ °C}$	COP _d	5.02 [-]
		$T_j = 7\text{ °C}$	COP _d	7.02 [-]
		$T_j = 12\text{ °C}$	COP _d	8.90 [-]
		$T_j = \text{bivalent temperature}$	COP _d	3.09 [-]
		$T_j = \text{operation limit}$	COP _d	2.87 [-]

Bivalent temperature	$T_{bivalent}$	-7 [°C]
Operation limit temperatures	TOL	-10 [°C]
Degradation coefficient	C_{dh}	0.97 [-]

Power consumption in modes other than active mode	Off mode	P_{OFF}	0.012 [kW]
	Thermostat-off mode	P_{TO}	0.017 [kW]
	Standby mode	P_{SB}	0.012 [kW]
	Crankcase heater mode	P_{CK}	0.012 [kW]
Supplementary heater¹⁾	Rated heat output	P_{SUP}	1.78 [kW]
	Type of energy input		Electrical

Other items	Capacity control	Variable	
	Water flow control	Variable	
	Water flow rate	-	
	Annual energy consumption	Q_{HE}	3709 [kWh]

¹⁾For heat pump space heaters and heat pump combination heaters, the rated heat output, P_{rated} , is equal to the design load for heating, $P_{design,h}$, and the rated heat output of a supplementary heater, P_{sup} , is equal to the supplementary capacity for heating, $sup(T_j)$.

¹⁾For SCOP calculation the value $P_{CK} - P_{SB}$ is used. See section "SCOP - detailed calculation"



Test results of SCOP test at medium temperature - heating season average – EN 14825

Model (Outdoor)	MHC-V10W/D2N8-BER90
Air-to-water heat pump mono bloc	Y
Low-temperature heat pump	N
Equipped with supplementary heater	N
Heat pump combination heater	N
Reversible	Y

Rated heat output¹⁾	P_{rated}	7.7 [kW]
Seasonal space heating energy efficiency	η_s	144.6 [%]
	SCOP	3.69 [-]

Measured capacity for heating for part load at outdoor temperature T_j	Average Climate	$T_j = -15\text{ °C}$	P_{dh}	- [kW]
	-	$T_j = -7\text{ °C}$	P_{dh}	7.04 [kW]
	Medium temperature application	$T_j = 2\text{ °C}$	P_{dh}	4.58 [kW]
		$T_j = 7\text{ °C}$	P_{dh}	3.92 [kW]
		$T_j = 12\text{ °C}$	P_{dh}	4.62 [kW]
		$T_j = \text{bivalent temperature}$	P_{dh}	7.04 [kW]
	$T_j = \text{operation limit}$	P_{dh}	6.11 [kW]	

Measured coefficient of performance at outdoor temperature T_j	Average Climate	$T_j = -15\text{ °C}$	COPd	- [-]
	-	$T_j = -7\text{ °C}$	COPd	2.23 [-]
	Medium temperature application	$T_j = 2\text{ °C}$	COPd	3.65 [-]
		$T_j = 7\text{ °C}$	COPd	4.88 [-]
		$T_j = 12\text{ °C}$	COPd	6.51 [-]
		$T_j = \text{bivalent temperature}$	COPd	2.23 [-]
	$T_j = \text{operation limit}$	COPd	1.85 [-]	

Bivalent temperature	$T_{bivalent}$	-7 [°C]
Operation limit temperatures	TOL	-10 [°C]
Degradation coefficient	C_{dh}	0.98 [-]

Power consumption in modes other than active mode	Off mode	P_{OFF}	0.012 [kW]
	Thermostat-off mode	P_{TO}	0.017 [kW]
	Standby mode	P_{SB}	0.012 [kW]
	Crankcase heater mode	P_{CK}	0.012 [kW]
Supplementary heater¹⁾	Rated heat output	P_{SUP}	1.59 [kW]
	Type of energy input		Electrical

Other items	Capacity control		Variable
	Water flow control		Variable
	Water flow rate		-
	Annual energy consumption	Q_{HE}	4310 [kWh]

¹⁾For heat pump space heaters and heat pump combination heaters, the rated heat output, P_{rated} , is equal to the design load for heating, $P_{designh}$, and the rated heat output of a supplementary heater, P_{sup} , is equal to the supplementary capacity for heating, $sup(T_j)$.

²⁾For SCOP calculation the value $P_{CK} - P_{SB}$ is used. See section "SCOP - detailed calculation"



Test results for warmer climate, low temperature according to EN14825

N°	Test condition	Heating capacity [kW]	COP
1	B	8.315	3.753

Test results for colder climate, low temperature according to EN14825

N°	Test condition	Heating capacity [kW]	COP
1	A	4.876	3.842
2	F&G	6.516	2.673

COP test results - low temperature – EN 14511

N#	Test conditions	Heating capacity [kW]	COP
1	A7/W35	9.900	4.815

COP test results - medium temperature – EN 14511

N#	Test conditions	Heating capacity [kW]	COP
1	A7/W55	9.080	2.958



Test results for starting and operating test - EN 14511-4

N#	Test conditions air/water inlet [°C]	Test validation
Starting	A-25/W12	Passed
Operating	A-25/W38	Passed

Test results for shutting off the heat transfer medium – EN 14511-4

N#	Heat exchanger	Test validation
1	Indoor	Passed
2	Outdoor	Passed

Test results for complete power supply failure – EN 14511-4

N#	Test validation
1	Passed



Test results of sound power measurements – EN 12102-1

N#	Test conditions	Sound power level LW(A) [dB re 1pW]	Uncertainty σ_{tot} [dB]
1 ^E	A7/W55	56.4	1.7


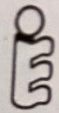
E) ErP labelling

The A-weighted total sound power level is determined for the measured frequency range from 100 Hz to 10 kHz. For the calculation of uncertainty, see appendix 1.

The sound power measurements are carried out by Kamalathan Arumugam (KAMA) and co-read by Patrick Glibert (PGL), Danish Technological Institute.






Photos
Rating plate

CE UK CA   041-K007-06

MONOBLOC HEAT PUMP

MODEL	MHC-V10W/D2N8-BER90	
COOLING CAPACITY/EER @ A35W18	9.90kW / 4.55	
HEATING CAPACITY/COP @ A7W35	10.00kW / 4.95	
POWER SOURCE	380-415V 3N~ 50Hz	
RATED INPUT	3700W+9000W(IBH)	
BACKUP HEATER RATED POWER INPUT	9000W	
RATED WATER PRESSURE	0.1-0.3MPa	
NET WEIGHT	110kg	
REFRIGERANT	R32/1400g	
GWP	675	
EQUIVALENT CO ₂	0.95t	
EXCESSIVE OPERATING PRESSURE	HIGH	4.3MPa
	LOW	2.6MPa
MAXIMUM ALLOWABLE PRESSURE	4.3MPa	
OUTDOOR RESISTANCE CLASS	IP24	


Hermetically sealed equipment contains fluorinated greenhouse gases

Midea

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SN: 341H27881012C060100005
MADE IN P.R.C.





Outdoor unit





SCOP - detailed calculation

Detailed SCOP calculation of low temperature and average climate conditions – EN 14825

Calculation of reference SCOP

$$SCOP = \frac{P_{designh} \times H_{he}}{\frac{P_{designh} \times H_{he}}{SCOP_{on}} + H_{TO} \times P_{TO} + H_{SB} \times P_{SB} + H_{CK} \times P_{CK} + H_{OFF} \times P_{OFF}}$$

Where

P_{design} =

Heating load of the building at design temperature, kW

H_{he} =

Number of equivalent heating hours, 2066 h

H_{TO} , H_{SB} , H_{CK} , H_{OFF} =

Number of hours for which the unit is considered to work in thermostat off mode, standby mode, crankcase heater mode and off mode, h, respectively

P_{TO} , P_{SB} , P_{CK} , P_{OFF} =

Electricity consumption during thermostat off mode, standby mode, crankcase heater mode and off mode, kW, respectively

Data for SCOP

	Outdoor temperature [°C]	Part load ratio [%]	Part load [kW]	Declared capacity [kW]	Declared COP [-]	cdh [-]	CR [-]	COPbin [-]
A	-7	88	8.14	7.89	3.09	0.99	1.00	3.09
B	2	54	4.95	4.98	5.02	0.98	1.00	5.02
C	7	35	3.18	4.16	7.02	0.97	0.76	6.96
D	12	15	1.42	4.77	8.90	0.97	0.30	8.27
E	-10	100	9.20	7.42	2.87	0.99	1.00	2.87
F - BIV	-7	88	8.14	7.89	3.09	0.99	1.00	3.09

Energy consumption for thermostat off, standby, off mode, crankcase heater mode

	Hours [h]	Power input [kW]	Applied to SCOP calculation [kW]	Energy consumption [kWh]
Off mode	0	0.012	0.012	0
Thermostat off	178	0.017	0.017	3.026
Standby	0	0.012	0.012	0
Crankcase heater	178	0.012	0	0



