

TEST REPORT

Report no.:
300-KLAB-23-039-23



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Enclosures: 2

Customer: Company: GD MIDEA HEATING & VENTILATING EQUIPMENT CO., LTD.
Address: Penglai Industry Road, Beijiao
City: Shunde, Foshan, Guangdong, 528311, China
Tel.: +86 13902810522

Unit tested: Brand: Midea
Type: Air to water heat pump (mono block)
Model: MHC-V16W/D2RN8-B
Series no.: 541K814480238190100003
Prod. year: Outdoor unit: N/A

Dates: Test period: December 2023 – January 2024

Brand name: Brand: SEVRA
Type: Air to water heat pump (mono block)
Model: SEV-HPMO3-16

Procedures See objective (page 3) for list of standards

Remarks: The unit was delivered by the customer. The installation and test settings were done according to the customers instructions. Between each test condition the customer changed various parameters like compressor speed, expansion valve, fan speed, pump speed, defrost time, heating time. The report for the tested unit is named 300-KLAB-23-039 issued 2024.03.21
Also see appendix 2.

Terms: This test was conducted under accreditation in accordance with international requirements (ISO/IEC 17025:2017) and in accordance with the General Terms and Conditions of Danish Technological Institute. The test results solely apply to the tested item. This test report may be quoted in extract only if Danish Technological Institute has granted its written consent.

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Division/Centre: Danish Technological Institute
Energy and Climate
Heat Pump Laboratory, Aarhus

Date: 2024.08.23

Signature:
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B.TecMan & MarEng

Co-reader:
Rasmus Thisgaard
B.TecMan & MarEng



DANAK
Test Reg. nr. 300



Heat pumps of identical design

According to GD MIDEA HEATING & VENTILATING EQUIPMENT CO. LTD. The heat pumps listed in the table below are considered identical with the tested unit. They have identical:

- a. heating capacity
- b. refrigerant cycle (incl. refrigerant mass)
- c. heat source and sink medium
- d. main components / operating principle and control strategy
- e. same outdoor casing

Brand	Model 380-415V 3ph/50Hz
Midea	MHC-V16W/D2RN8-B
Midea	MHC-V16W/D2RN8-BE30
Midea	MHC-V16W/D2RN8-BER90
Midea	MHC-V16W/D2RN8-B1
Midea	MHC-V16W/D2RN8-B1E30
Midea	MHC-V16W/D2RN8-B1ER90
Midea	MHC-V16W/D2RN8-B2
Midea	MHC-V16W/D2RN8-B2E30
Midea	MHC-V16W/D2RN8-B2ER90

Brand	Model 220-240 1ph/50Hz
Midea	MHC-V16W/D2N8-B
Midea	MHC-V16W/D2N8-BE30
Midea	MHC-V16W/D2N8-BER90
Midea	MHC-V16W/D2N8-B1
Midea	MHC-V16W/D2N8-B1E30
Midea	MHC-V16W/D2N8-B1ER90
Midea	MHC-V16W/D2N8-B2
Midea	MHC-V16W/D2N8-B2E30
Midea	MHC-V16W/D2N8-B2ER90





Objective

The objective of this report is to document the following:

The Seasonal Coefficient of Performance (SCOP) at low and medium temperature application for average climate according to EN 14825:2022.

In order to calculate the SCOP, tests were carried out at the part load conditions stated in the tables on page 5 and 6.

SCOP part load test in conditions SCOP_B and SCOP_C at low temperature application for warmer climate according to EN 14825:2022.

SCOP part load test conditions SCOP_A and SCOP_{F/G} at low temperature application for colder climate according to EN 14825:2022.

COP test standard rating conditions A7/W35 and A7/W55 according to EN 14511:2022

Operating requirements according to EN 14511-4:2022

- 4.2.1 Starting and operating tests
- 4.5 Shutting off the heat transfer medium flows
- 4.6 Complete power supply failure

Sound power measurements according to EN 12102-1:2022



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Test conditions

SCOP test conditions for low temperature – EN 14825

Part load conditions for reference SCOP and reference SCOPon calculation of air to water units for low temperature application for the reference heating season;
"A" = average, "W" = warmer, and "C" = colder.

	Part load ratio in %				Outdoor heat exchanger		Indoor heat exchanger			
					Dry (wet) bulb temperature °C		Fixed outlet °C	Variable outlet ^d °C		
	Formula	Average	Warmer	Colder	Outdoor air	Exhaust air	All climates	Average	Warmer	Colder
A	$(-7 - 16) / (T_{designh} - 16)$	88,46	n.a.	60,53	-7(-8)	20(12)	^a / 35	^a / 34	n.a.	^a / 30
B	$(+2 - 16) / (T_{designh} - 16)$	53,85	100,00	36,84	2(1)	20(12)	^a / 35	^a / 30	^a / 35	^a / 27
C	$(+7 - 16) / (T_{designh} - 16)$	34,62	64,29	23,68	7(6)	20(12)	^a / 35	^a / 27	^a / 31	^a / 25
D	$(+12 - 16) / (T_{designh} - 16)$	15,38	28,57	10,53	12(11)	20(12)	^a / 35	^a / 24	^a / 26	^a / 24
E	$(TOL^e - 16) / (T_{designh} - 16)$				TOL ^e	20(12)	^a / 35	^a / b	^a / b	^a / b
F	$(T_{biv} - 16) / (T_{designh} - 16)$				T _{biv}	20(12)	^a / 35	^a / c	^a / c	^a / c
G	$(-15 - 16) / (T_{designh} - 16)$	n.a.	n.a.	81,58	-15	20(12)	^a / 35	n.a.	n.a.	^a / 32

Additional information

Climate	T _{designh} [°C]	T _{bivalent} [°C]	TOL [°C]	Outlet temperature	Flow rate
Average	-10	-7	-10	Variable	Variable
Colder	-22	-15	-22	Variable	Variable
Warmer	2	7	2	Variable	Variable





SCOP test conditions for medium temperature – EN 14825

Part load conditions for reference SCOP and reference SCOPon calculation of air to water units for medium temperature application for the reference heating season;
"A" = average, "W" = warmer, and "C" = colder.

	Part load ratio in %				Outdoor heat exchanger		Indoor heat exchanger			
					Dry (wet) bulb temperature °C		Fixed outlet °C	Variable outlet ^d °C		
	Formula	Average	Warmer	Colder	Outdoor air	Exhaust air	All climates	Average	Warmer	Colder
A	$(-7 - 16) / (T_{designh} - 16)$	88,46	n.a.	60,53	-7(-8)	20(12)	^a / 55	^a / 52	n.a.	^a / 44
B	$(+2 - 16) / (T_{designh} - 16)$	53,85	100	36,84	2(1)	20(12)	^a / 55	^a / 42	^a / 55	^a / 37
C	$(+7 - 16) / (T_{designh} - 16)$	34,62	64,29	23,68	7(6)	20(12)	^a / 55	^a / 36	^a / 46	^a / 32
D	$(+12 - 16) / (T_{designh} - 16)$	15,38	28,57	10,53	12(11)	20(12)	^a / 55	^a / 30	^a / 34	^a / 28
E	$(TOL^e - 16) / (T_{designh} - 16)$				TOL^e	20(12)	^a / 55	^a / b	^a / b	^a / b
F	$(T_{biv} - 16) / (T_{designh} - 16)$				T_{biv}	20(12)	^a / 55	^a / c	^a / c	^a / c
G	$(-15 - 16) / (T_{designh} - 16)$	n.a.	n.a.	81,58	-15	20(12)	^a / 55	n.a.	n.a.	^a / 49

Additional information

Climate	$T_{designh}$ [°C]	$T_{bivalent}$ [°C]	TOL [°C]	Outlet temperature	Flow rate
Average	-10	-7	-10	Variable	Variable





COP test conditions - low temperature – EN 14511

N [#]	Heat source		Heat sink	
	Inlet dry bulb temperature (°C)	Inlet wet bulb temperature (°C)	Inlet temperature (°C)	Outlet temperature (°C)
1 ^S	7	6	30	35

S: Standard rating condition

COP test conditions - medium temperature – EN 14511

N [#]	Heat source		Heat sink	
	Inlet dry bulb temperature (°C)	Inlet wet bulb temperature (°C)	Inlet temperature (°C)	Outlet temperature (°C)
1 ^S	7	6	47	55

S: Standard rating condition

Test conditions for operating requirements – EN 14511-4

N [#]	Heat source		Heat sink	Water flow rate at indoor heat exchanger	Test
	Inlet dry bulb temperature (°C)	Inlet wet bulb temperature (°C)	Inlet temperature (°C)		
1	-25	-	12	800 L/h	Starting
2	-25	-	38	710 L/h	Operating





Test conditions for shutting off the heat transfer medium – EN 14511-4

N [#]	Heat source		Heat sink		Heat exchanger
	Inlet dry bulb temperature (°C)	Inlet wet bulb temperature (°C)	Inlet temperature (°C)	Outlet temperature (°C)	
1	7	6	47	55	Indoor
2	7	6	47	55	Outdoor

Test conditions for complete power supply failure – EN 14511-4

N [#]	Heat source		Heat sink		
	Inlet dry bulb temperature (°C)	Inlet wet bulb temperature (°C)	Inlet temperature (°C)	Outlet temperature (°C)	
1	7	6	47	55	

Test conditions for sound power measurements – EN 12102-1

N [#]	Test condition		Heat pump setting			
	Outdoor heat exchanger (dry bulb/wet bulb) (°C)	Indoor heat exchanger (inlet/outlet) (°C)	Compressor speed (Hz)	Fan speed outdoor (rpm)	Heating capacity (kW)	Power input (kW)
1 ^F	7/6	30/35	64	730	15.70	3.49
2 ^P	7/6	30/35	24	400	5.67	1.16
3 ^F	7/6	47/55	72	650	16.14	5.65
4 ^E	7/6	47/55	32	450	7.10	2.34

F) Full load, P) part load and E) ErP labelling





Test results

Test results of SCOP test at low temperature - heating season average - EN 14825

Model (Outdoor)	MHC-V16W/D2RN8-B		
Air-to-water heat pump mono bloc	Y		
Low-temperature heat pump	N		
Equipped with supplementary heater	Y		
Heat pump combination heater	N		
Reversible	Y		

Rated heat output¹⁾	P_{rated}	15.2 [kW]
Seasonal space heating energy efficiency	η_s SCOP	184.1 [%] 4.68 [-]

Measured capacity for heating for part load at outdoor temperature Tj	Average Climate - Low temperature application	Tj=-15 °C	Pdh	- [kW]
		Tj=-7 °C	Pdh	13.27 [kW]
		Tj=2 °C	Pdh	8.24 [kW]
		Tj=7 °C	Pdh	6.26 [kW]
		Tj=12 °C	Pdh	7.26 [kW]
		Tj=bivalent temperature	Pdh	13.27 [kW]
		Tj=operation limit	Pdh	12.62 [kW]

Measured coefficient of performance at outdoor temperature Tj	Average Climate - Low temperature application	Tj=-15 °C	COPd	- [-]
		Tj=-7 °C	COPd	2.64 [-]
		Tj=2 °C	COPd	4.59 [-]
		Tj=7 °C	COPd	6.62 [-]
		Tj=12 °C	COPd	8.13 [-]
		Tj=bivalent temperature	COPd	2.64 [-]
		Tj=operation limit	COPd	2.51 [-]

Bivalent temperature	Tbivalent	-7 [°C]
Operation limit	TOL	-10 [°C]
temperatures	WTOL	- [°C]
Degradation coefficient	Cdh	0.97 [-]

Power consumption in modes other than active mode	Off mode	P_{OFF}	0.021 [kW]
	Thermostat-off mode	P_{TO}	0.026 [kW]
	Standby mode	P_{SB}	0.021 [kW]
	Crankcase heater mode ²⁾	P_{CK}	0.021 [kW]
Supplementary heater¹⁾	Rated heat output	P_{SUP}	2.58 [kW]
	Type of energy input		Electrical

Other items	Capacity control	Variable
	Water flow control	Variable
	Water flow rate	-
	Annual energy consumption	Q_{HE}

¹⁾For heat pump space heaters and heat pump combination heaters, the rated heat output, P_{rated} , is equal to the design load for heating, $P_{designh}$, and the rated heat output of a supplementary heater, P_{sup} , is equal to the supplementary capacity for heating, $sup(T_j)$.

