

TEST REPORT

Report no.:
300-KLAB-24-044 rev. 2 - 1



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Page 1 of 36
Init: KAMA/HSG
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Customer: Company: NINGBO AUX ELECTRIC CO., LTD
Address: NO.1166 MingGuang North Road
City: JiangShan Town, Yinzhou Disrtict, Ningbo, Zhejiang,China PR CHINA

Component: Brand: AUX
Type: Air to water heat pump (Split)
Model: Outdoor unit: ACHP-H08/4R3HA-O
Indoor unit: ACHP-H08/4R3HA-I
Series no.: Outdoor unit: 8E0384002404110001
Indoor unit: 8C1493002404210001
Prod. year: Outdoor unit:2024.04 Indoor unit:2024.04

Dates: Component tested: July 2024 – August 2024

Brand name: Brand: SEVRA
Type: Air to water heat pump (mono block)
Model: SEV-ACHP3-08-I / SEV-ACHP1-08-O

Remarks: This report replaces report 300-KLAB-24-044-1 issued 2024.09.11, as the customer name was changed. The unit was delivered by the customer. The installation and test settings were done according to the manufacturer's instructions. The report for the tested unit is named 300-KLAB-24-044 rev 1. issued 2024.08.23. Also see appendix 2.

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Division/Centre: Danish Technological Institute
Energy and Climate
Heat Pump Laboratory, Aarhus

Date: 2024.09.19

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DIGITALLY SIGNED DOCUMENT

20 September 2024

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Test Reg. nr. 300



Objective

The objective of this report is to document the following:

The Seasonal Coefficient of Performance (SCOP) at low and medium temperature application for average climate according to EN 14825:2022.

In order to calculate the SCOP, tests were carried out at the part load conditions stated in the tables on page 4 and 5.

COP test at standard rating conditions A7/W35 according to EN 14511:2022.

COP test at standard rating conditions A7/W55 according to EN 14511:2022.

Sound power measurements according to EN 12102-1:2022.



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Test conditions

SCOP test conditions for low temperature – EN 14825

Part load conditions for reference SCOP and reference SCOPon calculation of air to water units for low temperature application for the reference heating season;
"A" = average, "W" = warmer, and "C" = colder.

	Part load ratio in %				Outdoor heat exchanger		Indoor heat exchanger			
					Dry (wet) bulb temperature °C		Fixed outlet °C	Variable outlet ^d °C		
	Formula	Average	Warmer	Colder	Outdoor air	Exhaust air	All climates	Average	Warmer	Colder
A	$(-7 - 16) / (T_{designh} - 16)$	88,46	n.a.	60,53	-7(-8)	20(12)	^a / 35	^a / 34	n.a.	^a / 30
B	$(+2 - 16) / (T_{designh} - 16)$	53,85	100,00	36,84	2(1)	20(12)	^a / 35	^a / 30	^a / 35	^a / 27
C	$(+7 - 16) / (T_{designh} - 16)$	34,62	64,29	23,68	7(6)	20(12)	^a / 35	^a / 27	^a / 31	^a / 25
D	$(+12 - 16) / (T_{designh} - 16)$	15,38	28,57	10,53	12(11)	20(12)	^a / 35	^a / 24	^a / 26	^a / 24
E	$(TOL^e - 16) / (T_{designh} - 16)$				TOL^e	20(12)	^a / 35	^a / b	^a / b	^a / b
F	$(T_{biv} - 16) / (T_{designh} - 16)$				T_{biv}	20(12)	^a / 35	^a / c	^a / c	^a / c
G	$(-15 - 16) / (T_{designh} - 16)$	n.a.	n.a.	81,58	-15	20(12)	^a / 35	n.a.	n.a.	^a / 32

Additional information

Climate	$T_{designh}$ [°C]	$T_{bivalent}$ [°C]	TOL [°C]	Outlet temperature	Flow rate
Average	-10	-7	-10	Variable	Variable





SCOP test conditions for medium temperature – EN 14825

Part load conditions for reference SCOP and reference SCOPon calculation of air to water units for medium temperature application for the reference heating season;
"A" = average, "W" = warmer, and "C" = colder.