Calculation Bin for SCOPon

	Bin [-]	Outdoor temperature [°C]	Hours [h]	Heat load [kW]	Heat load covered by heat pump [kW]	Electrical back up heater [kW]	Annual backup heater energy input [kWh]	COPbin [-]	Annual heating demand [kWh]	Annual energy input [kWh]	Net annual heating capacity [kWh]	Net annual power input [kWh]
E	21	-10	1	9.20	7.42	1.78	1.78	2.87	9.20	4.37	7.42	2.59
	22	-9	25	8.85	7.58	1.27	31.67	2.94	221.15	96.07	189.48	64.40
	23	-8	23	8.49	7.73	0.76	17.42	3.02	195.32	76.37	177.90	58.95
A / F - BIV	24	-7	24	8.14	7.89	0.00	0.00	3.09	195.32	63.14	195.32	63.14
	25	-6	27	7.78	7.56	0.00	0.00	3.31	210.18	63.56	210.18	63.56
	26	-5	68	7.43	7.24	0.00	0.00	3.52	505.29	143.52	505.29	143.52
	27	-4	91	7.08	6.91	0.00	0.00	3.73	644.00	172.46	644.00	172.46
	28	-3	89	6.72	6.59	0.00	0.00	3.95	598.35	151.57	598.35	151.57
	29	-2	165	6.37	6.26	0.00	0.00	4.16	1050.92	252.56	1050.92	252.56
	30	-1	173	6.02	5.93	0.00	0.00	4.37	1040.66	237.89	1040.66	237.89
	31	0	240	5.66	5.61	0.00	0.00	4.59	1358.77	296.15	1358.77	296.15
	32	1	280	5.31	5.28	0.00	0.00	4.80	1486.15	309.51	1486.15	309.51
	B	33	2	320	4.95	4.95	0.00	0.00	5.02	1585.23	316.09	1585.23
34		3	357	4.60	4.60	0.00	0.00	5.40	1642.20	303.88	1642.20	303.88
35		4	356	4.25	4.25	0.00	0.00	5.79	1511.63	260.94	1511.63	260.94
36		5	303	3.89	3.89	0.00	0.00	6.18	1179.37	190.77	1179.37	190.77
37		6	330	3.54	3.54	0.00	0.00	6.57	1167.69	177.70	1167.69	177.70
C	38	7	326	3.18	3.18	0.00	0.00	6.96	1038.18	149.16	1038.18	149.16
	39	8	348	2.83	2.83	0.00	0.00	7.22	985.11	136.39	985.11	136.39
	40	9	335	2.48	2.48	0.00	0.00	7.49	829.77	110.85	829.77	110.85
	41	10	315	2.12	2.12	0.00	0.00	7.75	668.77	86.31	668.77	86.31
	42	11	215	1.77	1.77	0.00	0.00	8.01	380.38	47.48	380.38	47.48
D	43	12	169	1.42	1.42	0.00	0.00	8.27	239.20	28.91	239.20	28.91
	44	13	151	1.06	1.06	0.00	0.00	8.54	160.29	18.78	160.29	18.78
	45	14	105	0.71	0.71	0.00	0.00	8.80	74.31	8.44	74.31	8.44
	46	15	74	0.35	0.35	0.00	0.00	9.06	26.18	2.89	26.18	2.89

SUM	19003.66	3705.77	18952.79	3654.90
SCOPon		5.13	SCOPnet	5.19



Detailed SCOP calculation of medium temperature and average climate conditions – EN 14825

Calculation of reference SCOP

$$SCOP = \frac{P_{design} \times H_{he}}{\frac{P_{design} \times H_{he}}{SCOP_{on}} + H_{TO} \times P_{TO} + H_{SB} \times P_{SB} + H_{CK} \times P_{CK} + H_{OFF} \times P_{OFF}}$$

Where

- P_{design} = Heating load of the building at design temperature, kW
 H_{he} = Number of equivalent heating hours, 2066 h
 $H_{TO}, H_{SB}, H_{CK}, H_{OFF}$ = Number of hours for which the unit is considered to work in thermostat off mode, standby mode, crankcase heater mode and off mode, h, respectively
 $P_{TO}, P_{SB}, P_{CK}, P_{OFF}$ = Electricity consumption during thermostat off mode, standby mode, crankcase heater mode and off mode, kW, respectively

Data for SCOP

	Outdoor temperature [°C]	Part load ratio [%]	Part load [kW]	Declared capacity [kW]	Declared COP [-]	cdh [-]	CR [-]	COPbin [-]
A	-7	88	6.81	7.04	2.23	0.99	1.00	2.23
B	2	54	4.15	4.58	3.65	0.99	1.00	3.65
C	7	35	2.67	3.92	4.88	0.98	0.68	4.83
D	12	15	1.18	4.62	6.51	0.98	0.26	6.08
E	-10	100	7.70	6.11	1.85	0.99	1.00	1.85
F - BIV	-7	88	6.81	7.04	2.23	0.99	1.00	2.23

Energy consumption for thermostat off, standby, off mode, crankcase heater mode

	Hours [h]	Power input [kW]	Applied to SCOP calculation [kW]	Energy consumption [kWh]
Off mode	0	0.012	0.012	0
Thermostat off	178	0.017	0.017	3.026
Standby	0	0.012	0.012	0
Crankcase heater	178	0.012	0	0



Calculation Bin for SCOPon

	Bin [-]	Outdoor temperature [°C]	Hours [h]	Heat load [kW]	Heat load covered by heat pump [kW]	Electrical back up heater [kW]	Annual backup heater energy input [kWh]	COPbin [-]	Annual heating demand [kWh]	Annual energy input [kWh]	Net annual heating capacity [kWh]	Net annual power input [kWh]
E	21	-10	1	7.70	6.11	1.59	1.59	1.85	7.70	4.89	6.11	3.29
	22	-9	25	7.40	6.34	1.06	26.58	1.98	185.10	106.69	158.51	80.11
	23	-8	23	7.11	6.58	0.53	12.23	2.10	163.48	84.17	151.25	71.94
A / F - BIV	24	-7	24	6.81	6.81	0.00	0.00	2.23	163.48	73.43	163.48	73.43
	25	-6	27	6.52	6.52	0.00	0.00	2.38	175.92	73.79	175.92	73.79
	26	-5	68	6.22	6.22	0.00	0.00	2.54	422.91	166.38	422.91	166.38
	27	-4	91	5.92	5.92	0.00	0.00	2.70	539.00	199.66	539.00	199.66
	28	-3	89	5.63	5.63	0.00	0.00	2.86	500.80	175.26	500.80	175.26
	29	-2	165	5.33	5.33	0.00	0.00	3.02	879.58	291.70	879.58	291.70
	30	-1	173	5.03	5.03	0.00	0.00	3.17	870.99	274.49	870.99	274.49
	31	0	240	4.74	4.74	0.00	0.00	3.33	1137.23	341.41	1137.23	341.41
	32	1	280	4.44	4.44	0.00	0.00	3.49	1243.85	356.52	1243.85	356.52
	B	33	2	320	4.15	4.15	0.00	0.00	3.65	1326.77	363.83	1326.77
34		3	357	3.85	3.85	0.00	0.00	3.88	1374.45	353.87	1374.45	353.87
35		4	356	3.55	3.55	0.00	0.00	4.12	1265.17	306.97	1265.17	306.97
36		5	303	3.26	3.26	0.00	0.00	4.36	987.08	226.46	987.08	226.46
37		6	330	2.96	2.96	0.00	0.00	4.60	977.31	212.64	977.31	212.64
C	38	7	326	2.67	2.67	0.00	0.00	4.83	868.92	179.77	868.92	179.77
	39	8	348	2.37	2.37	0.00	0.00	5.08	824.49	162.19	824.49	162.19
	40	9	335	2.07	2.07	0.00	0.00	5.33	694.48	130.21	694.48	130.21
	41	10	315	1.78	1.78	0.00	0.00	5.58	559.73	100.25	559.73	100.25
	42	11	215	1.48	1.48	0.00	0.00	5.83	318.37	54.58	318.37	54.58
D	43	12	169	1.18	1.18	0.00	0.00	6.08	200.20	32.91	200.20	32.91
	44	13	151	0.89	0.89	0.00	0.00	6.33	134.16	21.18	134.16	21.18
	45	14	105	0.59	0.59	0.00	0.00	6.58	62.19	9.45	62.19	9.45
	46	15	74	0.30	0.30	0.00	0.00	6.83	21.92	3.21	21.92	3.21

SUM	15905.24	4305.89	15864.83	4265.49
SCOPon		3.69	SCOPnet	3.72



Detailed test results

Detailed SCOP part load test results - low temperature application - average climate – EN 14825

Detailed result for 'EN14825:2022' Average Low (A and F) A -7 /W34		
Tested according to:	EN14511:2022 and EN14825:2022	
Climate zone:	Average	
Temperature application:	Low	
Condition name:	A and F	
Condition temperature:	°C	-7
Part load:	%	88%
Chosen Tbivalent	°C	-7
Tdesign	°C	-10
Pdesign	kW	9.2
Heating demand:	kW	8.14
CR:	-	1.0
Minimum flow reached:	-	No
Measurement type:	Steady State	
Integrated liquid pump:	Yes	
Integrated liquid pump able to generate a positive ext. static pressure difference:	Yes	
Included corrections (Final result)		
Heating capacity	kW	7.890
COP	-	3.094
Power consumption	kW	2.551
Measured		
Heating capacity	kW	7.902
COP	-	3.084
Power consumption	kW	2.562
During heating		
Air_inlet temperature dry bulb	°C	-6.85
Air temperature wet bulb	°C	-7.86
Air_outlet temperature dry bulb	°C	1.01
Water_inlet temperature	°C	28.99
water_outlet temperature	°C	33.74
Water_outlet temperature (Time averaged)	°C	33.74
Circulation pump		
Measured external static pressure difference, liquid pump	Pa	4533
Calculated Hydraulic power	W	2
Calculated global efficiency	η	0.14
Calculated Capacity correction	W	12
Calculated Power correction	W	13
Water Flow	m ³ /s	0.000400