²⁾For SCOP calculation the value PCK - PSB is used. See page 15





Test results of SCOP test at medium temperature - heating season average – EN 14825

Model (Outdoor)	MHC-V16W/D2RN8-B		
Air-to-water heat pump mono bloc		P _{rated}	Y
Low-temperature heat pump			N
Equipped with supplementary heater			Y
Heat pump combination heater			N
Reversible			Y

Rated heat output¹⁾	P _{rated}	13 [kW]
Seasonal space heating energy efficiency	η _s SCOP	137.3 [%] 3.51 [-]

Measured capacity for heating for part load at outdoor temperature T_j	Average Climate - Medium temperature application	T _j =-15 °C	P _{dh}	- [kW]
		T _j =-7 °C	P _{dh}	11.68 [kW]
		T _j =2 °C	P _{dh}	7.29 [kW]
		T _j =7 °C	P _{dh}	6.03 [kW]
		T _j =12 °C	P _{dh}	6.89 [kW]
		T _j =bivalent temperature	P _{dh}	11.68 [kW]
		T _j =operation limit	P _{dh}	10.53 [kW]

Measured coefficient of performance at outdoor temperature T_j	Average Climate - Medium temperature application	T _j =-15 °C	COP _d	- [-]
		T _j =-7 °C	COP _d	2.02 [-]
		T _j =2 °C	COP _d	3.42 [-]
		T _j =7 °C	COP _d	4.93 [-]
		T _j =12 °C	COP _d	6.02 [-]
		T _j =bivalent temperature	COP _d	2.02 [-]
		T _j =operation limit	COP _d	1.82 [-]

Bivalent temperature	T _{bivalent}	-7 [°C]
Operation limit	TOL	-10 [°C]
temperatures	WTOL	- [°C]
Degradation coefficient	C _{dh}	0.98 [-]

Power consumption in modes other than active mode	Off mode	P _{OFF}	0.021 [kW]
	Thermostat-off mode	P _{TO}	0.026 [kW]
	Standby mode	P _{SB}	0.021 [kW]
	Crankcase heater mode	P _{CK}	0.021 [kW]
Supplementary heater¹⁾	Rated heat output	P _{SUP}	2.47 [kW]
	Type of energy input		Electrical

Other items	Capacity control	Variable
	Water flow control	Variable
	Water flow rate	-
	Annual energy consumption	Q _{HE} 7655 [kWh]

¹⁾For heat pump space heaters and heat pump combination heaters, the rated heat output, P_{rated}, is equal to the design load for heating, P_{designh}, and the rated heat output of a supplementary heater, P_{sup}, is equal to the supplementary capacity for heating, sup(T_j).

²⁾For SCOP calculation the value PCK - PSB is used. See page 17





Test results for warmer climate, low temperature according to EN14825

N°	Test condition	Heating capacity [kW]	COP
1	B	13.106	3.508
2	Tbivalent F and C	8.750	5.514

Test results for colder climate, low temperature according to EN14825

N°	Test condition	Heating capacity [kW]	COP
1	A	8.383	3.315
2	Tbivalent F and G	11.301	2.497

COP test results - low temperature – EN 14511

N*	Test conditions	Heating capacity [kW]	COP
1	A7/W35	15.707	4.498

COP test results - medium temperature – EN 14511

N*	Test conditions	Heating capacity [kW]	COP
1	A7/W55	16.139	2.854





Test results for starting and operating test - EN 14511-4

N#	Test conditions air/water inlet [°C]	Test validation
Starting	A-25/W18	Passed
Operating	A-25/W38	Passed

Test results for shutting off the heat transfer medium – EN 14511-4

N#	Heat exchanger	Test validation
1	Indoor	Passed
2	Outdoor	Passed

Test results for complete power supply failure – EN 14511-4

N#	Test validation
1	Passed





Test results of sound power measurements – EN 12102-1

N [#]	Test conditions	Sound power level LW(A) [dB re 1pW]	Uncertainty σ_{tot} [dB]
1 ^F	A7/W35	66.5	1.6
2 ^P	A7/W35	51.5	1.6
3 ^F	A7/W55	65.2	1.6
4 ^E	A7/55	55.6	1.6

F) Full load, P) part load and E) ErP labelling

The A-weighted total sound power level is determined for the measured frequency range from 100 Hz to 10 kHz. For the calculation of uncertainty, see appendix 1.

The sound power measurements are carried out by Kamalathasan Arumugam (KAMA) and co-read by Patrick Glibert (PGL), Danish Technological Institute.



Photos

Rating plate



Outdoor unit





SCOP - detailed calculation

Detailed SCOP calculation of low temperature and average climate conditions – EN 14825

Calculation of reference SCOP

$$SCOP = \frac{P_{designh} \times H_{he}}{SCOP_{on} + H_{TO} \times P_{TO} + H_{SB} \times P_{SB} + H_{CK} \times P_{CK} + H_{OFF} \times P_{OFF}}$$

Where

P_{design} =

Heating load of the building at design temperature, kW

H_{he} =

Number of equivalent heating hours, 2066 h

$H_{TO}, H_{SB}, H_{CK}, H_{OFF}$ =

Number of hours for which the unit is considered to work in thermostat off mode, standby mode, crankcase heater mode and off mode, h, respectively

$P_{TO}, P_{SB}, P_{CK}, P_{OFF}$ =

Electricity consumption during thermostat off mode, standby mode, crankcase heater mode and off mode, kW, respectively

Data for SCOP

	Outdoor temperature [°C]	Part load ratio [%]	Part load [kW]	Declared capacity [kW]	Declared COP [-]	cdh [-]	CR [-]	COPbin [-]
A	-7	88	13.45	13.27	2.64	0.99	1.00	2.64
B	2	54	8.18	8.24	4.59	0.99	1.00	4.59
C	7	35	5.26	6.26	6.62	0.97	0.84	6.58
D	12	15	2.34	7.26	8.13	0.97	0.32	7.66
E	-10	100	15.20	12.62	2.51	0.99	1.00	2.51
F - BIV	-7	88	13.45	13.27	2.64	0.99	1.00	2.64

Energy consumption for thermostat off, standby, off mode, crankcase heater mode

	Hours [h]	Power input [kW]	Applied to SCOP calculation [kW]	Energy consumption [kWh]
Off mode	0	0.02097	0.02097	0
Thermostat off	178	0.02612	0.02612	4.64936
Standby	0	0.02097	0.02097	0
Crankcase heater	178	0.02111	0.00014	0.02492





Calculation Bin for SCOPon

	Bin [-]	Outdoor temperature [°C]	Hours [h]	Heat load [kW]	Heat load covered by heat pump [kW]	Electrical back up heater [kW]	Annual backup heater energy input [kWh]	COPbin [-]	Annual heating demand [kWh]	Annual energy input [kWh]	Net annual heating capacity [kWh]	Net annual power input [kWh]
E	21	-10	1	15.20	12.62	2.58	2.58	2.51	15.20	7.61	12.62	5.03
	22	-9	25	14.62	12.84	1.78	44.46	2.55	365.38	170.15	320.93	125.69
	23	-8	23	14.03	13.05	0.98	22.47	2.60	322.71	138.05	300.24	115.58
A / F - BIV	24	-7	24	13.45	13.27	0.00	0.00	2.64	322.71	122.15	322.71	122.15
	25	-6	27	12.86	12.71	0.00	0.00	2.86	347.26	121.49	347.26	121.49
	26	-5	68	12.28	12.14	0.00	0.00	3.07	834.83	271.52	834.83	271.52
	27	-4	91	11.69	11.58	0.00	0.00	3.29	1064.00	323.31	1064.00	323.31
	28	-3	89	11.11	11.01	0.00	0.00	3.51	988.58	281.86	988.58	281.86
	29	-2	165	10.52	10.45	0.00	0.00	3.72	1736.31	466.29	1736.31	466.29
	30	-1	173	9.94	9.88	0.00	0.00	3.94	1719.35	436.38	1719.35	436.38
	31	0	240	9.35	9.31	0.00	0.00	4.16	2244.92	540.12	2244.92	540.12
	32	1	280	8.77	8.75	0.00	0.00	4.37	2455.38	561.53	2455.38	561.53
B	33	2	320	8.18	8.18	0.00	0.00	4.59	2619.08	570.73	2619.08	570.73
	34	3	357	7.60	7.60	0.00	0.00	4.99	2713.20	544.02	2713.20	544.02
	35	4	356	7.02	7.02	0.00	0.00	5.39	2497.48	463.73	2497.48	463.73
	36	5	303	6.43	6.43	0.00	0.00	5.78	1948.52	336.88	1948.52	336.88
C	37	6	330	5.85	5.85	0.00	0.00	6.18	1929.23	312.06	1929.23	312.06
	38	7	326	5.26	5.26	0.00	0.00	6.58	1715.26	260.66	1715.26	260.66
	39	8	348	4.68	4.68	0.00	0.00	6.80	1627.57	239.46	1627.57	239.46
	40	9	335	4.09	4.09	0.00	0.00	7.01	1370.92	195.48	1370.92	195.48
D	41	10	315	3.51	3.51	0.00	0.00	7.23	1104.92	152.84	1104.92	152.84
	42	11	215	2.92	2.92	0.00	0.00	7.45	628.46	84.41	628.46	84.41
	43	12	169	2.34	2.34	0.00	0.00	7.66	395.20	51.58	395.20	51.58
	44	13	151	1.75	1.75	0.00	0.00	7.88	264.83	33.61	264.83	33.61
	45	14	105	1.17	1.17	0.00	0.00	8.09	122.77	15.17	122.77	15.17
	46	15	74	0.58	0.58	0.00	0.00	8.31	43.26	5.21	43.26	5.21

SUM 31397.35 6706.27 31327.85 6636.77

SCOPon 4.68 **SCOPnet** 4.72



Detailed SCOP calculation of medium temperature and average climate conditions – EN 14825

Calculation of reference SCOP

$$SCOP = \frac{P_{designh} \times H_{he}}{P_{designh} \times H_{he} + H_{TO} \times P_{TO} + H_{SB} \times P_{SB} + H_{CK} \times P_{CK} + H_{OFF} \times P_{OFF}}$$

Where

P_{design} =

Heating load of the building at design temperature, kW

H_{he} =

Number of equivalent heating hours, 2066 h

$H_{TO}, H_{SB}, H_{CK}, H_{OFF}$ =

Number of hours for which the unit is considered to work in thermostat off mode, standby mode, crankcase heater mode and off mode, h, respectively

$P_{TO}, P_{SB}, P_{CK}, P_{OFF}$ =

Electricity consumption during thermostat off mode, standby mode, crankcase heater mode and off mode, kW, respectively

Data for SCOP

	Outdoor temperature [°C]	Part load ratio [%]	Part load [kW]	Declared capacity [kW]	Declared COP [-]	cdh [-]	CR [-]	COPbin [-]
A	-7	88	11.50	11.68	2.02	1.00	1.00	2.02
B	2	54	7.00	7.29	3.42	0.99	1.00	3.42
C	7	35	4.50	6.03	4.93	0.98	0.75	4.90
D	12	15	2.00	6.89	6.02	0.98	0.29	5.70
E	-10	100	13.00	10.53	1.82	1.00	1.00	1.82
F - BIV	-7	88	11.50	11.68	2.02	1.00	1.00	2.02

Energy consumption for thermostat off, standby, off mode, crankcase heater mode

	Hours [h]	Power input [kW]	Applied to SCOP calculation [kW]	Energy consumption [kWh]
Off mode	0	0.02097	0.02097	0
Thermostat off	178	0.02612	0.02612	4.64936
Standby	0	0.02097	0.02097	0
Crankcase heater	178	0.02111	0.00014	0.02492