	Part load ratio in %				Outdoor heat exchanger		Indoor heat exchanger			
					Dry (wet) bulb temperature °C		Fixed outlet °C	Variable outlet ^d °C		
	Formula	Average	Warmer	Colder	Outdoor air	Exhaust air	All climates	Average	Warmer	Colder
A	$(-7 - 16) / (T_{\text{designh}} - 16)$	88,46	n.a.	60,53	-7(-8)	20(12)	^a / 55	^a / 52	n.a.	^a / 44
B	$(+2 - 16) / (T_{\text{designh}} - 16)$	53,85	100	36,84	2(1)	20(12)	^a / 55	^a / 42	^a / 55	^a / 37
C	$(+7 - 16) / (T_{\text{designh}} - 16)$	34,62	64,29	23,68	7(6)	20(12)	^a / 55	^a / 36	^a / 46	^a / 32
D	$(+12 - 16) / (T_{\text{designh}} - 16)$	15,38	28,57	10,53	12(11)	20(12)	^a / 55	^a / 30	^a / 34	^a / 28
E	$(TOL^e - 16) / (T_{\text{designh}} - 16)$				TOL^e	20(12)	^a / 55	^a / b	^a / b	^a / b
F	$(T_{\text{biv}} - 16) / (T_{\text{designh}} - 16)$				T_{biv}	20(12)	^a / 55	^a / c	^a / c	^a / c
G	$(-15 - 16) / (T_{\text{designh}} - 16)$	n.a.	n.a.	81,58	-15	20(12)	^a / 55	n.a.	n.a.	^a / 49

Additional information

Climate	T_{designh} [°C]	T_{bivalent} [°C]	TOL [°C]	Outlet temperature	Flow rate
Average	-10	-7	-10	Variable	Variable





COP test conditions - low temperature – EN 14511

N#	Heat source		Heat sink	
	Inlet dry bulb temperature (°C)	Inlet wet bulb temperature (°C)	Inlet temperature (°C)	Outlet temperature (°C)
1 ^s	7	6	30	35

S: Standard rating condition

COP test conditions - medium temperature – EN 14511

N#	Heat source		Heat sink	
	Inlet dry bulb temperature (°C)	Inlet wet bulb temperature (°C)	Inlet temperature (°C)	Outlet temperature (°C)
1 ^s	7	6	47	55

S: Standard rating condition

Test conditions for sound power measurement - EN12102-1

N#	Test condition		Heat pump setting			
	Ambient air temperature (°C)	Out/Indoor - heat exchanger (°C)	Compressor speed (Hz)	Fan speed (rpm)	Heating capacity (kW)	Power input (kW)
1 ¹	20	7/55	-	-	2.55	1.14
2 ²	7	7/55	25	400	2.55	1.14

1) Indoor unit

2) Outdoor unit





Test results

Test results of SCOP test at low temperature - heating season average - EN 14825

Model (Outdoor)	ACHP-H08/4R3HA-O		
Air-to-water heat pump mono bloc	N		
Low-temperature heat pump	N		
Equipped with supplementary heater	Y		
Heat pump combination heater	N		

Rated heat output¹⁾	P_{rated}	8.1 [kW]
Seasonal space heating energy efficiency	η_s	199.2 [%]
	SCOP	5.06 [-]

Measured capacity for heating for part load at outdoor temperature T_j	Average Climate - Low temperature application	$T_j=-15\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$	P_{dh}	- [kW]
		$T_j=-7\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$	P_{dh}	6.64 [kW]
		$T_j=2\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$	P_{dh}	4.18 [kW]
		$T_j=7\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$	P_{dh}	3.00 [kW]
		$T_j=12\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$	P_{dh}	2.47 [kW]
		$T_j=\text{bivalent temperature}$	P_{dh}	6.64 [kW]
		$T_j=\text{operation limit}$	P_{dh}	6.78 [kW]

Measured coefficient of performance at outdoor temperature T_j	Average Climate - Low temperature application	$T_j=-15\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$	COP_d	- [-]
		$T_j=-7\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$	COP_d	3.26 [-]
		$T_j=2\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$	COP_d	4.99 [-]
		$T_j=7\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$	COP_d	6.79 [-]
		$T_j=12\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$	COP_d	7.60 [-]
		$T_j=\text{bivalent temperature}$	COP_d	3.26 [-]
		$T_j=\text{operation limit}$	COP_d	2.90 [-]