Detailed result for 'EN14825:2022' Average Low (B) A 2 /W30		
Tested according to:	EN14511:2022 and EN14825:2022	
Climate zone:	Average	
Temperature application:	Low	
Condition name:	B	
Condition temperature:	°C	2
Part load:	%	54%
Chosen Tbivalent	°C	-7
Tdesign	°C	-10
Pdesign	kW	9.2
Heating demand:	kW	4.95
CR:	-	1.0
Minimum flow reached:	-	No
Measurement type:	Transient	
Integrated liquid pump:	Yes	
Integrated liquid pump able to generate a positive ext. static pressure difference:	Yes	
Included corrections (Final result)		
Heating capacity	kW	4.981
COP	-	5.015
Power consumption	kW	0.993
Measured		
Heating capacity	kW	4.991
COP	-	4.945
Power consumption	kW	1.009
During heating		
Air_inlet temperature dry bulb	°C	2.08
Air temperature wet bulb	°C	1.00
Water_inlet temperature	°C	25.04
water_outlet temperature	°C	30.04
Water_outlet temperature (Time averaged)	°C	30.04
Circulation pump		
Measured external static pressure difference, liquid pump	Pa	5979
Calculated Hydraulic power	W	2
Calculated global efficiency	η	0.13
Calculated Capacity correction	W	10
Calculated Power correction	W	12
Water Flow	m ³ /s	0.000258



Detailed result for 'EN14825:2022' Average Low (C) A 7 /W27		
Tested according to:	EN14511:2022 and EN14825:2022	
Climate zone:	Average	
Temperature application:	Low	
Condition name:	C	
Condition temperature:	°C	7
Part load:	%	35%
Chosen Tbivalent	°C	-7
Tdesign	°C	-10
Pdesign	kW	9.2
Heating demand:	kW	3.18
CR:	-	0.8
Minimum flow reached:	-	No
Measurement type:	Steady State	
Integrated liquid pump:	Yes	
Integrated liquid pump able to generate a positive ext. static pressure difference:	Yes	
Included corrections (Final result)		
Heating capacity	kW	4.164
COP	-	7.021
Power consumption	kW	0.593
Measured		
Heating capacity	kW	4.169
COP	-	6.965
Power consumption	kW	0.599
During heating		
Air_inlet temperature dry bulb	°C	6.97
Air temperature wet bulb	°C	5.94
Water_inlet temperature	°C	23.22
water_outlet temperature	°C	28.22
Water_outlet temperature (Time averaged)	°C	27.04
Circulation pump		
Measured external static pressure difference, liquid pump	Pa	3870
Calculated Hydraulic power	W	1
Calculated global efficiency	η	0.12
Calculated Capacity correction	W	6
Calculated Power correction	W	6
Water Flow	m ³ /s	0.000200



Detailed result for 'EN14825:2022' Average Low (D) A 12 /W24		
Tested according to:	EN14511:2022 and EN14825:2022	
Climate zone:	Average	
Temperature application:	Low	
Condition name:	D	
Condition temperature:	°C	12
Part load:	%	15%
Chosen Tbivalent	°C	-7
Tdesign	°C	-10
Pdesign	kW	9.2
Heating demand:	kW	1.42
CR:	-	0.3
Minimum flow reached:	-	No
Measurement type:	Steady State	
Integrated liquid pump:	Yes	
Integrated liquid pump able to generate a positive ext. static pressure difference:	Yes	
Included corrections (Final result)		
Heating capacity	kW	4.767
COP	-	8.895
Power consumption	kW	0.536
Measured		
Heating capacity	kW	4.778
COP	-	8.676
Power consumption	kW	0.551
During heating		
Air_inlet temperature dry bulb	°C	12.01
Air temperature wet bulb	°C	10.90
Water_inlet temperature	°C	22.46
water_outlet temperature	°C	27.49
Water_outlet temperature (Time averaged)	°C	23.95
Circulation pump		
Measured external static pressure difference, liquid pump	Pa	7035
Calculated Hydraulic power	W	2
Calculated global efficiency	η	0.13
Calculated Capacity correction	W	10
Calculated Power correction	W	12
Water Flow	m ³ /s	0.000228



Detailed result for 'EN14825:2022' Average Low (E) A -10 /W35		
Tested according to:	EN14511:2022 and EN14825:2022	
Climate zone:	Average	
Temperature application:	Low	
Condition name:	E	
Condition temperature:	°C	-10
Part load:	%	100%
Chosen Tbivalent	°C	-7
Tdesign	°C	-10
Pdesign	kW	9.2
Heating demand:	kW	9.20
CR:	-	1.0
Minimum flow reached:	-	No
Measurement type:	Steady State	
Integrated liquid pump:	Yes	
Integrated liquid pump able to generate a positive ext. static pressure difference:	Yes	
Included corrections (Final result)		
Heating capacity	kW	7.424
COP	-	2.867
Power consumption	kW	2.590
Measured		
Heating capacity	kW	7.435
COP	-	2.849
Power consumption	kW	2.610
During heating		
Air_inlet temperature dry bulb	°C	-10.01
Air temperature wet bulb	°C	-11.00
Water_inlet temperature	°C	30.01
water_outlet temperature	°C	35.05
Water_outlet temperature (Time averaged)	°C	35.05
Circulation pump		
Measured external static pressure difference, liquid pump	Pa	4916
Calculated Hydraulic power	W	2
Calculated global efficiency	η	0.13
Calculated Capacity correction	W	11
Calculated Power correction	W	13
Water Flow	m ³ /s	0.000355



Detailed SCOP part load test results - medium temperature application - average climate – EN 14825

Detailed result for 'EN14825:2022' Average Medium (A and F) A -7 /W52		
Tested according to:	EN14511:2022 and EN14825:2022	
Climate zone:	Average	
Temperature application:	Medium	
Condition name:	A and F	
Condition temperature:	°C	-7
Part load:	%	88%
Chosen Tbivalent	°C	-7
Tdesign	°C	-10
Pdesign	kW	7.70
Heating demand:	kW	6.81
CR:	-	1.0
Minimum flow reached:	-	No
Measurement type:	Steady State	
Integrated liquid pump:	Yes	
Integrated liquid pump able to generate a positive ext. static pressure difference:	Yes	
Included corrections (Final result)		
Heating capacity	kW	7.043
COP	-	2.226
Power consumption	kW	3.164
Measured		
Heating capacity	kW	7.046
COP	-	2.222
Power consumption	kW	3.171
During heating		
Air_inlet temperature dry bulb	°C	-6.90
Air temperature wet bulb	°C	-7.95
Water_inlet temperature	°C	44.01
water_outlet temperature	°C	52.14
Water_outlet temperature (Time averaged)	°C	52.14
Circulation pump		
Measured external static pressure difference, liquid pump	Pa	2415
Calculated Hydraulic power	W	1
Calculated global efficiency	η	0.12
Calculated Capacity correction	W	4
Calculated Power correction	W	4
Water Flow	m ³ /s	0.000210



Detailed result for 'EN14825:2022' Average Medium (B) A 2 /W42		
Tested according to:	EN14511:2022 and EN14825:2022	
Climate zone:		Average
Temperature application:		Medium
Condition name:		B
Condition temperature:	°C	2
Part load:	%	54%
Chosen Tbivalent	°C	-7
Tdesign	°C	-10
Pdesign	kW	7.70
Heating demand:	kW	4.15
CR:	-	1.0
Minimum flow reached:	-	No
Measurement type:		Steady State
Integrated liquid pump:		Yes
Integrated liquid pump able to generate a positive ext. static pressure difference:		Yes
Included corrections (Final result)		
Heating capacity	kW	4.578
COP	-	3.647
Power consumption	kW	1.255
Measured		
Heating capacity	kW	4.581
COP	-	3.647
Power consumption	kW	1.256
During heating		
Air_inlet temperature dry bulb	°C	2.04
Air temperature wet bulb	°C	1.04
Water_inlet temperature	°C	34.05
water_outlet temperature	°C	42.22
Water_outlet temperature (Time averaged)	°C	42.22
Circulation pump		
Measured external static pressure difference, liquid pump	Pa	2800
Calculated Hydraulic power	W	0
Calculated global efficiency	η	0.12
Calculated Capacity correction	W	3
Calculated Power correction	W	3
Water Flow	m ³ /s	0.000135



Detailed result for 'EN14825:2022' Average Medium (C) A 7 /W36		
Tested according to:	EN14511:2022 and EN14825:2022	
Climate zone:		Average
Temperature application:		Medium
Condition name:		C
Condition temperature:	°C	7
Part load:	%	35%
Chosen Tivalent	°C	-7
Tdesign	°C	-10
Pdesign	kW	7.70
Heating demand:	kW	2.67
CR:	-	0.7
Minimum flow reached:	-	No
Measurement type:		Steady State
Integrated liquid pump:		Yes
Integrated liquid pump able to generate a positive ext. static pressure difference:		Yes
Included corrections (Final result)		
Heating capacity	kW	3.919
COP	-	4.882
Power consumption	kW	0.803
Measured		
Heating capacity	kW	3.924
COP	-	4.859
Power consumption	kW	0.808
During heating		
Air_inlet temperature dry bulb	°C	7.00
Air temperature wet bulb	°C	6.00
Water_inlet temperature	°C	30.36
water_outlet temperature	°C	38.49
Water_outlet temperature (Time averaged)	°C	35.89
Circulation pump		
Measured external static pressure difference, liquid pump	Pa	6635
Calculated Hydraulic power	W	1
Calculated global efficiency	η	0.12
Calculated Capacity correction	W	6
Calculated Power correction	W	6
Water Flow	m ³ /s	0.000116