Calculation Bin for SCOP_{on}

Bin [-]	Outdoor temperature [°C]	Hours [h]	Heat load [kW]	Heat load covered by heat pump [kW]	Electrical back up heater [kW]	backup heater energy input [kWh]	COP _{bin} [-]	Annual heating demand [kWh]	Annual energy input [kWh]	Net annual heating capacity [kWh]	Net annual power input [kWh]
E	21	-10	1	13.00	10.53	2.47	2.47	13.00	8.26	10.53	5.79
	22	-9	25	12.50	10.85	1.65	41.15	1.89	312.50	185.05	271.35
	23	-8	23	12.00	11.18	0.82	18.93	1.95	276.00	150.54	257.07
A / F - BIV	24	-7	24	11.50	11.50	0.00	0.00	2.02	276.00	136.57	276.00
	25	-6	27	11.00	11.00	0.00	0.00	2.18	297.00	136.46	297.00
	26	-5	68	10.50	10.50	0.00	0.00	2.33	714.00	306.19	714.00
	27	-4	91	10.00	10.00	0.00	0.00	2.49	910.00	365.85	910.00
	28	-3	89	9.50	9.50	0.00	0.00	2.64	845.50	319.93	845.50
	29	-2	165	9.00	9.00	0.00	0.00	2.80	1485.00	530.69	1485.00
	30	-1	173	8.50	8.50	0.00	0.00	2.95	1470.50	497.86	1470.50
	31	0	240	8.00	8.00	0.00	0.00	3.11	1920.00	617.54	1920.00
	32	1	280	7.50	7.50	0.00	0.00	3.26	2100.00	643.27	2100.00
B	33	2	320	7.00	7.00	0.00	0.00	3.42	2240.00	654.97	2240.00
	34	3	357	6.50	6.50	0.00	0.00	3.72	2320.50	624.49	2320.50
	35	4	356	6.00	6.00	0.00	0.00	4.01	2136.00	532.45	2136.00
	36	5	303	5.50	5.50	0.00	0.00	4.31	1666.50	386.89	1666.50
	37	6	330	5.00	5.00	0.00	0.00	4.60	1650.00	358.44	1650.00
C	38	7	326	4.50	4.50	0.00	0.00	4.90	1467.00	299.45	1467.00
	39	8	348	4.00	4.00	0.00	0.00	5.06	1392.00	275.13	1392.00
	40	9	335	3.50	3.50	0.00	0.00	5.22	1172.50	224.62	1172.50
	41	10	315	3.00	3.00	0.00	0.00	5.38	945.00	175.64	945.00
	42	11	215	2.50	2.50	0.00	0.00	5.54	537.50	97.01	537.50
D	43	12	169	2.00	2.00	0.00	0.00	5.70	338.00	59.29	338.00
	44	13	151	1.50	1.50	0.00	0.00	5.86	226.50	38.64	226.50
	45	14	105	1.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	6.02	105.00	17.44	105.00
	46	15	74	0.50	0.50	0.00	0.00	6.18	37.00	5.98	37.00

SUM	26853.00	7648.65	26790.45	7586.11
SCOP_{on}	3.51	SCOP_{net}	3.53	



Detailed test results

Detailed SCOP part load test results - low temperature application, average climate – EN 14825

Detailed result for 'EN14825:2022' Average Low (A and F) A -7/W34					
Tested according to:	EN14511:2022 and EN14825:2022				
Climate zone:	Average				
Temperature application:	Low				
Condition name:	A and F				
Condition temperature:	°C	-7			
Part load:	%	88%			
Chosen Tbivalent	°C	-7			
Tdesign	°C	-10			
Pdesign	kW	15.20			
Heating demand:	kW	13.45			
CR:	-	1.0			
Minimum flow reached:	-	No			
Measurement type:	Transient				
Integrated circulation pump:	Yes				
Included corrections (Final result)					
Heating capacity	kW	13.271			
COP	-	2.642			
Power consumption	kW	5.023			
Measured					
Heating capacity	kW	13.299			
COP	-	2.630			
Power consumption	kW	5.057			
During heating					
Air temperature dry bulb	°C	-7.16			
Air temperature wet bulb	°C	-8.12			
Inlet temperature	°C	29.15			
Outlet temperature	°C	34.06			
Outlet temperature (Time averaged)	°C	34.06			
Circulation pump					
Measured: Static differential pressure, liquid pump	Pa	9410			
Calculated Hydraulic power	W	7			
Calculated global efficiency	η	0.19			
Calculated Capacity correction	W	27			
Calculated Power correction	W	34			
Water Flow	m³/s	0.000694			





Detailed result for 'EN14825:2022' Average Low (B) A 2 /W30			
Tested according to:	EN14511:2022 and EN14825:2022	Average	
Climate zone:		Low	
Temperature application:		B	
Condition name:			
Condition temperature:	°C	2	
Part load:	%	54%	
Chosen Tbivalent	°C	-7	
Tdesign	°C	-10	
Pdesign	kW	15.20	
Heating demand:	kW	8.18	
CR:	-	1.0	
Minimum flow reached:	-	No	
Measurement type:		Transient	
Integrated circulation pump:		Yes	
Included corrections (Final result)			
Heating capacity	kW	8.235	
COP	-	4.589	
Power consumption	kW	1.795	
Measured			
Heating capacity	kW	8.249	
COP	-	4.556	
Power consumption	kW	1.810	
During heating			
Air temperature dry bulb	°C	1.95	
Air temperature wet bulb	°C	0.92	
Inlet temperature	°C	24.97	
Outlet temperature	°C	30.08	
Outlet temperature (Time averaged)	°C	30.08	
Circulation pump			
Measured: Static differential pressure, liquid pump	Pa	5256	
Calculated Hydraulic power	W	2	
Calculated global efficiency	η	0.14	
Calculated Capacity correction	W	13	
Calculated Power correction	W	16	
Water Flow	m³/s	0.000417	





Detailed result for 'EN14825:2022' Average Low (C) A 7 /W27		
Tested according to:	EN14511:2022 and EN14825:2022	Average
Climate zone:		Low
Temperature application:		C
Condition name:		
Condition temperature:	°C	7
Part load:	%	35%
Chosen Tbivalent	°C	-7
Tdesign	°C	-10
Pdesign	kW	15.20
Heating demand:	kW	5.26
CR:	-	0.8
Minimum flow reached:	-	No
Measurement type:		Steady State
Integrated circulation pump:		Yes
Included corrections (Final result)		
Heating capacity	kW	6.264
COP	-	6.615
Power consumption	kW	0.947
Measured		
Heating capacity	kW	6.266
COP	-	6.601
Power consumption	kW	0.949
During heating		
Air temperature dry bulb	°C	7.04
Air temperature wet bulb	°C	6.02
Inlet temperature	°C	22.80
Outlet temperature	°C	27.77
Outlet temperature (Time averaged)	°C	26.98
Circulation pump		
Measured: Static differential pressure, liquid pump	Pa	874
Calculated Hydraulic power	W	0
Calculated global efficiency	η	0.12
Calculated Capacity correction	W	2
Calculated Power correction	W	2
Water Flow	m³/s	0.000303



Detailed result for 'EN14825:2022' Average Low (D) A 12 /W24		
Tested according to:	EN14511:2022 and EN14825:2022	Average
Climate zone:		Low
Temperature application:		D
Condition name:		
Condition temperature:	°C	12
Part load:	%	15%
Chosen Tbivalent	°C	-7
Tdesign	°C	-10
Pdesign	kW	15.20
Heating demand:	kW	2.34
CR:	-	0.3
Minimum flow reached:	-	No
Measurement type:	Steady State	
Integrated circulation pump:	Yes	
Included corrections (Final result)		
Heating capacity	kW	7.265
COP	-	8.134
Power consumption	kW	0.893
Measured		
Heating capacity	kW	7.271
COP	-	8.081
Power consumption	kW	0.900
During heating		
Air temperature dry bulb	°C	12.00
Air temperature wet bulb	°C	10.92
Inlet temperature	°C	22.38
Outlet temperature	°C	27.40
Outlet temperature (Time averaged)	°C	23.99
Circulation pump		
Measured: Static differential pressure, liquid pump	Pa	2308
Calculated Hydraulic power	W	1
Calculated global efficiency	η	0.12
Calculated Capacity correction	W	6
Calculated Power correction	W	7
Water Flow	m ³ /s	0.000348



Detailed result for 'EN14825:2022' Average Low (E) A -10 /W35

Tested according to:	EN14511:2022 and EN14825:2022		
Climate zone:	Average		
Temperature application:	Low		
Condition name:	E		
Condition temperature:	°C -10		
Part load:	% 100%		
Chosen Tbivalent	°C -7		
Tdesign	°C -10		
Pdesign	kW 15.20		
Heating demand:	kW 15.20		
CR:	- 1.0		
Minimum flow reached:	- No		
Measurement type:	Transient		
Integrated circulation pump:	Yes		
Included corrections (Final result)			
Heating capacity	kW 12.620		
COP	- 2.509		
Power consumption	kW 5.030		
Measured			
Heating capacity	kW 12.640		
COP	- 2.501		
Power consumption	kW 5.055		
During heating			
Air temperature dry bulb	°C -10.23		
Air temperature wet bulb	°C -11.37		
Inlet temperature	°C 29.94		
Outlet temperature	°C 35.02		
Outlet temperature (Time averaged)	°C 35.02		
Circulation pump			
Measured: Static differential pressure, liquid pump	Pa 6527		
Calculated Hydraulic power	W 4		
Calculated global efficiency	η 0.16		
Calculated Capacity correction	W 21		
Calculated Power correction	W 25		
Water Flow	m³/s 0.000619		





Detailed SCOP part load test results - medium temperature application, average climate – EN 14825

Detailed result for 'EN14825:2022' Average Medium (A and F) A -7 /W52					
Tested according to:	EN14511:2022 and EN14825:2022				
Climate zone:	Average				
Temperature application:	Medium				
Condition name:	A and F				
Condition temperature:	°C	-7			
Part load:	%	88%			
Chosen Tbivalent	°C	-7			
Tdesign	°C	-10			
Pdesign	kW	13.00			
Heating demand:	kW	11.50			
CR:	-	1.0			
Minimum flow reached:	-	No			
Measurement type:	Transient				
Integrated circulation pump:	Yes				
Included corrections (Final result)					
Heating capacity	kW	11.680			
COP	-	2.012			
Power consumption	kW	5.805			
Measured					
Heating capacity	kW	11.694			
COP	-	2.009			
Power consumption	kW	5.821			
During heating					
Air temperature dry bulb	°C	-7.05			
Air temperature wet bulb	°C	-8.07			
Inlet temperature	°C	44.07			
Outlet temperature	°C	52.29			
Outlet temperature (Time averaged)	°C	52.29			
Circulation pump					
Measured: Static differential pressure, liquid pump	Pa	6527			
Calculated Hydraulic power	W	2			
Calculated global efficiency	η	0.14			
Calculated Capacity correction	W	14			
Calculated Power correction	W	17			
Water Flow	m³/s	0.000361			





Detailed result for 'EN14825:2022' Average Medium (B) A 2 /W42

	EN14511:2022	EN14825:2022
Tested according to:		
Climate zone:		Average
Temperature application:		Medium
Condition name:		B
Condition temperature:	°C	2
Part load:	%	54%
Chosen Tbivalent	°C	-7
Tdesign	°C	-10
Pdesign	kW	13.00
Heating demand:	kW	7.00
CR:	-	1.0
Minimum flow reached:	-	No
Measurement type:		Transient
Integrated circulation pump:		Yes
Included corrections (Final result)		
Heating capacity	kW	7.291
COP	-	3.420
Power consumption	kW	2.132
Measured		
Heating capacity	kW	7.296
COP	-	3.414
Power consumption	kW	2.137
During heating		
Air temperature dry bulb	°C	1.91
Air temperature wet bulb	°C	0.91
Inlet temperature	°C	34.04
Outlet temperature	°C	42.18
Outlet temperature (Time averaged)	°C	42.18
Circulation pump		
Measured: Static differential pressure, liquid pump	Pa	2485
Calculated Hydraulic power	W	1
Calculated global efficiency	η	0.12
Calculated Capacity correction	W	4
Calculated Power correction	W	5
Water Flow	m³/s	0.000231