Bivalent temperature	Tbivalent	-7 [°C]
Operation limit temperatures	TOL	-10 [°C]
temperatures	WTOL	- [°C]
Degradation coefficient	Cdh	0.90 [-]

Power consumption in modes other than active mode	Off mode	P_{OFF}	0.015 [kW]
	Thermostat-off mode	P_{TO}	0.060 [kW]
	Standby mode	P_{SB}	0.015 [kW]
	Crankcase heater mode	P_{CK}	0.011 [kW]
Supplementary heater¹⁾	Rated heat output	P_{SUP}	1.32 [kW]
	Type of energy input		Electrical

Other items	Capacity control	Variable
	Water flow control	Variable
	Water flow rate	-
	Annual energy consumption	Q_{HE}
		3310 [kWh]

¹⁾For heat pump space heaters and heat pump combination heaters, the rated heat output, P_{rated} , is equal to the design load for heating, $P_{designh}$, and the rated heat output of a supplementary heater, P_{sup} , is equal to the supplementary capacity for heating, $sup(T_j)$.



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Test results of SCOP test at medium temperature - heating season average – EN 14825

Model (Outdoor)	ACHP-H08/4R3HA-O	
Air-to-water heat pump mono bloc	N	
Low-temperature heat pump	N	
Equipped with supplementary heater	Y	
Heat pump combination heater	N	

Rated heat output¹⁾	P _{rated}	6.6 [kW]
Seasonal space heating energy efficiency	η _s	142.3 [%]
	SCOP	3.63 [-]

Measured capacity for heating for part load at outdoor temperature T_j	Average Climate - Medium temperature application	T _j =-15 °C	Pdh	- [kW]
		T _j =-7 °C	Pdh	6.20 [kW]
		T _j =2 °C	Pdh	3.83 [kW]
		T _j =7 °C	Pdh	2.52 [kW]
		T _j =12 °C	Pdh	2.23 [kW]
		T _j =bivalent temperature	Pdh	6.20 [kW]
		T _j =operation limit	Pdh	5.60 [kW]

Measured coefficient of performance at outdoor temperature T_j	Average Climate - Medium temperature application	T _j =-15 °C	COPd	- [-]
		T _j =-7 °C	COPd	2.29 [-]
		T _j =2 °C	COPd	3.61 [-]
		T _j =7 °C	COPd	4.61 [-]
		T _j =12 °C	COPd	6.30 [-]
		T _j =bivalent temperature	COPd	2.29 [-]
		T _j =operation limit	COPd	1.97 [-]

Bivalent temperature	Tbivalent	-7 [°C]
Operation limit	TOL	-10 [°C]
temperatures	WTOL	- [°C]
Degradation coefficient	Cdh	0.90 [-]

Power consumption in modes other than active mode	Off mode	P _{OFF}	0.015 [kW]
	Thermostat-off mode	P _{TO}	0.060 [kW]
	Standby mode	P _{SB}	0.015 [kW]
	Crankcase heater mode	P _{CK}	0.011 [kW]
Supplementary heater¹⁾	Rated heat output	P _{SUP}	1.00 [kW]
	Type of energy input		Electrical

Other items	Capacity control	Variable
	Water flow control	Variable
	Water flow rate	-
	Annual energy consumption	Q _{HE}

¹⁾For heat pump space heaters and heat pump combination heaters, the rated heat output, Prated, is equal to the design load for heating, Pdesignh, and the rated heat output of a supplementary heater, Psup, is equal to the supplementary capacity for heating, sup(Tj).





COP test results - low temperature – EN 14511

N#	Test conditions	Heating capacity [kW]	COP
1	A7/W35	8.367	4.994

COP test results - medium temperature – EN 14511

N#	Test conditions	Heating capacity [kW]	COP
1	A7/W55	8.354	3.075

Test results of sound power measurements - EN 12102-1

N#	Sound power level LW(A) [dB re 1pW]	Uncertainty (dB) (weighted value)
1 ¹	44.9	1.6
2 ²	53.8	1.6

- 1) Indoor unit
2) Outdoor unit

The A-weighted total sound power level is determined for the measured frequency range from 100 Hz to 10 kHz. For the calculation of uncertainty, see appendix 1.