Detailed result for 'EN14825:2022' Average Medium (D) A 12 /W30		
Tested according to:	EN14511:2022 and EN14825:2022	
Climate zone:		Average
Temperature application:		Medium
Condition name:		D
Condition temperature:	°C	12
Part load:	%	15%
Chosen Tbivalent	°C	-7
Tdesign	°C	-10
Pdesign	kW	7.70
Heating demand:	kW	1.18
CR:	-	0.3
Minimum flow reached:	-	No
Measurement type:		Steady State
Integrated liquid pump:		Yes
Integrated liquid pump able to generate a positive ext. static pressure difference:		Yes
Included corrections (Final result)		
Heating capacity	kW	4.618
COP	-	6.506
Power consumption	kW	0.710
Measured		
Heating capacity	kW	4.626
COP	-	6.481
Power consumption	kW	0.714
During heating		
Air_inlet temperature dry bulb	°C	11.98
Air temperature wet bulb	°C	11.00
Water_inlet temperature	°C	27.94
water_outlet temperature	°C	35.98
Water_outlet temperature (Time averaged)	°C	30.00
Circulation pump		
Measured external static pressure difference, liquid pump	Pa	8612
Calculated Hydraulic power	W	1
Calculated global efficiency	η	0.13
Calculated Capacity correction	W	8
Calculated Power correction	W	9
Water Flow	m ³ /s	0.000139



Detailed result for 'EN14825:2022' Average Medium (E) A -10 /W55		
Tested according to:	EN14511:2022 and EN14825:2022	
Climate zone:		Average
Temperature application:		Medium
Condition name:		E
Condition temperature:	°C	-10
Part load:	%	100%
Chosen Tbivalent	°C	-7
Tdesign	°C	-10
Pdesign	kW	7.70
Heating demand:	kW	7.70
CR:	-	1.0
Minimum flow reached:	-	No
Measurement type:		Steady State
Integrated liquid pump:		Yes
Integrated liquid pump able to generate a positive ext. static pressure difference:		Yes
Included corrections (Final result)		
Heating capacity	kW	6.105
COP	-	1.855
Power consumption	kW	3.291
Measured		
Heating capacity	kW	6.109
COP	-	1.853
Power consumption	kW	3.296
During heating		
Air_inlet temperature dry bulb	°C	-9.91
Air temperature wet bulb	°C	-10.83
Water_inlet temperature	°C	47.00
water_outlet temperature	°C	54.95
Water_outlet temperature (Time averaged)	°C	54.95
Circulation pump		
Measured external static pressure difference, liquid pump	Pa	3182
Calculated Hydraulic power	W	1
Calculated global efficiency	η	0.12
Calculated Capacity correction	W	4
Calculated Power correction	W	5
Water Flow	m ³ /s	0.000186



Detailed SCOP part load test results - low temperature application - warmer climate – EN 1482

Detailed result for 'EN14825:2022' Warmer Low (B) A 2 /W35		
Tested according to:	EN14511:2022 and EN14825:2022	
Climate zone:	Warmer	
Temperature application:	Low	
Condition name:	B	
Condition temperature:	°C	2
Part load:	%	100%
Chosen Tbivalent	°C	-7
Tdesign	°C	2
Pdesign	kW	8.60
Heating demand:	kW	8.60
CR:	-	1.0
Minimum flow reached:	-	No
Measurement type:	Transient	
Integrated liquid pump:	Yes	
Integrated liquid pump able to generate a positive ext. static pressure difference:	Yes	
Included corrections (Final result)		
Heating capacity	kW	8.315
COP	-	3.753
Power consumption	kW	2.215
Measured		
Heating capacity	kW	8.329
COP	-	3.728
Power consumption	kW	2.234
During heating		
Air_inlet temperature dry bulb	°C	2.00
Air temperature wet bulb	°C	1.00
Air_outlet temperature dry bulb	°C	1.02
Water_inlet temperature	°C	30.07
water_outlet temperature	°C	35.04
Water_outlet temperature (Time averaged)	°C	35.04
Circulation pump		
Measured external static pressure difference, liquid pump	Pa	5521
Calculated Hydraulic power	W	2
Calculated global efficiency	η	0.14
Calculated Capacity correction	W	15
Calculated Power correction	W	17
Water Flow	m ³ /s	0.000441



Detailed SCOP part load test results - low temperature application - colder climate – EN 14825

Detailed result for 'EN14825:2022' Colder Low (A) A -7 /W30		
Tested according to:	EN14511:2022 and EN14825:2022	
Climate zone:	Colder	
Temperature application:	Low	
Condition name:	A	
Condition temperature:	°C	-7
Part load:	%	61%
Chosen T _{bivalent}	°C	-15
T _{design}	°C	-22
P _{design}	kW	7.70
Heating demand:	kW	4.66
CR:	-	1.0
Minimum flow reached:	-	No
Measurement type:	Steady State	
Integrated liquid pump:	Yes	
Integrated liquid pump able to generate a positive ext. static pressure difference:	Yes	
Included corrections (Final result)		
Heating capacity	kW	4.876
COP	-	3.842
Power consumption	kW	1.269
Measured		
Heating capacity	kW	4.882
COP	-	3.822
Power consumption	kW	1.278
During heating		
Air_inlet temperature dry bulb	°C	-7.00
Air temperature wet bulb	°C	-7.99
Water_inlet temperature	°C	25.00
water_outlet temperature	°C	29.97
Water_outlet temperature (Time averaged)	°C	29.97
Circulation pump		
Measured external static pressure difference, liquid pump	Pa	3411
Calculated Hydraulic power	W	1
Calculated global efficiency	η	0.12
Calculated Capacity correction	W	6
Calculated Power correction	W	7
Water Flow	m ³ /s	0.000236



Detailed result for 'EN14825:2022' Colder Low (F and G) A -15 /W32		
Tested according to:	EN14511:2022 and EN14825:2022	
Climate zone:		Colder
Temperature application:		Low
Condition name:		F and G
Condition temperature:	°C	-15
Part load:	%	82%
Chosen Tbivalent	°C	-15
Tdesign	°C	-22
Pdesign	kW	7.70
Heating demand:	kW	6.28
CR:	-	1.0
Minimum flow reached:	-	No
Measurement type:		Steady State
Integrated liquid pump:		Yes
Integrated liquid pump able to generate a positive ext. static pressure difference:		Yes
Included corrections (Final result)		
Heating capacity	kW	6.516
COP	-	2.673
Power consumption	kW	2.437
Measured		
Heating capacity	kW	6.518
COP	-	2.673
Power consumption	kW	2.439
During heating		
Air_inlet temperature dry bulb	°C	-15.01
Air temperature wet bulb	°C	-
Water_inlet temperature	°C	27.01
water_outlet temperature	°C	32.16
Water_outlet temperature (Time averaged)	°C	32.16
Circulation pump		
Measured external static pressure difference, liquid pump	Pa	1087
Calculated Hydraulic power	W	0
Calculated global efficiency	η	0.12
Calculated Capacity correction	W	3
Calculated Power correction	W	3
Water Flow	m ³ /s	0.000304



Detailed COP test results - low temperature – EN 14511

Detailed result for 'EN14511:2022' A7/W35		
Tested according to:		EN14511:2022
Minimum flow reached:		No
Measurement type:		Steady State
Integrated liquid pump:		Yes
Integrated liquid pump able to generate a positive ext. static pressure difference:		Yes
Included corrections (Final result)		
Heating capacity	kW	9.900
COP	-	4.815
Power consumption	kW	2.056
Measured		
Heating capacity	kW	9.907
COP	-	4.800
Power consumption	kW	2.064
During heating		
Air_inlet temperature dry bulb	°C	7.00
Air temperature wet bulb	°C	6.00
Water_inlet temperature	°C	29.94
water_outlet temperature	°C	34.93
Water_outlet temperature (Time averaged)		
Circulation pump		
Measured external static pressure difference, liquid pump	Pa	1996
Calculated Hydraulic power	W	1
Calculated global efficiency	η	0.12
Calculated Capacity correction	W	7
Calculated Power correction	W	8
Water Flow	m ³ /s	0.000478



Detailed COP test results - medium temperature – EN 14511

Detailed result for 'EN14511:2022' A7/W55		
Tested according to:		EN14511:2022
Minimum flow reached:		No
Measurement type:		Steady State
Integrated liquid pump:		Yes
Integrated liquid pump able to generate a positive ext. static pressure difference:		Yes
Included corrections (Final result)		
Heating capacity	kW	9.080
COP	-	2.958
Power consumption	kW	3.070
Measured		
Heating capacity	kW	9.089
COP	-	2.951
Power consumption	kW	3.080
During heating		
Air_inlet temperature dry bulb	°C	6.99
Air temperature wet bulb	°C	5.99
Water_inlet temperature	°C	47.01
water_outlet temperature	°C	54.99
Water_outlet temperature (Time averaged)		
Circulation pump		
Measured external static pressure difference, liquid pump	Pa	4824
Calculated Hydraulic power	W	1
Calculated global efficiency	η	0.13
Calculated Capacity correction	W	9
Calculated Power correction	W	10
Water Flow	m ³ /s	0.000276