Detailed result for 'EN14825:2022' Average Medium (C) A 7/W36

Tested according to:	EN14511:2022	EN14825:2022
Climate zone:		Average
Temperature application:		Medium
Condition name:		C
Condition temperature:	°C	7
Part load:	%	35%
Chosen Tbivalent	°C	-7
Tdesign	°C	-10
Pdesign	kW	13.00
Heating demand:	kW	4.50
CR:	-	0.7
Minimum flow reached:	-	No
Measurement type:		Steady State
Integrated circulation pump:		Yes
Included corrections (Final result)		
Heating capacity	kW	6.028
COP	-	4.935
Power consumption	kW	1.222
Measured		
Heating capacity	kW	6.041
COP	-	4.884
Power consumption	kW	1.237
During heating		
Air temperature dry bulb	°C	6.99
Air temperature wet bulb	°C	6.03
Inlet temperature	°C	29.90
Outlet temperature	°C	37.90
Outlet temperature (Time averaged)	°C	35.87
Circulation pump		
Measured: Static differential pressure, liquid pump	Pa	11703
Calculated Hydraulic power	W	2
Calculated global efficiency	η	0.14
Calculated Capacity correction	W	13
Calculated Power correction	W	15
Water Flow	m³/s	0.000182



Detailed result for 'EN14825:2022' Average Medium (D) A 12 /W30

Tested according to:	EN14511:2022	EN14825:2022
Climate zone:		Average Medium
Temperature application:		D
Condition name:		
Condition temperature:	°C	12
Part load:	%	15%
Chosen Tbivalent	°C	-7
Tdesign	°C	-10
Pdesign	kW	13.00
Heating demand:	kW	2.00
CR:	-	0.3
Minimum flow reached:	-	No
Measurement type:		Steady State
Integrated circulation pump:		Yes
Included corrections (Final result)		
Heating capacity	kW	6.889
COP	-	6.019
Power consumption	kW	1.145
Measured		
Heating capacity	kW	6.893
COP	-	6.001
Power consumption	kW	1.149
During heating		
Air temperature dry bulb	°C	12.01
Air temperature wet bulb	°C	11.00
Inlet temperature	°C	27.71
Outlet temperature	°C	35.68
Outlet temperature (Time averaged)	°C	30.03
Circulation pump		
Measured: Static differential pressure, liquid pump	Pa	2265
Calculated Hydraulic power	W	0
Calculated global efficiency	η	0.12
Calculated Capacity correction	W	4
Calculated Power correction	W	4
Water Flow	m³/s	0.000208



Detailed result for 'EN14825:2022' Average Medium (E) A -10 /W55

Tested according to:	EN14511:2022 and EN14825:2022		
Climate zone:	Average Medium		
Temperature application:	Medium		
Condition name:	E		
Condition temperature:	°C		-10
Part load:	%		100%
Chosen Tbivalent	°C		-7
Tdesign	°C		-10
Pdesign	kW		13.00
Heating demand:	kW		13.00
CR:	-		1.0
Minimum flow reached:	-		No
Measurement type:	Transient		
Integrated circulation pump:	Yes		
Included corrections (Final result)			
Heating capacity	kW		10.531
COP	-		1.818
Power consumption	kW		5.792
Measured			
Heating capacity	kW		10.545
COP	-		1.816
Power consumption	kW		5.807
During heating			
Air temperature dry bulb	°C		-10.00
Air temperature wet bulb	°C		-11.08
Inlet temperature	°C		47.07
Outlet temperature	°C		55.07
Outlet temperature (Time averaged)	°C		55.07
Circulation pump			
Measured: Static differential pressure, liquid pump	Pa		6527
Calculated Hydraulic power	W		2
Calculated global efficiency	η		0.14
Calculated Capacity correction	W		13
Calculated Power correction	W		15
Water Flow	m ³ /s		0.000329





Detailed SCOP part load test results - low temperature application - warmer climate – EN 14825

Detailed result for 'EN14825:2022' Warmer Low (B) A 2 /W35			
Tested according to:	EN14511:2022 and EN14825:2022		
Climate zone:	Warmer		
Temperature application:	Low		
Condition name:	B		
Condition temperature:	°C 2		
Part load:	% 100%		
Chosen Tbivalent	°C 2		
Tdesign	°C 2		
Pdesign	kW 13.10		
Heating demand:	kW 13.10		
CR:	- 1.0		
Minimum flow reached:	- No		
Measurement type:	Transient		
Integrated circulation pump:	Yes		
Included corrections (Final result)			
Heating capacity	kW 13.106		
COP	- 3.508		
Power consumption	kW 3.736		
Measured			
Heating capacity	kW 13.134		
COP	- 3.482		
Power consumption	kW 3.772		
During heating			
Air temperature dry bulb	°C 2.08		
Air temperature wet bulb	°C 0.83		
Inlet temperature	°C 30.07		
Outlet temperature	°C 35.08		
Outlet temperature (Time averaged)	°C 35.08		
Circulation pump			
Measured: Static differential pressure, liquid pump	Pa 10206		
Calculated Hydraulic power	W 7		
Calculated global efficiency	\eta 0.20		
Calculated Capacity correction	W 29		
Calculated Power correction	W 36		
Water Flow	m³/s 0.000709		



Detailed result for 'EN14825:2022' Warmer Low (C) A 7 /W31

Tested according to:	EN14511:2022 and EN14825:2022		
Climate zone:	Warmer		
Temperature application:	Low		
Condition name:	C		
Condition temperature:	°C 7		
Part load:	% 64%		
Chosen Tbivalent	°C 2		
Tdesign	°C 2		
Pdesign	kW 13.10		
Heating demand:	kW 8.42		
CR:	- 1.0		
Minimum flow reached:	- No		
Measurement type:	Steady State		
Integrated circulation pump:	No		
Included corrections (Final result)			
Heating capacity	kW 8.750		
COP	- 5.514		
Power consumption	kW 1.587		
Measured			
Heating capacity	kW 8.737		
COP	- 5.557		
Power consumption	kW 1.572		
During heating			
Air temperature dry bulb	°C 6.99		
Air temperature wet bulb	°C 6.01		
Inlet temperature	°C 26.03		
Outlet temperature	°C 31.04		
Outlet temperature (Time averaged)	°C 31.04		
Circulation pump			
Measured: Static differential pressure, liquid pump	Pa 4732		
Calculated Hydraulic power	W 2		
Calculated global efficiency	η 0.14		
Calculated Capacity correction	W -12		
Calculated Power correction	W -14		
Water Flow	m³/s 0.000419		





Detailed SCOP part load test results - low temperature application - colder climate – EN 14825

Detailed result for 'EN14825:2022' Colder Low (A) A -7 /W30					
Tested according to:	EN14511:2022 and EN14825:2022				
Climate zone:	Colder				
Temperature application:	Low				
Condition name:	A				
Condition temperature:	°C	-7			
Part load:	%	61%			
Chosen Tbivalent	°C	-15			
Tdesign	°C	-22			
Pdesign	kW	13.70			
Heating demand:	kW	8.29			
CR:	-	1.0			
Minimum flow reached:	-	No			
Measurement type:	Transient				
Integrated circulation pump:	Yes				
Included corrections (Final result)					
Heating capacity	kW	8.383			
COP	-	3.315			
Power consumption	kW	2.529			
Measured					
Heating capacity	kW	8.386			
COP	-	3.312			
Power consumption	kW	2.532			
During heating					
Air temperature dry bulb	°C	-6.91			
Air temperature wet bulb	°C	-8.13			
Inlet temperature	°C	25.01			
Outlet temperature	°C	30.13			
Outlet temperature (Time averaged)	°C	30.13			
Circulation pump					
Measured: Static differential pressure, liquid pump	Pa	694			
Calculated Hydraulic power	W	0			
Calculated global efficiency	η	0.12			
Calculated Capacity correction	W	2			
Calculated Power correction	W	2			
Water Flow	m³/s	0.000411			





Detailed result for 'EN14825:2018' Colder Low (F and G) A -15/W32

Tested according to:	EN14825:2018	
Climate zone:	Colder	Low
Temperature application:	F and G	
Condition name:		
Condition temperature:	°C	-15
Part load:	%	82%
Chosen Tbivalent	°C	-15
Tdesign	°C	-22
Pdesign	kW	13.70
Heating demand:	kW	11.18
CR:	-	1.0
Minimum flow reached:	-	No
Measurement type:	Steady State	
Integrated circulation pump:	Yes	
Included corrections (Final result)		
Heating capacity	kW	11.301
COP	-	2.497
Power consumption	kW	4.526
Measured		
Heating capacity	kW	11.328
COP	-	2.484
Power consumption	kW	4.560
During heating		
Air temperature dry bulb	°C	-15.10
Air temperature wet bulb	°C	-14.89
Inlet temperature	°C	27.01
Outlet temperature	°C	32.09
Outlet temperature (Time averaged)	°C	32.09
Circulation pump		
Measured: Static differential pressure, liquid pump	Pa	12070
Calculated Hydraulic power	W	6
Calculated global efficiency	n	0.19
Calculated Capacity correction	W	27
Calculated Power correction	W	34
Water Flow	m³/s	0.000536





Detailed COP test results - low temperature – EN 14511

Detailed result for 'EN14511:2022' A7/W35		
Tested according to:		EN14511:2022
Minimum flow reached:		No
Measurement type:		Steady State
Integrated circulation pump:		Yes
Included corrections (Final result)		
Heating capacity	kW	15.707
COP	-	4.498
Power consumption	kW	3.492
Measured		
Heating capacity	kW	15.749
COP	-	4.438
Power consumption	kW	3.549
During heating		
Air temperature dry bulb	°C	6.98
Air temperature wet bulb	°C	5.85
Inlet temperature	°C	29.99
Outlet temperature	°C	34.96
Circulation pump		
Measured: Static differential pressure, liquid pump	Pa	20390
Calculated Hydraulic power	W	16
Calculated global efficiency	η	0.27
Calculated Capacity correction	W	41
Calculated Power correction	W	57
Water Flow	m³/s	0.000763



Detailed COP test results - medium temperature – EN 14511

Detailed result for 'EN14511:2022' A7/W55			
Tested according to:		EN14511:2022	
Minimum flow reached:		No	
Measurement type:		Steady State	
Integrated circulation pump:		Yes	
Included corrections (Final result)			
Heating capacity	kW	16.139	
COP	-	2.854	
Power consumption	kW	5.654	
Measured			
Heating capacity	kW	16.152	
COP	-	2.849	
Power consumption	kW	5.669	
During heating			
Air temperature dry bulb	°C	6.92	
Air temperature wet bulb	°C	5.91	
Inlet temperature	°C	47.01	
Outlet temperature	°C	54.85	
Circulation pump			
Measured: Static differential pressure, liquid pump	Pa	4062	
Calculated Hydraulic power	W	2	
Calculated global efficiency	η	0.14	
Calculated Capacity correction	W	13	
Calculated Power correction	W	15	
Water Flow	m³/s	0.000500	