The sound power measurements are carried out by Kamalathasan Arumugam (KAMA) and co-read by Patrick Glibert (PGL), Danish Technological Institute.





Photos

Rating plate outdoor unit



Outdoor unit

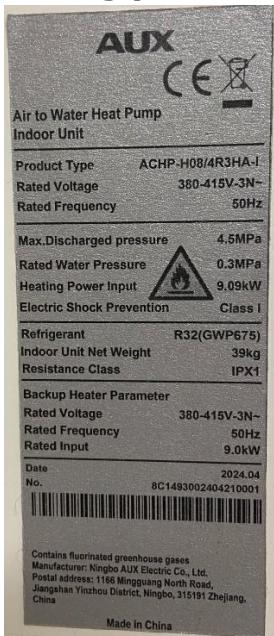




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Rating plate indoor unit



Indoor unit



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SCOP - detailed calculation

Detailed SCOP calculation of low temperature and average climate conditions – EN 14825

Calculation of reference SCOP

$$SCOP = \frac{P_{designh} \times H_{he}}{\frac{P_{designh} \times H_{he}}{SCOP_{on}} + H_{TO} \times P_{TO} + H_{SB} \times P_{SB} + H_{CK} \times P_{CK} + H_{OFF} \times P_{OFF}}$$

Where

P_{design} =

Heating load of the building at design temperature, kW

H_{he} =

Number of equivalent heating hours, 2066 h

$H_{TO}, H_{SB}, H_{CK}, H_{OFF}$ =

Number of hours for which the unit is considered to work in thermostat off mode, standby mode, crankcase heater mode and off mode, h, respectively

$P_{TO}, P_{SB}, P_{CK}, P_{OFF}$ =

Electricity consumption during thermostat off mode, standby mode, crankcase heater mode and off mode, kW, respectively

Data for SCOP

	Outdoor temperature [°C]	Part load ratio [%]	Part load [kW]	Declared capacity [kW]	Declared COP [-]	cdh [-]	CR [-]	COPbin [-]
A	-7	88	7.17	6.64	3.26	0.97	1.00	3.26
B	2	54	4.36	4.18	4.99	0.93	1.00	4.99
C	7	35	2.80	3.00	6.79	0.90	1.00	6.79
D	12	15	1.25	2.47	7.60	0.90	0.50	6.92
E	-10	100	8.10	6.78	2.90	0.97	1.00	2.90
F - BIV	-7	88	7.17	6.64	3.26	0.97	1.00	3.26

Energy consumption for thermostat off, standby, off mode, crankcase heater mode

	Hours [h]	Power input [kW]	Applied to SCOP calculation [kW]	Energy consumption [kWh]
Off mode	0	0.015385	0.01539	0
Thermostat off	178	0.060397	0.0604	10.750666
Standby	0	0.015385	0.01539	0
Crankcase heater	178	0.010899	0	0