Detailed test results of sound power measurement – Test N#1

		Sound power levels according to ISO 3743-1:2010																																																																			
Engineering method for small, movable sources in reverberant fields - Comparison method for hard-walled test rooms																																																																					
Client: Midea		Date of test: 19-03-2024																																																																			
Object: Type: Mono air to water heat pump, Model: MHC-V10W/D2N8-BER90																																																																					
Mounting conditions: The outdoor unit is mounted on the supporting metal support frame using six pieces of spring mounts vibration isolators and placed on four pieces of concrete tiles (20x20x2.5 cm). All of these are placed in a water drop tray on two pieces of heavy concrete tiles (90x90x10cm) laying on a vibration damping mat on the floor. The noise radiated by the outdoor unit has been measured in Test room 2.																																																																					
Operating conditions: A7/W55, Compressor speed: 37[Hz], Fan speed: 400[rpm], Pump speed: 35[%], EXV1: 80[%], Heating capacity: 3.95 [kW], Power_input: 1.43 [kW], Water flow rate: 430 [l/h] and dP_water: 70 [mbar]																																																																					
Static pressure: 1018 hPa		Reference box:																																																																			
Air temperature: 7.0 °C		L1: 1.4 m																																																																			
Relative air humidity: 84.0 %		L2: 0.4 m																																																																			
Test room volume: 102.8 m³		Room: Room 2																																																																			
Area, S, of test room: 138.9 m²		L3: 0.9 m																																																																			
		Volume: 0.5 m³																																																																			
<table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th>Frequency f [Hz]</th> <th>L_w 1/3 octave [dB]</th> <th>1/1 oct [dB]</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr><td>100</td><td>54.1¹</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>125</td><td>47.8²</td><td>56.5²</td></tr> <tr><td>160</td><td>51.0²</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>200</td><td>60.2</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>250</td><td>56.7</td><td>63.1</td></tr> <tr><td>315</td><td>57.4</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>400</td><td>47.8</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>500</td><td>44.8</td><td>50.5</td></tr> <tr><td>630</td><td>43.2</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>800</td><td>41.5</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>1000</td><td>40.7</td><td>46.2</td></tr> <tr><td>1250</td><td>42.1</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>1600</td><td>37.0</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>2000</td><td>35.8</td><td>41.1</td></tr> <tr><td>2500</td><td>36.0</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>3150</td><td>40.8</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>4000</td><td>37.3</td><td>44.2</td></tr> <tr><td>5000</td><td>39.6</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>6300</td><td>40.1</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>8000</td><td>37.2</td><td>42.9</td></tr> <tr><td>10000</td><td>36.1</td><td></td></tr> </tbody> </table>		Frequency f [Hz]	L _w 1/3 octave [dB]	1/1 oct [dB]	100	54.1 ¹		125	47.8 ²	56.5 ²	160	51.0 ²		200	60.2		250	56.7	63.1	315	57.4		400	47.8		500	44.8	50.5	630	43.2		800	41.5		1000	40.7	46.2	1250	42.1		1600	37.0		2000	35.8	41.1	2500	36.0		3150	40.8		4000	37.3	44.2	5000	39.6		6300	40.1		8000	37.2	42.9	10000	36.1			
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No. of test report: 300-KLAB-23-042																																																																					
Measurements are in full conformity with ISO 3743-1																																																																					



Appendix 1

Unit specification

Type of unit: Mono air to water heat pump
Manufacturer: Midea
Size of the heat pump: 0.4 x 1.4 x 0.9 m (W x L x H)
Year of production: n/a.

Operating conditions and environment

The operating conditions of the unit under test fulfill the requirements for Class A.

The acoustic test chamber is a hard wall reverberant room (103 m³) and equipped with relevant sound diffusing reflector panels. The acoustical test chamber fulfils the requirements of ISO3743-1 accuracy grade 2 (engineering grade).

The measurements of the average sound pressure levels in 1/3 octave frequency bands are carried out using three microphones in the test chamber. During the measurements, the microphones are traversed up and down for one meter in the arc of a quarter circle.

The picture below shows the installation of the unit during test, position of microphones, sound diffusing reflector panels, and the reference sound source.





Measurement instruments

Id nr.	Manufacturer	Description	Calibration company
100864	GRAS	Gras 40AE_26CA, 1/2" free field microphone, Room 1	Norsonic A/S, Norway
100865	GRAS	Gras 40AE_26CA, 1/2" free field microphone, Room 1	Norsonic A/S, Norway
100866	GRAS	Gras 40AE_26CA, 1/2" free field microphone, Room 1	Norsonic A/S, Norway
100867*	GRAS	Gras 40AE_26CA, 1/2" free field microphone, Room 2	Norsonic A/S, Norway
100868*	GRAS	Gras 40AE_26CA, 1/2" free field microphone, Room 2	Norsonic A/S, Norway
100869*	GRAS	Gras 40AE_26CA, 1/2" free field microphone, Room 2	Norsonic A/S, Norway
100870	GRAS	Gras 40AE_26CA, 1/2" free field microphone, Roof monitor	Norsonic A/S, Norway
100873*	Brüel & Kjær	Acoustical calibrator, Brüel & Kjær 4231	Element Metech, Denmark
100859	Norsonic	Reference sound source, Norsonic Nor278 Room 1	RISE, Sweden
100872*	Norsonic	Reference sound source, Norsonic Nor278 Room 2	RISE, Sweden
100620*	Norsonic	Multi-channel measurement system Nor850	Norsonic A/S, Norway

*Instruments are used for the actual measurements for the calculation of the test results.

The other instruments are used for control measurements.
All microphones are equipped with windshields.



Test Procedure

The measurements of the emitted sound power level from the heat pump are carried out according to the following standard:

- DS/EN 14511:2022
- EN 12102-1:2022
- ISO/EN 3743-1:2010

The basic acoustic measurement standard DS/EN 3743-1 is a comparison method using a calibrated reference sound source. Two series of sound pressure measurements are made under exactly the same acoustic conditions, e.g., the same microphone positions, temperature and air humidity. The calibrated sound power levels are known for the reference sound source at each frequency band, and they are used in the estimation of the acoustical correction factor for the calculation of the sound power emitted from the unit under test. The background noise levels are measured and used for relevant corrections.

The final total A-weighted sound power level is based on measurements and calculations in 1/3-octave levels, which then are summed into 1/1-octave levels. The A-weighted total sound power level is determined for the measured frequency range from 100 Hz to 10 kHz.

The actual microphone positions and correction values are saved in data files linked to the complete project documentation according to the DANAK-accreditation.

The complete measurement system is documented and regularly calibrated according to DANAK.

The detailed description of the measurement method is given in Danish in the quality database system "QA Web" at Danish Technological Institute, which is accessible by DANAK.

Measurement uncertainty

The uncertainty of sound power level in decibel is determined in accordance with ISO 3743-1, equation 22 $\sigma_{tot} = \sqrt{\sigma_{RO}^2 + \sigma_{omc}^2}$ where:

- σ_{RO} is the standard deviation of the reproducibility of the method
- σ_{omc} is the standard deviation describing the uncertainty associated with the instability of the operating and mounting conditions for the particular noise source during test.

σ_{RO} expresses the uncertainty in test results delivered by the different accredited test laboratories due to different instrumentation and implementation of measurement procedure as well different radiation characteristics of the noise source during test.

σ_{omc} expresses the uncertainty associated with the instability of the operating and mounting conditions for the particular noise source during test. The mounting and installation conditions in two DTI acoustical test chambers are well defined in the test procedure. Possible instability of the operating conditions is monitored and assessed prior to each noise test.





The test uncertainty σ_{omc} is calculated according to ISO3743-1 Annex C formula C.1 and is typically below 1.0dB. As pr. Table C.1 (accuracy grade 2), the uncertainty σ_{RO} is set to 1.5.

The expanded uncertainty U is calculated according to ISO 3743-1 equation 23:
 $U = k \sigma_{tot}$ where $k = 2$ for 95% confidence.

EXAMPLE: $\sigma_{tot}: \sqrt{1.5^2 + 0.7^2} = 1.7 \text{ dB}$ and $U(95\%) = 3.4 \text{ dB}$

Note: The expanded uncertainty does not include the standard deviation of production which is used in ISO4871 for the purpose of making noise declaration for batches of machines.



Appendix 2

Authorization Letter

This declaration of conformity is issued under the sole responsibility of

Manufacturer's Name: GD Midea HEATING&VENTILATING Equipment Co.,Ltd.
Manufacturer's Address: Midea Industrial City, Shunde, Foshan, Guangdong, P.R. China

We declare that the following product we produced for Tweetop Sp. z o.o. are identical to our following models

Master company(Midea) model	Tweetop Sp. z o.o. model
MHC-V16W/D2RN8-B	EcoHeat Mono 2 P16T
MHC-V14W/D2RN8-B	EcoHeat Mono 2 P14T
MHC-V12W/D2RN8-B	EcoHeat Mono 2 P12T
MHC-V10W/D2N8-B	EcoHeat Mono 2 P10T
MHC-V8W/D2N8-B	EcoHeat Mono 2 P08T
MHC-V6W/D2N8-B	EcoHeat Mono 2 P06

Company name: **Tweetop Sp. z o.o.**

Tradename /-mark: Tweetop

Address: Tweetop Sp. z o.o. ul. Ludowa 24C, 71-700 Szczecin, Poland

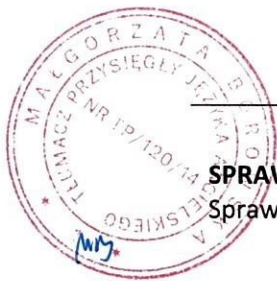
Note: This declaration becomes invalid if technical or operational modifications are introduced without the manufacturer' s consent.