Detailed test results of sound power measurement – Test N#1

TEST Reg. nr. 300		Sound power levels according to ISO 3743-1:2010		TEST Reg. nr. 300																																																																			
Engineering method for small, movable sources in reverberant fields - Comparison method for hard-walled test rooms																																																																							
Client:	Midea		Date of test:	18-01-2024																																																																			
Object:	Type: Mono Air to water heat pump, Model: MHC-V16W/D2RN8-BER90																																																																						
Mounting conditions:	The outdoor unit is mounted on the supporting metal support frame using six vibration insulators and placed on four pieces of concrete tiles (20x20x2.5 cm). All of these are placed in a water drop dry on two pieces of heavy concrete tiles (90x90x10cm) laying on a vibration damping mat on the floor. The noise radiated by the outdoor unit has been measured in Test room 2.																																																																						
Operating conditions:	A7/W35, Compressor speed: 64[Hz], Fan speed: 730[rpm], Pump speed: 80 [%], EXV1(P): 138, Heating capacity: 15.7 [kW], Power_input: 3.49 [kW], Water flow rate: 2720 [l/h]																																																																						
Static pressure:	995 hPa		Reference box:																																																																				
Air temperature:	7.0 °C		L1:	1.4 m																																																																			
Relative air humidity:	84.0 %		L2:	0.4 m																																																																			
Test room volume:	102.8 m³		Room:	Room 2																																																																			
Area, S, of test room:	138.9 m²		L3:	0.9 m																																																																			
			Volume:	0.5 m³																																																																			
<table border="1"> <caption>Data extracted from the Sound power level chart</caption> <thead> <tr> <th>Frequency f [Hz]</th> <th>Lw (dB)</th> <th>LwA (dB)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr><td>100</td><td>67.3</td><td>53.0</td></tr> <tr><td>125</td><td>62.7</td><td>56.0</td></tr> <tr><td>160</td><td>62.4</td><td>58.0</td></tr> <tr><td>200</td><td>61.6</td><td>59.0</td></tr> <tr><td>250</td><td>61.3</td><td>59.0</td></tr> <tr><td>315</td><td>60.9</td><td>58.0</td></tr> <tr><td>400</td><td>59.8</td><td>58.0</td></tr> <tr><td>500</td><td>59.3</td><td>61.0</td></tr> <tr><td>630</td><td>60.1</td><td>51.0</td></tr> <tr><td>800</td><td>59.5</td><td>51.0</td></tr> <tr><td>1000</td><td>56.5</td><td>62.0</td></tr> <tr><td>1250</td><td>54.9</td><td>54.0</td></tr> <tr><td>1600</td><td>53.6</td><td>53.0</td></tr> <tr><td>2000</td><td>51.8</td><td>56.0</td></tr> <tr><td>2500</td><td>49.4</td><td>50.0</td></tr> <tr><td>3150</td><td>46.6</td><td>46.0</td></tr> <tr><td>4000</td><td>44.4</td><td>49.0</td></tr> <tr><td>5000</td><td>41.7</td><td>50.0</td></tr> <tr><td>6300</td><td>40.4</td><td>49.0</td></tr> <tr><td>8000</td><td>41.1</td><td>50.0</td></tr> <tr><td>10000</td><td>41.7</td><td>45.0</td></tr> </tbody> </table>						Frequency f [Hz]	Lw (dB)	LwA (dB)	100	67.3	53.0	125	62.7	56.0	160	62.4	58.0	200	61.6	59.0	250	61.3	59.0	315	60.9	58.0	400	59.8	58.0	500	59.3	61.0	630	60.1	51.0	800	59.5	51.0	1000	56.5	62.0	1250	54.9	54.0	1600	53.6	53.0	2000	51.8	56.0	2500	49.4	50.0	3150	46.6	46.0	4000	44.4	49.0	5000	41.7	50.0	6300	40.4	49.0	8000	41.1	50.0	10000	41.7	45.0
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Sound power level $L_w(A)$: 66.5 dB [re 1pW], Uncertainty σ_{tot}: 1.6 dB																																																																							
Name of test institute:	DTI		Date:	18-01-2024																																																																			
No. of test report:	300-KLAB-23-039																																																																						
Measurements are in full conformity with ISO 3743-1																																																																							





Detailed test results of sound power measurement – Test N#2

DANAK TEST Reg. nr. 300		Sound power levels according to ISO 3743-1:2010		TEST INSTITUT																																																																			
Engineering method for small, movable sources in reverberant fields - Comparison method for hard-walled test rooms																																																																							
Client:	Midea	Date of test:	18-01-2024																																																																				
Object:	Type: Mono Air to water heat pump, Model: MHC-V16W/D2RN8-BER90																																																																						
Mounting conditions:	The outdoor unit is mounted on the supporting metal support frame using six vibration insulators and placed on four pieces of concrete tiles (20x20x2.5 cm). All of these are placed in a water drop dry on two pieces of heavy concrete tiles (90x90x10cm) laying on a vibration damping mat on the floor. The noise radiated by the outdoor unit has been measured in Test room 2.																																																																						
Operating conditions:	A7/W35, Compressor speed: 24[Hz], Fan speed: 400[rpm], Pump speed: 50 [%], EXV1(P): 94, Heating capacity: 5.67 [kW], Power_input: 1.16 [kW], Water flow rate: 980 [l/h]																																																																						
Static pressure:	995 hPa	<u>Reference box:</u>																																																																					
Air temperature:	7.0 °C	L1:	1.4 m																																																																				
Relative air humidity:	84.0 %	L2:	0.4 m																																																																				
Test room volume:	102.8 m³	Room:	Room 2	L3:	0.9 m																																																																		
Area, S, of test room:	138.9 m²			Volume:	0.5 m³																																																																		
<table border="1"> <caption>Data extracted from the sound power level chart</caption> <thead> <tr> <th>Frequency f [Hz]</th> <th>Lw(A) [dB]</th> <th>Lw(A-weighted) [dB]</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr><td>100</td><td>57.9</td><td>49.8</td></tr> <tr><td>125</td><td>49.8</td><td>47.2</td></tr> <tr><td>160</td><td>47.2</td><td>48.9</td></tr> <tr><td>200</td><td>48.9</td><td>47.8</td></tr> <tr><td>250</td><td>52.7</td><td>47.0</td></tr> <tr><td>315</td><td>50.9</td><td>47.4</td></tr> <tr><td>400</td><td>50.9</td><td>46.2</td></tr> <tr><td>500</td><td>50.9</td><td>44.4</td></tr> <tr><td>630</td><td>50.9</td><td>43.1</td></tr> <tr><td>800</td><td>50.9</td><td>43.1</td></tr> <tr><td>1000</td><td>45.4</td><td>39.5</td></tr> <tr><td>1250</td><td>45.4</td><td>37.1</td></tr> <tr><td>1600</td><td>38.9</td><td>36.0</td></tr> <tr><td>2000</td><td>38.9</td><td>34.2</td></tr> <tr><td>2500</td><td>38.9</td><td>30.5</td></tr> <tr><td>3150</td><td>38.9</td><td>27.2</td></tr> <tr><td>4000</td><td>30.4</td><td>25.5</td></tr> <tr><td>5000</td><td>30.4</td><td>23.5</td></tr> <tr><td>6300</td><td>30.4</td><td>31.4</td></tr> <tr><td>8000</td><td>35.0</td><td>31.4</td></tr> <tr><td>10000</td><td>35.0</td><td>26.3</td></tr> </tbody> </table>						Frequency f [Hz]	Lw(A) [dB]	Lw(A-weighted) [dB]	100	57.9	49.8	125	49.8	47.2	160	47.2	48.9	200	48.9	47.8	250	52.7	47.0	315	50.9	47.4	400	50.9	46.2	500	50.9	44.4	630	50.9	43.1	800	50.9	43.1	1000	45.4	39.5	1250	45.4	37.1	1600	38.9	36.0	2000	38.9	34.2	2500	38.9	30.5	3150	38.9	27.2	4000	30.4	25.5	5000	30.4	23.5	6300	30.4	31.4	8000	35.0	31.4	10000	35.0	26.3
Frequency f [Hz]	Lw(A) [dB]	Lw(A-weighted) [dB]																																																																					
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8000	35.0	31.4																																																																					
10000	35.0	26.3																																																																					
Sound power level $L_w(A)$: 51.5 dB [re 1pW], Uncertainty σ_{tot}: 1.6 dB																																																																							
Name of test institute:	DTI	Date:	18-01-2024																																																																				
No. of test report:	300-KLAB-23-039																																																																						
Measurements are in full conformity with ISO 3743-1																																																																							





Detailed test results of sound power measurement – Test N#3

MRA		Sound power levels according to ISO 3743-1:2010		TEKNOLOGISK INSTITUT																																																																			
Engineering method for small, movable sources in reverberant fields - Comparison method for hard-walled test rooms																																																																							
Client:	Midea	Date of test:	18-01-2024																																																																				
Object:	Type: Mono Air to water heat pump, Model: MHC-V16W/D2RN8-BER90																																																																						
Mounting conditions:	The outdoor unit is mounted on the supporting metal support frame using six vibration insulators and placed on four pieces of concrete tiles (20x20x2.5 cm). All of these are placed in a water drop dry on two pieces of heavy concrete tiles (90x90x10cm) laying on a vibration damping mat on the floor. The noise radiated by the outdoor unit has been measured in Test room 2.																																																																						
Operating conditions:	A7/W55, Compressor speed: 72[Hz], Fan speed: 650[rpm], Pump speed: 50 [%], EXV1(P): 128, Heating capacity: 16.14 [kW], Power_input: 5.65 [kW], Water flow rate: 1790 [l/h]																																																																						
Static pressure:	996 hPa	Reference box:																																																																					
Air temperature:	7.0 °C	L1:	1.4 m																																																																				
Relative air humidity:	84.0 %	L2:	0.4 m																																																																				
Test room volume:	102.8 m ³	Room:	Room 2	L3:	0.9 m																																																																		
Area, S, of test room:	138.9 m ²			Volume:	0.5 m ³																																																																		
<table border="1"> <caption>Data extracted from the sound power level chart</caption> <thead> <tr> <th>Frequency, f, Hz</th> <th>L_w, dB</th> <th>L_{wA}, dB</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr><td>100</td><td>67.3</td><td>57.1</td></tr> <tr><td>125</td><td>64.4</td><td>55.6</td></tr> <tr><td>160</td><td>66.0</td><td>57.4</td></tr> <tr><td>200</td><td>63.1</td><td>54.4</td></tr> <tr><td>250</td><td>59.5</td><td>52.4</td></tr> <tr><td>315</td><td>59.2</td><td>51.6</td></tr> <tr><td>400</td><td>58.6</td><td>50.8</td></tr> <tr><td>500</td><td>57.4</td><td>49.1</td></tr> <tr><td>630</td><td>59.6</td><td>46.3</td></tr> <tr><td>800</td><td>57.1</td><td>44.9</td></tr> <tr><td>1000</td><td>54.4</td><td>44.9</td></tr> <tr><td>1250</td><td>52.4</td><td>43.1</td></tr> <tr><td>1600</td><td>51.6</td><td>41.3</td></tr> <tr><td>2000</td><td>49.8</td><td>39.9</td></tr> <tr><td>2500</td><td>49.1</td><td>38.9</td></tr> <tr><td>3150</td><td>46.3</td><td>38.9</td></tr> <tr><td>4000</td><td>44.9</td><td>38.9</td></tr> <tr><td>5000</td><td>39.9</td><td>38.9</td></tr> <tr><td>6300</td><td>38.9</td><td>38.9</td></tr> <tr><td>8000</td><td>40.7</td><td>38.9</td></tr> <tr><td>10000</td><td>41.7</td><td>38.9</td></tr> </tbody> </table>						Frequency, f, Hz	L _w , dB	L _{wA} , dB	100	67.3	57.1	125	64.4	55.6	160	66.0	57.4	200	63.1	54.4	250	59.5	52.4	315	59.2	51.6	400	58.6	50.8	500	57.4	49.1	630	59.6	46.3	800	57.1	44.9	1000	54.4	44.9	1250	52.4	43.1	1600	51.6	41.3	2000	49.8	39.9	2500	49.1	38.9	3150	46.3	38.9	4000	44.9	38.9	5000	39.9	38.9	6300	38.9	38.9	8000	40.7	38.9	10000	41.7	38.9
Frequency, f, Hz	L _w , dB	L _{wA} , dB																																																																					
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Sound power level L_w(A): 65.2 dB [re 1pW], Uncertainty σ_{tot}: 1.6 dB																																																																							
Name of test institute:	DTI	Date:	18-01-2024																																																																				
No. of test report:	300-KLAB-23-039																																																																						
Measurements are in full conformity with ISO 3743-1																																																																							