Calculation Bin for SCOPon

	Bin [-]	Outdoor temperature [°C]	Hours [h]	Heat load [kW]	Heat load covered by heat pump [kW]	Electrical back up heater [kW]	Annual backup heater energy input [kWh]	COPbin [-]	Annual heating demand [kWh]	Annual energy input [kWh]	Net annual heating capacity [kWh]	Net annual power input [kWh]
E	21	-10	1	8.10	6.78	1.32	1.32	2.90	8.10	3.66	6.78	2.34
	22	-9	25	7.79	6.73	1.06	26.39	3.02	194.71	82.16	168.32	55.76
	23	-8	23	7.48	6.69	0.79	18.15	3.14	171.97	67.11	153.82	48.96
A / F - BIV	24	-7	24	7.17	6.64	0.00	0.00	3.26	171.97	52.67	171.97	52.67
	25	-6	27	6.85	6.37	0.00	0.00	3.46	185.05	53.54	185.05	53.54
	26	-5	68	6.54	6.09	0.00	0.00	3.65	444.88	121.94	444.88	121.94
	27	-4	91	6.23	5.82	0.00	0.00	3.84	567.00	147.66	567.00	147.66
	28	-3	89	5.92	5.55	0.00	0.00	4.03	526.81	130.67	526.81	130.67
	29	-2	165	5.61	5.27	0.00	0.00	4.22	925.27	219.08	925.27	219.08
	30	-1	173	5.30	5.00	0.00	0.00	4.42	916.23	207.52	916.23	207.52
	31	0	240	4.98	4.72	0.00	0.00	4.61	1196.31	259.68	1196.31	259.68
	32	1	280	4.67	4.45	0.00	0.00	4.80	1308.46	272.67	1308.46	272.67
	B	33	2	320	4.36	4.18	0.00	0.00	4.99	1395.69	279.68	1395.69
C	34	3	357	4.05	3.90	0.00	0.00	5.35	1445.85	270.21	1445.85	270.21
	35	4	356	3.74	3.63	0.00	0.00	5.71	1330.89	233.04	1330.89	233.04
	36	5	303	3.43	3.35	0.00	0.00	6.07	1038.36	171.02	1038.36	171.02
	37	6	330	3.12	3.08	0.00	0.00	6.43	1028.08	159.84	1028.08	159.84
D	38	7	326	2.80	2.80	0.00	0.00	6.79	914.05	134.57	914.05	134.57
	39	8	348	2.49	2.49	0.00	0.00	6.82	867.32	127.21	867.32	127.21
	40	9	335	2.18	2.18	0.00	0.00	6.84	730.56	106.74	730.56	106.74
	41	10	315	1.87	1.87	0.00	0.00	6.87	588.81	85.71	588.81	85.71
E	42	11	215	1.56	1.56	0.00	0.00	6.90	334.90	48.57	334.90	48.57
	43	12	169	1.25	1.25	0.00	0.00	6.92	210.60	30.43	210.60	30.43
	44	13	151	0.93	0.93	0.00	0.00	6.95	141.13	20.31	141.13	20.31
	45	14	105	0.62	0.62	0.00	0.00	6.97	65.42	9.38	65.42	9.38
F	46	15	74	0.31	0.31	0.00	0.00	7.00	23.05	3.29	23.05	3.29

SUM 16731.48 3298.38 16685.62 3252.51

SCOPon 5.07 **SCOPnet** 5.13



Detailed SCOP calculation of medium temperature and average climate conditions – EN 14825

Calculation of reference SCOP

$$SCOP = \frac{P_{designh} \times H_{he}}{P_{designh} \times H_{he} + H_{TO} \times P_{TO} + H_{SB} \times P_{SB} + H_{CK} \times P_{CK} + H_{OFF} \times P_{OFF}}$$

Where

P_{design} =

Heating load of the building at design temperature, kW

H_{he} =

Number of equivalent heating hours, 2066 h

$H_{TO}, H_{SB}, H_{CK}, H_{OFF}$ =

Number of hours for which the unit is considered to work in thermostat off mode, standby mode, crankcase heater mode and off mode, h, respectively

$P_{TO}, P_{SB}, P_{CK}, P_{OFF}$ =

Electricity consumption during thermostat off mode, standby mode, crankcase heater mode and off mode, kW, respectively

Data for SCOP

	Outdoor temperature [°C]	Part load ratio [%]	Part load [kW]	Declared capacity [kW]	Declared COP [-]	cdh [-]	CR [-]	COPbin [-]
A	-7	88	5.84	6.20	2.29	0.98	1.00	2.29
B	2	54	3.55	3.83	3.61	0.94	1.00	3.61
C	7	35	2.28	2.52	4.61	0.90	1.00	4.61
D	12	15	1.02	2.23	6.30	0.90	0.46	5.63
E	-10	100	6.60	5.60	1.97	0.98	1.00	1.97
F - BIV	-7	88	5.84	6.20	2.29	0.98	1.00	2.29