Production year: 2022,2023

Date : 13/05 2024

Authorization





SPRAWOZDANIE Z BADANIA

Sprawozdanie nr 300-KLAB-23-042-18

[Logo]

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DK-8000 Aarhus C
+45 72 20 20 00
Info@teknologisk.dk
www.teknologisk.dk

Strona 1 z 40
Skrót: KAMA/PRES
Nr pliku: 226011
Załączniki: 2

Zamawiający:	Spółka:	GD MIDEA HEATING & VENTILATING EQUIPMENT CO. LTD.
	Adres:	Penglai Industry Road, Beijiao
	Miasto:	Shunde, Foshan, Guangdong, 528311, Chiny
	Tel.:	+86 13902810522
Część:	Marka:	Midea
	Typ:	Pompa ciepła powietrze-woda (monoblok)
	Model:	MHC-V10W/D2N8-BER90
	Nr serii:	341H27881012C060100005
	Rok produkcji:	Jednostka zewnętrzna: nd.
Terminy:	Okres badań:	marzec - kwiecień 2024 r.
Nazwa marki:	Marka:	Tweetop
	Typ:	Pompa ciepła powietrze-woda (monoblok)
	Model:	EcoHeat Mono 2 P10T
Procedury		Patrz cel (strona 2), aby zapoznać się z listą norm.
Uwagi:		Urządzenie zostało dostarczone przez klienta. Montaż i konfiguracja do badań zostały przeprowadzone zgodnie z instrukcjami producenta. Dla każdego warunku badania Midea zmieniała różne parametry, takie jak prędkość sprężarki, zawór rozprężny, prędkość wentylatora, prędkość pompy, czas odszraniania, czas ogrzewania. Sprawozdanie dla badanej jednostki nosi nazwę 300-KLAB-23-042 wydany 2024.04.17 Patrz również załącznik 2.
Warunki:		Niniejsze badanie zostało przeprowadzone w ramach akredytacji zgodnie z międzynarodowymi wymogami (ISO/IEC 17025:2017) oraz zgodnie z Ogólnymi Warunkami Duńskiego Instytutu Technologicznego. Wyniki badań odnoszą się wyłącznie do obiektu objętego badaniem. Niniejsze sprawozdanie z badań może być cytowane we fragmentach wyłącznie za pisemną zgodą Duńskiego Instytutu Technologicznego.

Klient nie może wymieniać ani powoływać się na Duński Instytut Technologiczny lub pracowników Duńskiego Instytutu Technologicznego w



celach reklamowych lub marketingowych, chyba że Duński Instytut Technologiczny udzieli pisemnej zgody w każdym przypadku.

Oddział/Centrum: Duński Instytut Technologiczny Energia i Klimat
Laboratorium Pomp Ciepła, Aarhus

Data: 2024.05.16

Podpis:
Kamalathasan Arumugam
B. Sc. Engineer

Współpracownik:
Preben Eskerod
B.TecMan & MarEng

DOKUMENT PODPISANY CYFROWO
17 maja 2024 r.
DUŃSKI INSTYTUT TECHNOLOGICZNY

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Nr rej. 300

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DUŃSKI INSTYTUT TECHNOLOGICZNY
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Pompy ciepła o identycznej konstrukcji

Według GD MIDEA HEATING & VENTILATING EQUIPMENT CO. LTD., pompy ciepła wymienione w poniższej tabeli uważana się za identyczne z badaną jednostką. Jednostki posiadają identyczne elementy/parametry wymienione poniżej:

- moc grzewcza
- obieg czynnika chłodniczego (w tym masa czynnika chłodniczego)
- źródło ciepła i radiator
- główne części / zasada działania i zasada sterowania
- obudowa zewnętrzna

Midea	MHC-V10W/D2N8-B
Midea	MHC-V10W/D2N8-BE30
Midea	MHC-V10W/D2N8-BER90
Midea	MHC-V10W/D2N8-B1
Midea	MHC-V10W/D2N8-B1E30
Midea	MHC-V10W/D2N8-B1ER90
Midea	MHC-V10W/D2N8-B2
Midea	MHC-V10W/D2N8-B2E30
Midea	MHC-V10W/D2N8-B2ER90



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Cel

Celem niniejszego sprawozdania jest udokumentowanie następujących kwestii:

Sezonowy współczynnik efektywności (SCOP) przy zastosowaniu w niskich i średnich temperaturach dla umiarkowanego klimatu zgodnie z normą EN 14825:2022.

W celu obliczenia SCOP przeprowadzono badania w warunkach obciążenia częściowego podanych w tabelach na stronie 5 i 6.

Badanie SCOP w warunkach obciążenia częściowego dla SCOPB w zastosowaniu w niskich temperaturach dla cieplejszego klimatu zgodnie z normą EN 14825:2022.

Badanie SCOP w warunkach obciążenia częściowego dla SCOPA i SCOPF/G w zastosowaniu w niskich temperaturach dla chłodniejszego klimatu zgodnie z normą EN 14825:2022.

Standardowe warunki znamionowe badania COP A7/W35 i A7/W55 zgodnie z normą EN 14511:2022.

Wymagania eksploatacyjne zgodnie z normą EN 14511-4:2022

- 4.2.1 Badania rozruchowe i eksploatacyjne
- 4.5 Odcięcie przepływu czynnika grzewczego
- 4.6 Całkowita awaria zasilania

Pomiary mocy akustycznej zgodnie z normą EN 12102-1:2022.

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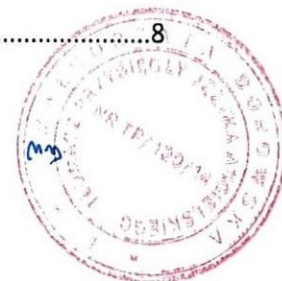
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Warunki badania

Warunki badania SCOP dla niskich temperatur - EN 14825

Warunki częściowego obciążenia dla referencyjnego SCOP i referencyjnego SCOPon do obliczeń jednostek powietrze-woda do zastosowań w niskich temperaturach dla referencyjnego sezonu grzewczego;

"A" = umiarkowany klimat, "W" = cieplejszy klimat, "C" = zimniejszy klimat.

	Współczynnik w warunkach obciążenia częściowego w %				Zewnętrzny wymiennik ciepła		Wewnętrzny wymiennik ciepła			
					Temperatura termometru suchego (mokrego) °C		Stała stały °C	Wylot zmienny ^d °C		
	Wzór	Umiarkowany klimat	Cieplejszy klimat	Chłodniejszy klimat	Powietrze na zewnątrz	Powietrze wywiewane		Wszystkie klimaty	Umiarkowany klimat	Cieplejszy klimat
A	$(-7-16) / (T_{designh} - 16)$	88,46	nd.	60,53	-7(-8)	20(12)	^a / 35	^a /34	nd.	^a /30
B	$(+2-16) / (T_{designh} - 16)$	53,85	100,00	36,84	2(1)	20(12)	^a / 35	^a /30	^a / 35	^a /27
C	$(+7-16) / (T_{designh} - 16)$	34,62	64,29	23,68	7(6)	20(12)	^a / 35	^a /27	^a /31	^a /25
D	$(+12-16) / (T_{designh} - 16)$	15,38	28,57	10,53	12(11)	20(12)	^a / 35	^a /24	^a /26	^a /24
E	$(TOL^e - 16) / (T_{designh} - 16)$				TOL ^e	20(12)	^a / 35	^a /b	^a /b	^a /b
F	$(T_{biv} - 16) / (T_{designh} - 16)$				T _{biv}	20(12)	^a / 35	^a /c	^a /c	^a /c
G	$(-15-16) / (T_{designh} - 16)$	nd.	nd.	81,58	-15	20(12)	^a / 35	nd.	nd.	^a /32

Informacje dodatkowe

Klimat	T _{designh} [°C]	T _{biv} [°C]	TOL [°C]	Temperatura na wylocie	Nateżenie przepływu
Umiarkowany klimat	-10	-7	-10	Zmienna	Zmienne
Cieplejszy klimat	2	7	2	Zmienna	Zmienne
Chłodniejszy klimat	-22	-15	-22	Zmienna	Zmienne



[Logo]

DUŃSKI INSTYTUT TECHNOLOGICZNY

Strona 6 z 40

300-KLAB-23-042-18

Warunki badania SCOP dla średnich temperatur - EN 14825

Warunki częściowego obciążenia dla referencyjnego SCOP i referencyjnego SCOPon do obliczeń jednostek powietrze-woda do zastosowań w średnich temperaturach dla referencyjnego sezonu grzewczego;

"A" = umiarkowany klimat, "W" = cieplejszy klimat, "C" = zimniejszy klimat.