Detailed test results of sound power measurement – Test N#4

Sound power levels according to ISO 3743-1:2010																																																																			
Engineering method for small, movable sources in reverberant fields - Comparison method for hard-walled test rooms																																																																			
Client:	Midea	Date of test: 18-01-2024																																																																	
Object:	Type: Mono Air to water heat pump, Model: MHC-V16W/D2RN8-BER90																																																																		
Mounting conditions:	The outdoor unit is mounted on the supporting metal support frame using six vibration insulators and placed on four pieces of concrete tiles (20x20x2.5 cm). All of these are placed in a water drop dry on two pieces of heavy concrete tiles (90x90x10cm) laying on a vibration damping mat on the floor. The noise radiated by the outdoor unit has been measured in Test room 2.																																																																		
Operating conditions:	A7/W55, Compressor speed: 32[Hz], Fan speed: 450[rpm], Pump speed: 30 [%], EXV1(P): 92, Heating capacity: 7.1 [kW], Power_input: 2.34 [kW], Water flow rate: 765 [l/h]																																																																		
Static pressure:	996 hPa	Reference box:																																																																	
Air temperature:	7.0 °C	L1: 1.4 m																																																																	
Relative air humidity:	84.0 %	L2: 0.4 m																																																																	
Test room volume:	102.8 m ³	L3: 0.9 m																																																																	
Area, S, of test room:	138.9 m ²	Volume: 0.5 m ³																																																																	
<table border="1"><thead><tr><th>Frequency f [Hz]</th><th>L_w 1/3 octave [dB]</th><th>1/1 oct [dB]</th></tr></thead><tbody><tr><td>100</td><td>56.7</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>125</td><td>52.6</td><td>58.6</td></tr><tr><td>160</td><td>49.0</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>200</td><td>49.5</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>250</td><td>51.4</td><td>55.5</td></tr><tr><td>315</td><td>51.1</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>400</td><td>50.1</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>500</td><td>48.9</td><td>55.1</td></tr><tr><td>630</td><td>51.5</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>800</td><td>47.8</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>1000</td><td>44.0</td><td>50.0</td></tr><tr><td>1250</td><td>41.7</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>1600</td><td>40.2</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>2000</td><td>38.5</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>2500</td><td>34.5</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>3150</td><td>33.5</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>4000</td><td>30.9</td><td>36.1</td></tr><tr><td>5000</td><td>27.9</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>6300</td><td>35.1</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>8000</td><td>35.7</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>10000</td><td>35.0</td><td>40.0</td></tr></tbody></table>	Frequency f [Hz]	L _w 1/3 octave [dB]	1/1 oct [dB]	100	56.7		125	52.6	58.6	160	49.0		200	49.5		250	51.4	55.5	315	51.1		400	50.1		500	48.9	55.1	630	51.5		800	47.8		1000	44.0	50.0	1250	41.7		1600	40.2		2000	38.5		2500	34.5		3150	33.5		4000	30.9	36.1	5000	27.9		6300	35.1		8000	35.7		10000	35.0	40.0	
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Sound power level L _w (A): 55.6 dB [re 1pW], Uncertainty σ_{tot} : 1.6 dB																																																																			
Name of test institute: No. of test report:	DTI 300-KLAB-23-039	Date: 18-01-2024																																																																	
Measurements are in full conformity with ISO 3743-1																																																																			





Appendix 1 Sound power measurement

Unit specification

Type of unit: Mono air to water heat pump

Manufacturer: Midea

Size of the heat pump: 0.4 x 0.9 x 1.3m (W x L x H)

Year of production: n/a.

Operating conditions and environment

The operating conditions of the unit under test fulfill the requirements for Class A.

The acoustic test chamber is a hard wall reverberant room (103 m³) and equipped with relevant sound diffusing reflector panels. The acoustical test chamber fulfills the requirements of ISO3743-1 accuracy grade 2 (engineering grade).

The measurements of the average sound pressure levels in 1/3 octave frequency bands are carried out using three microphones in the test chamber. During the measurements, the microphones are traversed up and down for one meter in the arc of a quarter circle.

The picture below shows the installation of the unit during test, position of microphones, sound diffusing reflector panels, and the reference sound source.





Measurement instruments

Id nr.	Manufacturer	Description	Calibration company
100864	GRAS	Gras 40AE_26CA, ½" free field microphone, Room 1	Norsonic A/S, Norway
100865	GRAS	Gras 40AE_26CA, ½" free field microphone, Room 1	Norsonic A/S, Norway
100866	GRAS	Gras 40AE_26CA, ½" free field microphone, Room 1	Norsonic A/S, Norway
100867*	GRAS	Gras 40AE_26CA, ½" free field microphone, Room 2	Norsonic A/S, Norway
100868*	GRAS	Gras 40AE_26CA, ½" free field microphone, Room 2	Norsonic A/S, Norway
100869*	GRAS	Gras 40AE_26CA, ½" free field microphone, Room 2	Norsonic A/S, Norway
100870	GRAS	Gras 40AE_26CA, ½" free field microphone, Roof monitor	Norsonic A/S, Norway
100873*	Brüel & Kjær	Acoustical calibrator, Brüel & Kjær 4231	Element Metech, Denmark
100859	Norsonic	Reference sound source, Norsonic Nor278 Room 1	RISE, Sweden
100872*	Norsonic	Reference sound source, Norsonic Nor278 Room 2	RISE, Sweden
100620*	Norsonic	Multi-channel measurement system Nor850	Norsonic A/S, Norway

*Instruments are used for the actual measurements for the calculation of the test results.

The other instruments are used for control measurements.

All microphones are equipped with windshields.



Test Procedure

The measurements of the emitted sound power level from the heat pump are carried out according to the following standard:

- DS/EN 14511:2022
- EN 12102-1:2022
- ISO/EN 3743-1:2010

The basic acoustic measurement standard DS/EN 3743-1 is a comparison method using a calibrated reference sound source. Two series of sound pressure measurements are made under exactly the same acoustic conditions, e.g., the same microphone positions, temperature and air humidity. The calibrated sound power levels are known for the reference sound source at each frequency band, and they are used in the estimation of the acoustical correction factor for the calculation of the sound power emitted from the unit under test. The background noise levels are measured and used for relevant corrections.

The final total A-weighted sound power level is based on measurements and calculations in 1/3-octave levels, which then are summed into 1/1-octave levels. The A-weighted total sound power level is determined for the measured frequency range from 100 Hz to 10 kHz.

The actual microphone positions and correction values are saved in data files linked to the complete project documentation according to the DANAK-accreditation.

The complete measurement system is documented and regularly calibrated according to DANAK.

The detailed description of the measurement method is given in Danish in the quality database system "QA Web" at Danish Technological Institute, which is accessible by DANAK.

Measurement uncertainty

The uncertainty of sound power level in decibel is determined in accordance with ISO 3743-1, equation 22 $\sigma_{tot} = \sqrt{\sigma_{RO}^2 + \sigma_{omc}^2}$ where:

- σ_{RO} is the standard deviation of the reproducibility of the method
- σ_{omc} is the standard deviation describing the uncertainty associated with the instability of the operating and mounting conditions for the particular noise source during test.

σ_{RO} expresses the uncertainty in test results delivered by the different accredited test laboratories due to different instrumentation and implementation of measurement procedure as well different radiation characteristics of the noise source during test.

σ_{omc} expresses the uncertainty associated with the instability of the operating and mounting conditions for the particular noise source during test. The mounting and installation conditions in two DTI acoustical test chambers are well defined in the test procedure. Possible instability of the operating conditions is monitored and assessed prior to each noise test.



The test uncertainty σ_{omc} is calculated according to ISO3743-1 Annex C formula C.1 and is typically below 0.5dB. However, the uncertainty is rounded up to the nearest 0.5dB increment in the report. As pr. Table C.1 (accuracy grade 2), the uncertainty σ_{RO} is set to 1.5.

The expanded uncertainty U is calculated according to ISO 3743-1 equation 23:
 $U = k \sigma_{tot}$ where $k = 2$ for 95% confidence.

EXAMPLE: $\sigma_{tot}: \sqrt{1.5^2 + 0.5^2} = 1.6 \text{ dB}$ and $U(95\%) = 3.2 \text{ dB}$

Note: The expanded uncertainty does not include the standard deviation of production which is used in ISO4871 for the purpose of making noise declaration for batches of machines.



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Appendix 2 Authorization letter

Authorization Letter

This declaration of conformity is issued under the sole responsibility of

Manufacturer's Name: GD Midea HEATING&VENTILATING Equipment Co.,Ltd.

Manufacturer's Address: Midea Industrial City, Shunde, Foshan, Guangdong, P.R. China

We declare that the following product we produced for WIENKRA SP. Z O.O are identical to our following models

Midea model	SEVRA model
MHC-V12W/D2RN8-B	SEV-HPMO3-12
MHC-V14W/D2RN8-B	SEV-HPMO3-14
MHC-V16W/D2RN8-B	SEV-HPMO3-16

Company name: WIENKRA SP. Z O.O

Tradename /-mark: SEVRA

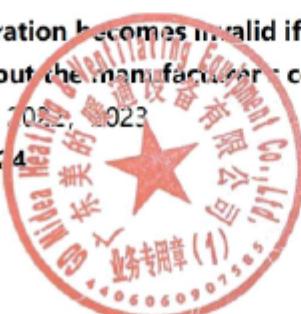
Address: Biuro Handlowe Krakow, ul. Kotlarska 34A, 31-539 Krakow

Note: This declaration becomes invalid if technical or operational modifications are introduced without the manufacturer's consent.

Production year: 2023

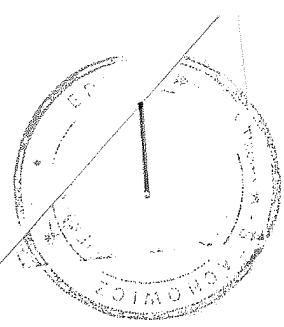
Date : 15/08/2024

Authorization:



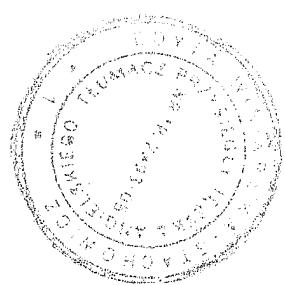
DANAK

Test Reg. nr. 300



Mgr Edyta Winiarska-Stachowicz
Tłumacz przysięgły języka angielskiego
Ul. Kazimierza Wielkiego 4/4, Kraków
tel. 609-570-720

Uwierzytelnione tłumaczenie z języka angielskiego





DANISH
TECHNOLOGICAL
INSTITUTE

RAPORT Z PRZEPROWADZONEJ PROBÓY

Nr raportu:
300-KLAB-23-039-23

Teknologiparken
Kongsvang Allé 29
DK-8000 Aarhus C
+45 72 20 20 00
Info@teknologisk.dk
www.teknologisk.dk

Strona 1 z 44
Znak: PRES/RTHI/AAS
Nr pliku: 226006
Załączniki: 2

Klient: Firma: GD MIDEA HEATING & VENTILATING EQUIPMENT CO., LTD.
Adres: Penglai Industry Road, Beijiao
Miejscowość: Shunde, Foshan, Guangdong, 528311, Chiny
Tel.: +86 13902810522

Badana jednostka: Marka: Midea
Typ: Pompa ciepła typu powietrze-woda (monoblok)
Model: MHC-V16W/D2RN8-B
Nr fabr.: 541K814480238190100003
Rok prod.: Jedn. zewnętrzna: N/D
Data: Okres wykon. próby: grudzień 2023 – styczeń 2024

Nazwa marki: Marka: SEVRA
Typ: Pompa ciepła typu powietrze-woda (monoblok)
Model: SEV-HPM03-16

Procedury W rozdziale Cel przeprowadzenia próby (strona 3) znajduje się wykaz norm.

Uwagi: Urządzenie dostarczył klient. Instalacja i ustawienia testowe zostały wykonane zgodnie z zaleceniami klienta. Pomiędzy każdą próbą klient zmieniał poszczególne parametry, takie jak prędkość sprężarki, zawór rozprężny, prędkość wentylatora, prędkość pompy, czas odszraniania, czas ogrzewania. Raport dla testowanej jednostki nosi nazwę 300-KLAB-23-039; wydano go 21.03.2024. Prosimy zapoznać się również z załącznikiem 2.

Warunki przeprowa- dzenia próby: Niniejsza próba została przeprowadzona w ramach akredytacji zgodnie z międzynarodowymi wymogami (ISO/IEC 17025:2017) oraz zgodnie z Ogólnymi Warunkami Duńskiego Instytutu Technologicznego. Wyniki próby odnoszą się wyłącznie do testowanego produktu. Niniejszy raport z przeprowadzonej próby można przytaczać we fragmentach wyłącznie za pisemną zgodą Duńskiego Instytutu Technologicznego.