Energy consumption for thermostat off, standby, off mode, crankcase heater mode

	Hours [h]	Power input [kW]	Applied to SCOP calculation [kW]	Energy consumption [kWh]
Off mode	0	0.015385	0.01539	0
Thermostat off	178	0.060397	0.0604	10.750666
Standby	0	0.015385	0.01539	0
Crankcase heater	178	0.010899	0	0





Calculation Bin for SCOPon

	Bin [-]	Outdoor temperature [°C]	Hours [h]	Heat load [kW]	Heat load covered by heat pump [kW]	Electrical back up heater [kW]	Annual backup heater energy input [kWh]	COPbin [-]	Annual heating demand [kWh]	Annual energy input [kWh]	Net annual heating capacity [kWh]	Net annual power input [kWh]
E	21	-10	1	6.60	5.60	1.00	1.00	1.97	6.60	3.84	5.60	2.85
	22	-9	25	6.35	5.68	0.67	16.63	2.08	158.65	85.02	142.02	68.39
	23	-8	23	6.09	5.76	0.33	7.65	2.18	140.12	68.28	132.47	60.63
A / F - BIV	24	-7	24	5.84	5.84	0.00	0.00	2.29	140.12	61.11	140.12	61.11
	25	-6	27	5.58	5.58	0.00	0.00	2.44	150.78	61.81	150.78	61.81
	26	-5	68	5.33	5.33	0.00	0.00	2.59	362.49	140.18	362.49	140.18
	27	-4	91	5.08	5.08	0.00	0.00	2.73	462.00	169.08	462.00	169.08
	28	-3	89	4.82	4.82	0.00	0.00	2.88	429.25	149.10	429.25	149.10
	29	-2	165	4.57	4.57	0.00	0.00	3.03	753.92	249.20	753.92	249.20
	30	-1	173	4.32	4.32	0.00	0.00	3.17	746.56	235.37	746.56	235.37
	31	0	240	4.06	4.06	0.00	0.00	3.32	974.77	293.75	974.77	293.75
	32	1	280	3.81	3.81	0.00	0.00	3.46	1066.15	307.71	1066.15	307.71
	B	33	2	320	3.55	3.55	0.00	0.00	3.61	1137.23	314.91	1137.23
C	34	3	357	3.30	3.30	0.00	0.00	3.81	1178.10	309.16	1178.10	309.16
	35	4	356	3.05	3.05	0.00	0.00	4.01	1084.43	270.44	1084.43	270.44
	36	5	303	2.79	2.79	0.00	0.00	4.21	846.07	201.01	846.07	201.01
	37	6	330	2.54	2.54	0.00	0.00	4.41	837.69	190.02	837.69	190.02
D	38	7	326	2.28	2.28	0.00	0.00	4.61	744.78	161.64	744.78	161.64
	39	8	348	2.03	2.03	0.00	0.00	4.81	706.71	146.85	706.71	146.85
	40	9	335	1.78	1.78	0.00	0.00	5.02	595.27	118.65	595.27	118.65
	41	10	315	1.52	1.52	0.00	0.00	5.22	479.77	91.88	479.77	91.88
E	42	11	215	1.27	1.27	0.00	0.00	5.43	272.88	50.29	272.88	50.29
	43	12	169	1.02	1.02	0.00	0.00	5.63	171.60	30.47	171.60	30.47
	44	13	151	0.76	0.76	0.00	0.00	5.84	114.99	19.70	114.99	19.70
	45	14	105	0.51	0.51	0.00	0.00	6.04	53.31	8.82	53.31	8.82
F	46	15	74	0.25	0.25	0.00	0.00	6.25	18.78	3.01	18.78	3.01

SUM 13633.06 3741.31 13607.78 3716.03

SCOPon 3.64 **SCOPnet** 3.66



Detailed test results

Detailed SCOP part load test results - low temperature application - average climate – EN 14825