	Współczynnik w warunkach obciążenia częściowego w %				Zewnętrzny wymiennik ciepła		Wewnętrzny wymiennik ciepła			
					Temperatura termometru suchego (mokrego) °C		Wylot stały °C	Wylot zmienny ^d °C		
	Wzór	Umiarkowany klimat	Cieplejszy klimat	Chłodniejszy klimat	Powietrze na zewnątrz	Powietrze wywiewane		Wszystkie klimaty	Umiarkowany klimat	Cieplejszy klimat
A	$(-7-16) / (T_{designh} -16)$	88,46	nd.	60,53	-7(-8)	20(12)	^a / 55	^a /52	nd.	^a /44
B	$(+2-16) / (T_{designh} -16)$	53,85	100	36,84	2(1)	20(12)	^a / 55	^a /42	^a / 55	^a /37
C	$(+7-16) / (T_{designh} -16)$	34,62	64,29	23,68	7(6)	20(12)	^a / 55	^a /36	^a /46	^a /32
D	$(+12-16) / (T_{designh} -16)$	15,38	23,57	10,53	12(11)	20(12)	^a / 55	^a /30	^a /34	^a /28
E	$(TOL^e-16) / (T_{designh} -16)$				TOL ^e	20(12)	^a / 55	^a /b	^a /b	^a /b
F	$(T_{biv}-16) / (T_{designh} -16)$				T _{biv}	20(12)	^a / 55	^a /c	^a /c	^a /c
G	$(-15-16) / (T_{designh} -16)$	nd.	nd.	81,58	-15	20(12)	^a / 55	nd.	nd.	^a /49

Informacje dodatkowe

Klimat	T _{designh} [°C]	T _{biv} [°C]	TOL [°C]	Temperatura na wylocie	Nateżenie przepływu
Umiarkowany klimat	-10	-7	-10	Zmienna	Zmienne



[Logo]

DUŃSKI INSTYTUT TECHNOLOGICZNY

Strona 7 z 40

300-KLAB-23-042-18

Warunki badania COP - niska temperatura - EN 14511

nr	Źródło ciepła		Radiator		Ustawienia pompy ciepła
	Temperatura termometru suchego na wlocie (°C)	Temperatura termometru mokrego na wlocie (°C)	Temperatura na wlocie (°C)	Temperatura na wylocie (°C)	
1 ^s	7	6	30	35	

S: Standardowe warunki znamionowe

Warunki badania COP - średnia temperatura - EN 14511

nr	Źródło ciepła		Radiator		Ustawienia pompy ciepła
	Temperatura termometru suchego na wlocie (°C)	Temperatura termometru mokrego na wlocie (°C)	Temperatura na wlocie (°C)	Temperatura na wylocie (°C)	
1 ^s	7	6	47	55	

S: Standardowe warunki znamionowe

Warunki badania dla wymagań eksploatacyjnych - EN 14511-4

nr	Źródło ciepła		Radiator	Natężenie przepływu wody w wewnętrznym wymienniku ciepła	Badanie
	Temperatura termometru suchego na wlocie (°C)	Temperatura termometru mokrego na wlocie (°C)	Temperatura na wlocie (°C)		
1	-25	-	12	500 L/h	Rozruch
2	-25	-	38	500 L/h	Eksploatacja



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DUŃSKI INSTYTUT TECHNOLOGICZNY

Strona 8 z 40

300-KLAB-23-042-18

Warunki badania odcięcia czynnika grzewczego - EN 14511-4

nr	Źródło ciepła		Radiator		Wymiennik ciepła
	Temperatura termometru suchego na wlocie (°C)	Temperatura termometru mokrego na wlocie (°C)	Temperatura na wlocie (°C)	Temperatura na wylocie (°C)	
1	7	6	30	35	Wewnątrz
2	7	6	30	35	Na zewnątrz

Warunki badania dla całkowitej awarii zasilania - EN 14511-4

nr	Źródło ciepła		Radiator	
	Temperatura termometru suchego na wlocie °C	Temperatura termometru mokrego na wlocie (°C)	Temperatura na wlocie (°C)	Temperatura na wylocie (°C)
1	7	6	30	35

Warunki badania dla pomiarów mocy akustycznej - EN 12102-1

nr	Warunki badania		Ustawienie pompy ciepła			
	Zewnętrzny wymiennik ciepła (temp. termometru suchego/mokrego) (°C)	Wewnętrzny wymiennik ciepła (wlot/wylot) (°C)	Prędkość sprężarki (Hz)	Prędkość wentylatora na zewnątrz (obr./min)	Moc grzewcza (kW)	Moc pobierana [kW]
1 ^E	7/6	47/55	37	400	3,95	1,43

E) Oznakowanie ErP



[Logo]

DUŃSKI INSTYTUT TECHNOLOGICZNY

Strona 9 z 40

300-KLAB-23-042-18

Wyniki badań

Wyniki badań SCOP dla niskich temperatur - średnia sezonu grzewczego - EN 14825

Model (zewnątrzny)	MHC-V10W/D2N8-BER90
Pompa ciepła powietrze-woda (monoblok)	T
Niskotemperaturowa pompa ciepła	N
Dodatkowa grzałka	N
Grzałka wielofunkcyjna pompy ciepła	N
Odwracalna	T

Znamionowa moc cieplna**	P_{rated}	9,2 [kW]
Sezonowa efektywność energetyczna ogrzewania pomieszczeń	η_s	202,0 [%]
	SCOP	5,12 [-]

Deklarowana wydajność grzewcza przy częściowym obciążeniu w temperaturze zewnętrznej T_j	Klimat - Zastosowanie w niskich temperaturach	$T_j = -15\text{ °C}$	P_{dh}	- [kW]
		$T_j = -7\text{ °C}$	P_{dh}	7,89 [kW]
		$T_j = 2\text{ °C}$	P_{dh}	4,98 [kW]
		$T_j = 7\text{ °C}$	P_{dh}	4,16 [kW]
		$T_j = 12\text{ °C}$	P_{dh}	4,77 [kW]
		$T_j = \text{temperatura dwuwartościowa}$	P_{dh}	7,89 [kW]
		$T_j = \text{graniczna temperatura robocza}$	P_{dh}	7,42 [kW]

Deklarowany wskaźnik efektywności przy temperaturze zewnętrznej T_j	Klimat - Zastosowanie w niskich temperaturach	$T_j = -15\text{ °C}$	COPd	- [-]
		$T_j = -7\text{ °C}$	COPd	3,09 [-]
		$T_j = 2\text{ °C}$	COPd	5,02 [-]
		$T_j = 7\text{ °C}$	COPd	7,02 [-]
		$T_j = 12\text{ °C}$	COPd	8,90 [-]
		$T_j = \text{temperatura dwuwartościowa}$	COPd	3,09 [-]
		$T_j = \text{graniczna temperatura robocza}$	COPd	2,87 [-]

Temperatura dwuwartościowa	T_{biv}	-7 [°C]
Graniczna temperatura robocza	TOL	-10 [°C]
temperatury	WTOL	- [°C]
Współczynnik strat	C_{dh}	0,97 [-]

Pobór mocy w trybach innych niż aktywne	Tryb wyłączenia	P_{OFF}	0,012 [kW]
	Tryb wyłączzonego termostatu	P_{TO}	0,017 [kW]
	Tryb czuwania	P_{SB}	0,012 [kW]
	Tryb włączonej grzałki karteru	P_{CK}	0,012 [kW]
Dodatkowa grzałka ¹⁾	Znamionowa moc cieplna	P_{SUP}	1,78 [kW]
	Rodzaj pobieranej energii		Elektryczna

	Regulacja wydajności	Zmienna
	Sterowanie przepływem wody	Zmienne



Pozostałe elementy	Natężenie przepływu wody		-
	Roczne zużycie energii	QHE	3709 [kWh]

1) W przypadku ogrzewaczy pomieszczeń z pompą ciepła i wielofunkcyjnych ogrzewaczy z pompą ciepła, znamionowa moc cieplna Prated jest równa obciążeniu obliczeniowemu dla trybu ogrzewania Pdesignh, a znamionowa moc cieplna grzałki dodatkowej Psup jest równa dodatkowej wydajności grzewczej dla trybu ogrzewania sup(Tj).

2) Do obliczenia SCOP używana jest wartość PCK - PSB. Patrz "SCOP - szczegółowe obliczenia"

[Logo]

DUŃSKI INSTYTUT TECHNOLOGICZNY

Strona 10 z 40

300-KLAB-23-042-18

Wyniki badań SCOP dla średniej temperatury - średnia sezonu grzewczego - EN 14825

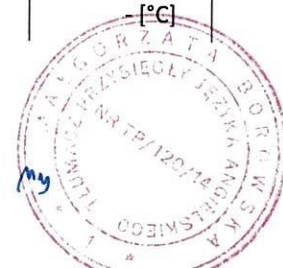
Model (zewnątrzny)	MHC-V10W/D2N8-BER90
Pompa ciepła powietrze-woda (monoblok)	T
Niskotemperaturowa pompa ciepła	N
Dodatkowa grzałka	N
Grzałka wielofunkcyjna pompy ciepła	N
Odwracalna	T

Znamionowa moc cieplna**	P _{rated}	7,7 [kW]
Sezonowa efektywność energetyczna ogrzewania pomieszczeń	η _s	144,6 [%]
	SCOP	3,69 [-]

Deklarowana wydajność grzewcza przy częściowym obciążeniu w temperaturze zewnętrznej Tj	Klimat	Tj=-15 °C	Pdh	- [kW]
	-	Tj=-7 °C	Pdh	7,04 [kW]
	Zastosowanie w niskich temperaturach	Tj=2 °C	Pdh	4,58 [kW]
		Tj=7 °C	Pdh	3,92 [kW]
		Tj = 12 °C	Pdh	4,62 [kW]
		Tj = temperatura dwuwartościowa	Pdh	7,04 [kW]
	Tj=graniczna temperatura robocza	Pdh	6,11 [kW]	

Deklarowany wskaźnik efektywności przy temperaturze zewnętrznej Tj	Klimat	Tj=-15 °C	COPd	- [-]
	-	Tj=-7 °C	COPd	2,23 [-]
	Zastosowanie w niskich temperaturach	Tj=2 °C	COPd	3,65 [-]
		Tj=7 °C	COPd	4,88 [-]
		Tj = 12 °C	COPd	6,51 [-]
		Tj = temperatura dwuwartościowa	COPd	2,23 [-]
	Tj=graniczna temperatura robocza	COPd	1,85 [-]	

Temperatura dwuwartościowa	Tbiv	-7 [°C]
Graniczna temperatura robocza	TOL	-10 [°C]
temperatury	WTOL	- [°C]



Współczynnik strat	Cdh	0,98 [-]
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Pobór mocy w trybach innych niż aktywny	Tryb wyłączenia	P _{OFF}	0,012 [kW]
	Tryb wyłączzonego termostatu	P _{TO}	0,017[kW]
	Tryb czuwania	P _{SB}	0,012 [kW]
	Tryb włączonej grzałki karteru	P _{CK}	0,012 [kW]
Dodatkowa grzałka ¹⁾	Znamionowa moc cieplna	P _{SUP}	1,59 [kW]
	Rodzaj pobieranej energii		Elektryczna

	Regulacja wydajności	Zmienna
	Sterowanie przepływem wody	Zmienne
Pozostałe elementy	Natężenie przepływu wody	-
	Roczne zużycie energii	Q _{HE}
		4310 [kWh]

¹⁾ W przypadku ogrzewaczy pomieszczeń z pompą ciepła i wielofunkcyjnych ogrzewaczy z pompą ciepła, znamionowa moc cieplna Prated jest równa obciążeniu obliczeniowemu dla trybu ogrzewania Pdesignh, a znamionowa moc cieplna grzałki dodatkowej Psup jest równa dodatkowej wydajności grzewczej dla trybu ogrzewania sup(Tj).