Klient nie może powoływać się na Duński Instytut Technologiczny lub jego pracowników w celach reklamowych lub marketingowych, chyba że Duński Instytut Technologiczny wyrazi na to każdorazowo pisemną zgodę.

Oddział/ Centrum: Danish Technological Institute
Energy and Climate
Heat Pump Laboratory, Aarhus

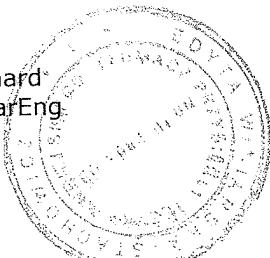
Data: 23.08.2024

Podpis:
Preben Eskerod
B.TecMan & MarEng

Współpraca:
Rasmus Thisgaard
B.TecMan & MarEng



Test Reg. nr. 300





Pompy ciepła o identycznej budowie

Według GD MIDEA HEATING & VENTILATING EQUIPMENT CO. LTD. pompy ciepła wyszczególnione w poniższej tabeli są uważane za identyczne wraz z testowaną jednostką. Mają one identyczne:

- a. wydajność grzewczą
- b. obieg czynnika chłodniczego (w tym objętość czynnika chłodniczego)
- c. źródło ciepła i ujścia ciepła
- d. główne komponenty / zasadę działania i sterowania
- e. identyczną obudowę

Marka	Model 380-415V 3-faz./50Hz
Midea	MHC-V16W/D2RN8-B
Midea	MHC-V16W/D2RN8-BE30
Midea	MHC-V16W/D2RN8-BER90
Midea	MHC-V16W/D2RN8-B1
Midea	MHC-V16W/D2RN8-B1 E30
Midea	MHC-V16W/D2RN8-B1 ER90
Midea	MHC-V16W/D2RN8-B2
Midea	MHC-V16W/D2RN8-B2E30
Midea	MHC-V16W/D2RN8-B2ER90

Marka	Model 220-240 1-faz./50Hz
Midea	MHC-V16W/D2N8-B
Midea	MHC-V16W/D2N8-BE30
Midea	MHC-V16W/D2N8-BER90
Midea	MHC-V16W/D2N8-B1
Midea	MHC-V16W/D2N8-B1E30
Midea	MHC-V16W/D2N8-B1ER90
Midea	MHC-V16W/D2N8-B2
Midea	MHC-V16W/D2N8-B2E30
Midea	MHC-V16W/D2N8-B2ER90



Cel przeprowadzenia próby

Celem niniejszego raportu jest udokumentowanie następujących kwestii:

Sezonowy współczynnik wydajności (SCOP) przy zastosowaniu w niskiej i średniej temperaturze dla klimatu umiarkowanego zgodnie z normą EN 14825:2022.

W celu obliczenia SCOP przeprowadzono próby w warunkach obciążenia częściowego podanych w tabelach na stronie 5 i 6.

Próba obciążenia częściowego SCOP w warunkach SCOP_B i SCOP_C przy zastosowaniu w niskiej temperaturze dla cieplejszego klimatu zgodnie z normą EN 14825:2022.

Próba obciążenia częściowego SCOP w warunkach SCOP_A i SCOP_{FG} przy zastosowaniu w niskiej temperaturze dla cieplejszego klimatu zgodnie z normą EN 14825:2022.

Standardowe warunki znamionowe próby COP A7/W35 i A7/W55 według normy EN 14511:2022

Wymagania eksploatacyjne według normy EN 14511-4:2022

- 4.2.1 Próby rozruchowe i eksploatacyjne
- 4.5 Odcięcie przepływu czynnika przenoszącego ciepło
- 4.6 Całkowite odcięcie zasilania

Pomiary mocy akustycznej według normy EN 12102-1:2022



Warunki prowadzenia próby

Warunki próby SCOP dla niskich temperatur – EN 14825

Warunki częściowego obciążenia dla referencyjnego SCOP i referencyjnego SCOPon do obliczania jednostek powietrze-woda dla zastosowań niskotemperaturowych dla referencyjnego sezonu grzewczego;

„A” = umiarkowanie, „W” = cieplej, „C” = chłodniej.

	Współczynnik obciążenia częściowego w %				Zewnętrzny wymiennik ciepła		Wewnętrzny wymiennik ciepła			
					Temperatura termometru suchego (mokrego) °C		Wylot stały °C	Wylot zmienny °C		
	Wzór	War. umiarkow.	Cieplej	Chłodniej	Powietrze zewnętrzne	Powietrze wylotowe		Wsz. war. klimatyczne	War. umiarkow.	Cieplej
A	(-7 - 16) / ($T_{designh} - 16$)	88,46	n.d.	60,53	-7(-8)	20(12)	^a / 35	^a / 34	n.d.	^a / 30
B	(+2 - 16) / ($T_{designh} - 16$)	53,85	100,00	36,84	2(1)	20(12)	^a / 35	^a / 30	^a / 35	^a / 27
C	(+7 - 16) / ($T_{designh} - 16$)	34,62	64,29	23,68	7(6)	20(12)	^a / 35	^a / 27	^a / 31	^a / 25
D	(+12 - 16) / ($T_{designh} - 16$)	15,38	28,57	10,53	12(11)	20(12)	^a / 35	^a / 24	^a / 26	^a / 24
E	$(TOL^e - 16) / (T_{designh} - 16)$				TOL^e	20(12)	^a / 35	^a / b	^a / b	^a / b
F	$(T_{biv} - 16) / (T_{designh} - 16)$				T_{biv}	20(12)	^a / 35	^a / c	^a / c	^a / c
G	(-15 - 16) / ($T_{designh} - 16$)	n.d.	n.d.	81,58	-15	20(12)	^a / 35	n.d.	n.d.	^a / 32

Informacje dodatkowe

Uwarunk. klimatyczne	$T_{designh}$ [°C]	$T_{bivalent}$ [°C]	TOL [°C]	Temperatura zewnętrzna	Natężenie przepływu
War. Umiarkow.	-10	-7	-10	Zmienna	Zmienne
Chłodniej	-22	-15	-22	Zmienna	Zmienne
Cieplej	2	7	2	Zmienna	Zmienne



Warunki próby SCOP dla średnich temperatur – EN 14825

Warunki częściowego obciążenia dla referencyjnego SCOP i referencyjnego SCOPon do obliczania jednostek powietrze-woda dla zastosowań średniotemperaturowych dla referencyjnego sezonu grzewczego;

„A” = umiarkowanie, „W” = cieplej, „C” = chłodniej.

	Współczynnik obciążenia częściowego w %				Zewnętrzny wymiennik ciepła		Wewnętrzny wymiennik ciepła			
					Temperatura termometru suchego (mokrego) °C		Wylot stały °C	Wylot zmienny °C		
	Wzór	War. umiarkow.	Cieplej	Chłodniej	Powietrze zewnętrzne	Powietrze wylotowe		Wsz. war. klimatyczne	War. umiarkow.	Cieplej
A	(-7 - 16) / ($T_{\text{designh}} - 16$)	88,46	n.d.	60,53	-7(-8)	20(12)	^a / 55	^a / 52	n.d.	^a / 44
B	(+2 - 16) / ($T_{\text{designh}} - 16$)	53,85	100	36,84	2(1)	20(12)	^a / 55	^a / 42	^a / 55	^a / 37
C	(+7 - 16) / ($T_{\text{designh}} - 16$)	34,62	64,29	23,68	7(6)	20(12)	^a / 55	^a / 36	^a / 46	^a / 32
D	(+12 - 16) / ($T_{\text{designh}} - 16$)	15,38	28,57	10,53	12(11)	20(12)	^a / 55	^a / 30	^a / 34	^a / 28
E	$(TOL^e - 16) / (T_{\text{designh}} - 16)$				TOL^e	20(12)	^a / 55	^a / b	^a / b	^a / b
F	$(T_{\text{biv}} - 16) / (T_{\text{designh}} - 16)$				T_{biv}	20(12)	^a / 55	^a / c	^a / c	^a / c
^a / ^c	(-15-16)/($T_{\text{designh}} - 16$)	n.d.	n.d.	81,58	-15	20(12)	^a / 55	n.d.	n.d.	^a / 49

Informacje dodatkowe

Uwarunk. klimatyczne	T_{designh} [°C]	T_{bivalent} [°C]	TOL [°C]	Temperatura zewnętrzna	Natężenie przepływu
War. umiarkow.	-10	-7	-10	Zmienna	Zmienne





Warunki próby COP dla niskich temperatur – EN 14511

N°	Źródło ciepła		Ujście ciepła	
	Temperatura termometru suchego na wlocie (°C)	Temperatura termometru mokrego na wlocie (°C)	Temperatura wlotowa (°C)	Temperatura wylotowa (°C)
1 ^S	7	6	30	35

S: Standardowy warunek znamionowy

Warunki próby COP dla umiarkowanych temperatur – EN 14511

N°	Źródło ciepła		Ujście ciepła	
	Temperatura termometru suchego na wlocie (°C)	Temperatura termometru mokrego na wlocie (°C)	Temperatura wlotowa (°C)	Temperatura wylotowa (°C)
1 ^S	7	6	47	55

S: Standardowy warunek znamionowy

Warunki próby dla wymagań eksploatacyjnych – EN 14511-4

N°	Źródło ciepła		Ujście ciepła	Natężenie przepływu wody w wewnętrznym wymienniku ciepła	Próba
	Temperatura termometru suchego na wlocie (°C)	Temperatura termometru mokrego na wlocie (°C)	Temperatura wlotowa (°C)		
1	-25	-	12	800 l/h	Rozpoczęcie
2	-25	-	38	710 l/h	Eksplotacyjna





Warunki prowadzenia próby podczas odcięcia nośnika ciepła – EN 14511-4

N°	Źródło ciepła		Ujście ciepła		Wymiennik ciepła
	Temperatura termometru suchego na wlocie (°C)	Temperatura termometru mokrego na wlocie (°C)	Temperatura wlotowa (°C)	Temperatura wylotowa (°C)	
1	7	6	47	55	Wewnętrzny
2	7	6	47	55	Zewnętrzny

Warunki prowadzenia próby w przypadku odcięcia zasilania – EN 14511-4

N°	Źródło ciepła		Ujście ciepła	
	Temperatura termometru suchego na wlocie (°C)	Temperatura termometru mokrego na wlocie (°C)	Temperatura wlotowa (°C)	Temperatura wylotowa (°C)
1	7	6	47	55

Warunki prowadzenia prób dla pomiarów mocy akustycznej – EN 12102-1

N°	Warunki prowadzenia próby		Ustawienia pompy ciepła			
	Zewnętrzny wymiennik ciepła (termometr suchy/termometr mokry) (°C)	Wewnętrzny wymiennik ciepła (wlot/wylot) (°C)	Prędkość obrotowa sprężarki (Hz)	Prędkość obrotowa wentylatora na zewnątrz (obr./min.)	Wydajność grzewcza (kW)	Moc wejściowa (kW)
1 ^F	7/6	30/35	64	730	15,70	3,49
2 ^P	7/6	30/35	24	400	5,67	1,16
3 ^F	7/6	47/55	72	650	16,14	5,65
4 ^E	7/6	47/55	32	450	7,10	2,34

F) pełne obciążenie, P) częściowe obciążenie i E) etykietowanie ErP



Wyniki przeprowadzonej próby

Wyniki przeprowadzonej próby SCOP w niskiej temperaturze - średnia sezonu grzewczego - EN 14825

Model (zewnętrzny)	MHC-V16W/D2RN8-B		
Monoblokowa pompa ciepła powietrze-woda	Y		
Niskotemperaturowa pompa ciepła	N		
Wyposażona w dodatkowy podgrzewacz	Y		
Podgrzewacz kombinowany z pompą ciepła	N		
Odwracalna	Y		

Znamionowa moc cieplna¹⁾	P _{rated}	15,2 [kW]
Sezonowa efektywność energetyczna ogrzewania pomieszczeń	n _s	184,1 [%]
	SCOP	4,68 [-]