Detailed result for 'EN14825:2022' Average Low (A) A -7/W34			
Tested according to:	EN14511:2022 and EN14825:2022		
Climate zone:	Average		
Temperature application:	Low		
Condition name:	A		
Condition temperature:	°C	-7	
Part load:	%	88%	
Chosen Tbivalent	°C	-7	
Tdesign	°C	-10	
Pdesign	kW	8.10	
Heating demand:	kW	7.17	
CR:	-	1.0	
Minimum flow reached:	-	No	
Measurement type:	Steady State		
Integrated liquid pump:	Yes		
Integrated liquid pump able to generate a positive ext. static pressure difference:	No		
Included corrections (Final result)			
Heating capacity	kW	6.643	
COP	-	3.265	
Power consumption	kW	2.035	
Measured			
Heating capacity	kW	6.634	
COP	-	3.277	
Power consumption	kW	2.024	
During heating			
Air_inlet temperature dry bulb	°C	-6.98	
Air temperature wet bulb	°C	-8.00	
Water_inlet temperature	°C	29.01	
water_outlet temperature	°C	34.02	
Water_outlet temperature (Time averaged)	°C	34.02	
Circulation pump			
Measured external static pressure difference, liquid pump	Pa	4211	
Calculated Hydraulic power	W	1	
Calculated global efficiency	η	0.13	
Calculated Capacity correction	W	-9	
Calculated Power correction	W	-10	
Water Flow	m³/s	0.000319	



Detailed result for 'EN14825:2022' Average Low (B) A 2 /W30		
Tested according to:	EN14511:2022 and EN14825:2022	
Climate zone:	Average	
Temperature application:	Low	
Condition name:	B	
Condition temperature:	°C	2
Part load:	%	54%
Chosen Tbivalent	°C	-7
Tdesign	°C	-10
Pdesign	kW	8.10
Heating demand:	kW	4.36
CR:	-	1.0
Minimum flow reached:	-	No
Measurement type:	Steady State	
Integrated liquid pump:	Yes	
Integrated liquid pump able to generate a positive ext. static pressure difference:	Yes	
Included corrections (Final result)		
Heating capacity	kW	4.177
COP	-	4.990
Power consumption	kW	0.837
Measured		
Heating capacity	kW	4.179
COP	-	4.977
Power consumption	kW	0.840
During heating		
Air_inlet temperature dry bulb	°C	2.04
Air temperature wet bulb	°C	1.00
Water_inlet temperature	°C	24.99
water_outlet temperature	°C	29.82
Water_outlet temperature (Time averaged)	°C	29.82
Circulation pump		
Measured external static pressure difference, liquid pump	Pa	1462
Calculated Hydraulic power	W	0
Calculated global efficiency	n	0.12
Calculated Capacity correction	W	2
Calculated Power correction	W	3
Water Flow	m³/s	0.000208



Detailed result for 'EN14825:2022' Average Low (C) A 7 /W27		
Tested according to:	EN14511:2022 and EN14825:2022	
Climate zone:	Average	
Temperature application:	Low	
Condition name:	C	
Condition temperature:	°C	7
Part load:	%	35%
Chosen Tbivalent	°C	-7
Tdesign	°C	-10
Pdesign	kW	8.10
Heating demand:	kW	2.80
CR:	-	1.0
Minimum flow reached:	-	Yes
Measurement type:	Steady State	
Integrated liquid pump:	Yes	
Integrated liquid pump able to generate a positive ext. static pressure difference:	Yes	
Included corrections (Final result)		
Heating capacity	kW	2.999
COP	-	6.792
Power consumption	kW	0.442
Measured		
Heating capacity	kW	3.002
COP	-	6.747
Power consumption	kW	0.445
During heating		
Air_inlet temperature dry bulb	°C	7.00
Air temperature wet bulb	°C	6.01
Water_inlet temperature	°C	22.98
water_outlet temperature	°C	26.98
Water_outlet temperature (Time averaged)	°C	26.98
Circulation pump		
Measured external static pressure difference, liquid pump	Pa	2240
Calculated Hydraulic power	W	0
Calculated global efficiency	n	0.12
Calculated Capacity correction	W	3
Calculated Power correction	W	3
Water Flow	m³/s	0.000180