²⁾ Do obliczenia SCOP używana jest wartość PCK - PSB. Patrz "SCOP - szczegółowe obliczenia"

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DUŃSKI INSTYTUT TECHNOLOGICZNY

Strona 11 z 40

300-KLAB-23-042-18

Wyniki badań dla cieplejszego klimatu, niska temperatura zgodnie z EN14825

n r	Warunki badania	Moc grzewcza (kW)	COP
1	B	8,315	3,753

Wyniki badań dla chłodniejszego klimatu, niska temperatura zgodnie z EN14825

n r	Warunki badania	Moc grzewcza (kW)	COP
1	A	4,876	3,842
2	F&G	6,516	2,673



Wyniki badań COP - niska temperatura - EN 14511

nr	Warunki badania	Moc grzewcza (kW)	COP
1	A7/W35	9,900	4,815

Wyniki badań COP - średnia temperatura - EN 14511

nr	Warunki badania	Moc grzewcza (kW)	COP
1	A7/W55	9,080	2,958

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DUŃSKI INSTYTUT TECHNOLOGICZNY

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Wyniki badań rozruchowych i eksploatacyjnych - EN 14511-4

nr	Warunki badania - wlot powietrza/wody [°C]	Walidacja badania
Rozruch	A-25/W12	Wynik pozytywny
Eksploatacja	A-25/W38	Wynik pozytywny

Wyniki badań odciążenia czynnika grzewczego - EN 14511-4

nr	Wymiennik ciepła	Walidacja badania
1	Wewnątrz	Wynik pozytywny
2	Na zewnątrz	Wynik pozytywny

Wyniki badań dla całkowitej awarii zasilania - EN 14511-4

nr	Walidacja badania
1	Wynik pozytywny



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DUŃSKI INSTYTUT TECHNOLOGICZNY

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Wyniki badań dla pomiarów mocy akustycznej - EN 12102-1

nr	Warunki badania	Poziom mocy akustycznej LW(A) [dB re 1pW]	Niepewność Q_{tot} [dB]
1 ^E	A7/W55	56,4	1,7

E) Oznakowanie ErP

Całkowity poziom mocy akustycznej skorygowany charakterystyką A jest określany dla mierzonego zakresu częstotliwości od 100 Hz do 10 kHz. Obliczenia niepewności znajdują się w załączniku 1.

Pomiary mocy akustycznej są przeprowadzane przez Kamalathasana Arumugama (KAMA) i koordynowane przez Patricka Gliberta (PGL) z Duńskiego Instytutu Technologicznego.

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DUŃSKI INSTYTUT TECHNOLOGICZNY



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300-KLAB-23-042-18

Zdjęcia





Tabliczka znamionowa



CE UK CA   041-2207-06

MONOBLOC HEAT PUMP

MODEL	MHC-V10W/D2N8-BER90
COOLING CAPACITY/EER @A35W18	9.90kW / 4.55
HEATING CAPACITY/COP @A7W35	10.00kW / 4.95
POWER SOURCE	380-415V 3N~ 50Hz
RATED INPUT	3700W+9000W(IBH)
BACKUP HEATER RATED POWER INPUT	9000W
RATED WATER PRESSURE	0.1-0.3MPa
NET WEIGHT	110kg
REFRIGERANT	R32/1400g
GWP	675
EQUIVALENT CO ₂	0.95t
EXCESSIVE OPERATING PRESSURE	HIGH 4.3MPa LOW 2.6MPa
MAXIMUM ALLOWABLE PRESSURE	4.3MPa
OUTDOOR RESISTANCE CLASS	IP24


Hermetically sealed equipment contains fluorinated greenhouse gases

Midea

GD Midea Heating & Ventilating Equipment Co., Ltd.
(People) Industry Road, Shijian Shunde, Foshan, Guangdong, P.R. China

Importer:
Midea Europe GmbH
Ludwig-Erhard-Strasse 14
85749 Lechsdorf, Germany

Manufacturer:
GD Midea Heating & Ventilating Equipment Co., Ltd.
People Industry Road, Shijian, Shunde, Foshan, Guangdong, 528311, P.R. China



SN: 341H27881012C060100005
MADE IN P.R.C.



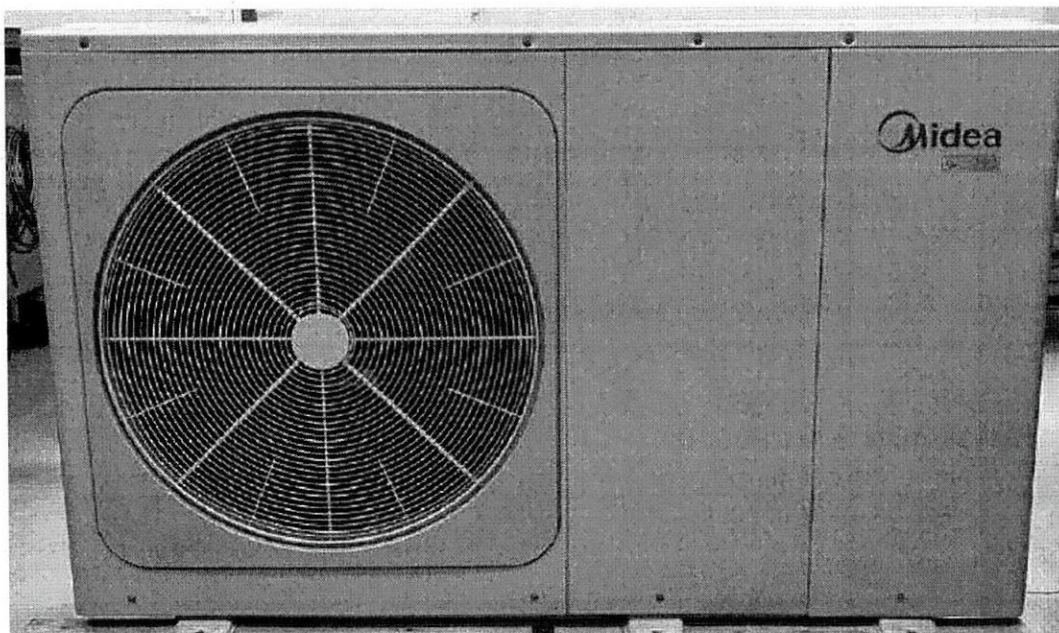
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DUŃSKI INSTYTUT TECHNOLOGICZNY

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Jednostka zewnętrzna



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DUŃSKI INSTYTUT TECHNOLOGICZNY

Strona 40 z 40

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Załącznik 2

List upoważniający

Niniejsza deklaracja zgodności jest wydawana na wyłączną odpowiedzialność

Nazwa producenta: GD Midea HEATING&VENTILATING Equipment Co., Ltd.

Adres producenta: Midea Industrial City, Shunde, Foshan, Guangdong, Chiny

Oświadczamy, że niniejszy produkt, który wyprodukowaliśmy dla Tweetop Sp. z o.o., jest identyczny z naszymi następującymi modelami

Model firmy głównej (Midea)	Model Tweetop Sp. z o.o.
MHC-V16W/D2RN8-B	EcoHeat Mono 2 P16T
MHC-V14W/D2RN8-B	EcoHeat Mono 2 P14T
MHC-V12W/D2RN8-B	EcoHeat Mono 2 P12T



TŁUMACZENIE POŚWIADCZONE Z JĘZYKA ANGIELSKIEGO

MHC-V10W/D2RN8-B	EcoHeat Mono 2 P10T
MHC-V8W/D2RN8-B	EcoHeat Mono 2 P08T
MHC-V6W/D2RN8-B	EcoHeat Mono 2 P06

Nazwa firmy: **Tweetop Sp. z o.o.**

Nazwa handlowa / znak towarowy: Tweetop

Adres: Tweetop Sp. z o.o. ul. Ludowa 24C, 71-700 Szczecin, Polska

Uwaga: Niniejsza deklaracja traci ważność w przypadku wprowadzenia modyfikacji technicznych lub eksploatacyjnych bez zgody producenta.

Rok produkcji: 2022,2023

Data: 13/05/2024

Upoważnienie

[Okręga pieczęć w języku obcym]

Ja, niżej podpisana, Małgorzata Borowska, tłumacz przysięgły języka angielskiego, wpisana na listę tłumaczy przysięgłych prowadzoną przez Ministra Sprawiedliwości pod numerem TP/120/14, zaświadczam niniejszym zgodność powyższego tłumaczenia z okazanym mi dokumentem elektronicznym w języku angielskim.

Katowice, 20 czerwca 2024

Nr rep.: 731/24



Małgorzata Borowska