Zmierzona wydajność ogrzewania dla częściowego obciążenia przy temperaturze zewnętrznej T_j	Umiark. war. klimatyczne	T _j =-15°C	Pdh	-[kW]
	Aplikacja niskotemperaturowa	T _j =-7°C	Pdh	13,27 [kW]
		T _j =2°C	Pdh	8,24 [kW]
		T _j =7°C	Pdh	6,26 [kW]
		T _j =12°C	Pdh	7,26 [kW]
		T _j =temperatura dwuwartościowa	Pdh	13,27 [kW]
		T _j =limit operacyjny	Pdh	12,62 [kW]

Zmierzony współczynnik wydajności przy temperaturze zewnętrznej T_j	Umiark. war. klimatyczne	T _j =-15°C	COPd	-[-]
	Aplikacja niskotemperaturowa	T _j =-7°C	COPd	2,64 [-]
		T _j =2°C	COPd	4,59 [-]
		T _j =7°C	COPd	6,62 [-]
		T _j =12°C	COPd	8,13 [-]
		T _j =temperatura dwuwartościowa	COPd	2,64 [-]
		T _j =limit operacyjny	COPd	2,51 [-]

Temperatura dwuwartościowa	Tbivalent	-7 [°C]
Limit operacyjny temperatury	TOL	-10 [°C]
Współczynnik utraty energii	WTOL	- [°C]
	Cdh	0,97 [-]

Pobór mocy w trybach innych niż tryb aktywny	Tryb wyl.	P _{off}	0,021 [kW]
	Tryb wyl. termostatu	P _{TO}	0,026 [kW]
	Tryb oczekiwania	P _{SB}	0,021 [kW]
	Tryb grzania skrzyni korbowej ²⁾	P _{CK}	0,021 [kW]
Podgrzewacz dodatkowy¹⁾	Znamionowa moc cieplna	P _{SUP}	2,58 [kW]
	Rodzaj dostarczanej energii		Elektryczna

Pozostałe elementy	Sterowanie przepustowością	Zmienne
	Sterowanie przepływem wody	Zmienne
	Natężenie przepływu wody	-
	Roczné zapotrzebowanie na energię	Q _{HE} 6712 [kWh]

¹⁾ W przypadku ogrzewaczy pomieszczeń z pompą ciepła i wielofunkcyjnych ogrzewaczy z pompą ciepła znamionowa moc cieplna Prated, jest równa projektowemu obciążeniu grzewczemu, Pdesignh, a znamionowa moc cieplna dodatkowego ogrzewacza psup, jest równa dodatkowej wydajności grzewczej, sup(T_j).

²⁾ Do obliczenia SCOP stosuje się wartość PCK-PSB. Zob. str. 15



DANAK

Test Reg. nr. 300



Wyniki próby SCOP w średnich temperaturach - średnia sezonu grzewczego – EN 14825

Model (zewnętrzny)	MHC-V16W/D2RN8-B		
Monoblokowa pompa ciepła powietrze-woda		Y	
Niskotemperaturowa pompa ciepła		N	
Wyposażona w dodatkowy podgrzewacz		Y	
Podgrzewacz kombinowany z pompą ciepła		N	
Odwraclalna		Y	

Znamionowa moc cieplna¹⁾	P_{rated}	13 [kW]
Sezonowa efektywność energetyczna ogrzewania pomieszczeń	n_s SCOP	137,3 [%] 3,51 [-]

Zmierzona wydajność ogrzewania dla częściowego obciążenia przy temperaturze zewnętrznej T_j	Umiark. war. klimatyczne Aplikacja średniotemperaturowa	$T_j=-15^{\circ}\text{C}$	Pdh	- [kW]
		$T_j=-7^{\circ}\text{C}$	Pdh	11,68 [kW]
		$T_j=2^{\circ}\text{C}$	Pdh	7,29 [kW]
		$T_j=7^{\circ}\text{C}$	Pdh	6,03 [kW]
		$T_j=12^{\circ}\text{C}$	Pdh	6,89 [kW]
		$T_j=\text{temperatura dwuwartościowa}$	Pdh	11,68 [kW]
		$T_j=\text{limit operacyjny}$	Pdh	10,53 [kW]

Zmierzony współczynnik wydajności przy temperaturze zewnętrznej T_j	Umiark. war. klimatyczne Aplikacja średniotemperaturowa	$T_j=-15^{\circ}\text{C}$	COPd	- [-]
		$T_j=-7^{\circ}\text{C}$	COPd	2,02 [-]
		$T_j=2^{\circ}\text{C}$	COPd	3,42 [-]
		$T_j=7^{\circ}\text{C}$	COPd	4,93 [-]
		$T_j=12^{\circ}\text{C}$	COPd	6,02 [-]
		$T_j=\text{temperatura dwuwartościowa}$	COPd	2,02 [-]
		$T_j=\text{limit operacyjny}$	COPd	1,82 [-]

Temperatura dwuwartościowa	Tbivalent	-7 [°C]
Limit operacyjny temperatury	TOL	-10 [°C]
Współczynnik utraty energii	WTOL	- [°C]
	Cdh	0,98 [-]

Pobór mocy w trybach innych niż tryb aktywny	Tryb wył.	P_{OFF}	0,021 [kW]
	Tryb wył. termostatu	P_{TO}	0,026 [kW]
	Tryb oczekiwania	P_{SB}	0,021 [kW]
	Tryb grzania skrzyni korbowej	P_{ck}	0,021 [kW]
Podgrzewacz dodatkowy¹⁾	Znamionowa moc cieplna	P_{SUP}	2,47 [kW]
	Rodzaj dostarczanej energii		Elektryczna

Pozostałe elementy	Sterowanie przepustowością	Zmienne
	Sterowanie przepływem wody	Zmienne
	Natężenie przepływu wody	-
	Roczné zapotrzebowanie na energię	Q_{HE} 7655 [kWh]

¹⁾ W przypadku ogrzewaczy pomieszczeń z pompą ciepła i wielofunkcyjnych ogrzewaczy z pompą ciepła znamionowa moc cieplna Prated, jest równa projektowemu obciążeniu grzewczemu, Pdesignh, a znamionowa moc cieplna dodatkowego ogrzewacza, Psup, jest równa dodatkowej wydajności grzewczej, sup(Tj).

²⁾ Do obliczenia SCOP stosuje się wartość PCK-PSB. Zob. str. 17



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Wyniki próby dla cieplejszego klimatu; niska temperatura zgodnie z EN14825

Nº	Warunki prowadzenia próby	Wydajność grzewcza [kW]	COP
1	B	13,106	3,508
2	Tbivalent F oraz C	8,750	5,514

Wyniki próby dla chłodniejszego klimatu; niska temperatura zgodnie z EN14825

Nº	Warunki prowadzenia próby	Wydajność grzewcza [kW]	COP
1	A	8,383	3,315
2	Tbivalent F oraz G	11,301	2,497

Wyniki próby COP - niska temperatura – EN 14511

Nº	Warunki prowadzenia próby	Wydajność grzewcza [kW]	COP
1	A7/W35	15,707	4,498

Wyniki próby COP - średnia temperatura - EN 14511

Nº	Warunki prowadzenia próby	Wydajność grzewcza [kW]	COP
1	A7/W55	16,139	2,854



Wyniki próby rozruchu i próby eksploatacyjnej - EN 14511-4

N [#]	Warunki próby na wlocie powietrza/wody [°C]	Walidacja próby
Rozpoczęcie	A-25/W18	Pozytywna
Eksplotacyjna	A-25/W38	Pozytywna

Wyniki próby dla odcięcia nośnika ciepła - EN 14511-4

N [#]	Wymiennik ciepła	Walidacja próby
1	Wewnętrzny	Pozytywna
2	Zewnętrzny	Pozytywna

Wyniki próby dla odcięcia zasilania - EN 14511-4

N [#]	Walidacja próby
1	Pozytywna



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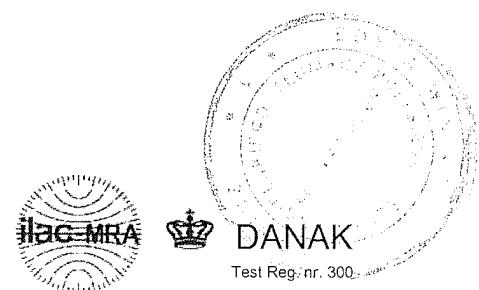
Wyniki próby pomiaru mocy akustycznej - EN 12102-1

N [#]	Warunki prowadzenia próby	Poziom mocy akustycznej LW(A) [dB re 1pW]	Niepewność σ _{tot} [dB]
1 ^F	A7/W35	66,5	1,6
2 ^P	A7/W35	51,5	1,6
3 ^F	A7/W55	65,2	1,6
4 ^E	A7/55	55,6	1,6

F) pełne obciążenie, P) częściowe obciążenie i E) etykietowanie ErP

Całkowity poziom mocy akustycznej skorygowany charakterystyką A jest określany dla mierzonego zakresu częstotliwości od 100 Hz do 10 kHz. W celu obliczenia niepewności należy zapoznać się z załącznikiem 1.

Pomiar mocy akustycznej zostały przeprowadzone przez Kamalathasana Arumugama (KAMA) i nadzorowane przez Patricka Gliberta (PGL) z Duńskiego Instytutu Technologicznego.





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Załącznik 2 List uwierzytelniający

List uwierzytelniający

Niniejsza deklaracja zgodności została wydana na wyjątkową odpowiedzialność producenta: GD Midea HEATING&VENTILATING Equipment Co.,Ltd.
Adres producenta: Midea Industrial City, Shunde, Foshan, Guangdong, P.R. Chiny
Oświadczamy, że następujące produkty wyprodukowane przez nas na rzecz firmy WIENKRA sp. z o. o. są identyczne z naszymi następującymi modelami:

Model Midea	Model SEVRA
MHC-V12W/D2RN8-B	SEV-HPMO3-12
MHC-V14W.D2RN8-B	SEV-HPMO3-I4
MHC-V16W/D2RN8-B	SEV-HPMO3-16

Nazwa firmy: WIENKRA sp. z o. o.

Nazwa handlowa: SEVRA

Adres: Biuro Handlowe Kraków, ul. Kotlarska 34A, 31-539 Kraków

Informacja: Niniejsza deklaracja traci ważność w przypadku wprowadzenia przeróbek technicznych lub użytkowych bez zgody producenta.

Rok produkcji: 2022, 2023

Data: 15/08/2024

Pieczętka: [Okrągła czerwona pieczętka o treści:]

GD MIDEA HEATING & VENTILATING EQUIPMENT CO., LTD.



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Test Rea. nr. 300

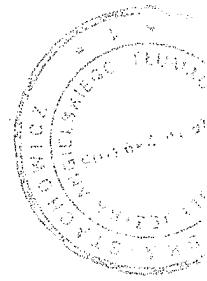
Poświadczam zgodność powyższego tłumaczenia z okazanym mi dokumentem w języku angielskim.

Kraków, dnia 18 września 2024 r.

Rep. nr 09/608/24

Edyta Winiarska-Stachowicz
Tłumacz przysięgły języka angielskiego





OŚWIADCZENIE

Producent	SEVRA	oświadcza, iż pompy ciepła
1) SEV-HPM03-12	Oznaczenie/typ/identyfikator modelu	
2) SEV-HPM03-14	Oznaczenie/typ/identyfikator modelu	
3) SEV-HPM03-16	Oznaczenie/typ/identyfikator modelu	
4)	Oznaczenie/typ/identyfikator modelu	
5)	Oznaczenie/typ/identyfikator modelu	

Należą do jednego podtypu w danym typoszeregu i spełniają łącznie następujące warunki:

- identyczna konstrukcja obiegu chłodniczego, ten sam czynnik chłodniczy/roboczy;
- ten sam producent, typ i liczba sprężarek;
- ten sam typ elementu rozprężnego;
- ten sam typ skraplacza;
- ten sam typ parownika;
- ten sam typ procesu odszraniania;
- ten sam sterownik i zasada sterowania wydajnością;
- ten sam producent, typ i liczba wentylatorów parownika (w przypadku powietrznych pomp ciepła) i zasada sterowania wydajnością (stała, zmienna lub stopniowana regulacja prędkości obrotowej);
- urządzenia z i bez zaworu czterodrogowego nie mogą być zaliczone do tego samego typoszeregu.

Kraków, 15.10.2024

Miejscowość, data

Maciej Kosmać

Podpis osoby upoważnionej