Detailed result for 'EN14825:2022' Average Low (D) A 12 /W24

Tested according to:	EN14511:2022 and EN14825:2022	
Climate zone:	Average	
Temperature application:	Low	
Condition name:	D	
Condition temperature:	°C	12
Part load:	%	15%
Chosen Tbivalent	°C	-7
Tdesign	°C	-10
Pdesign	kW	8.10
Heating demand:	kW	1.25
CR:	-	0.5
Minimum flow reached:	-	Yes
Measurement type:	Steady State	
Integrated liquid pump:	Yes	
Integrated liquid pump able to generate a positive ext. static pressure difference:	Yes	
Included corrections (Final result)		
Heating capacity	kW	2.473
COP	-	7.603
Power consumption	kW	0.325
Measured		
Heating capacity	kW	2.516
COP	-	6.548
Power consumption	kW	0.384
During heating		
Air_inlet temperature dry bulb	°C	12.02
Air temperature wet bulb	°C	10.98
Water_inlet temperature	°C	22.50
water_outlet temperature	°C	25.61
Water_outlet temperature (Time averaged)	°C	24.07
Circulation pump		
Measured external static pressure difference, liquid pump	Pa	85001
Calculated Hydraulic power	W	16
Calculated global efficiency	η	0.28
Calculated Capacity correction	W	42
Calculated Power correction	W	59
Water Flow	m³/s	0.000194



Detailed result for 'EN14825:2022' Average Low (E) A -10 /W35

Tested according to:	EN14511:2022 and EN14825:2022				
Climate zone:	Average				
Temperature application:	Low				
Condition name:	E				
Condition temperature:	°C	-10			
Part load:	%	100%			
Chosen Tbivalent	°C	-7			
Tdesign	°C	-10			
Pdesign	kW	8.10			
Heating demand:	kW	8.10			
CR:	-	1.0			
Minimum flow reached:	-	No			
Measurement type:	Steady State				
Integrated liquid pump:	Yes				
Integrated liquid pump able to generate a positive ext. static pressure difference:	No				
Included corrections (Final result)					
Heating capacity	kW	6.778			
COP	-	2.895			
Power consumption	kW	2.341			
Measured					
Heating capacity	kW	6.768			
COP	-	2.905			
Power consumption	kW	2.330			
During heating					
Air_inlet temperature dry bulb	°C	-9.98			
Air temperature wet bulb	°C	-10.99			
Water_inlet temperature	°C	30.00			
water_outlet temperature	°C	35.07			
Water_outlet temperature (Time averaged)	°C	35.07			
Circulation pump					
Measured external static pressure difference, liquid pump	Pa	4351			
Calculated Hydraulic power	W	1			
Calculated global efficiency	η	0.13			
Calculated Capacity correction	W	-9			
Calculated Power correction	W	-11			
Water Flow	m³/s	0.000321			





Detailed SCOP part load test results - medium temperature application - average climate – EN 14825

Detailed result for 'EN14825:2022' Average Medium (A) A -7 /W52		
Tested according to:	EN14511:2022 and EN14825:2022	
Climate zone:		Average
Temperature application:		Medium
Condition name:		A
Condition temperature:	°C	-7
Part load:	%	88%
Chosen Tbivalent	°C	-7
Tdesign	°C	-10
Pdesign	kW	6.60
Heating demand:	kW	5.84
CR:	-	1.0
Minimum flow reached:	-	Yes
Measurement type:		Steady State
Integrated liquid pump:		Yes
Integrated liquid pump able to generate a positive ext. static pressure difference:		Yes
Included corrections (Final result)		
Heating capacity	kW	6.199
COP	-	2.293
Power consumption	kW	2.704
Measured		
Heating capacity	kW	6.242
COP	-	2.259
Power consumption	kW	2.762
During heating		
Air_inlet temperature dry bulb	°C	-6.98
Air temperature wet bulb	°C	-7.99
Water_inlet temperature	°C	44.32
water_outlet temperature	°C	52.11
Water_outlet temperature (Time averaged)	°C	52.11
Circulation pump		
Measured external static pressure difference, liquid pump	Pa	84837
Calculated Hydraulic power	W	16
Calculated global efficiency	n	0.28
Calculated Capacity correction	W	42
Calculated Power correction	W	59
Water Flow	m³/s	0.000194



Detailed result for 'EN14825:2022' Average Medium (B) A 2 /W42

Tested according to:	EN14511:2022 and EN14825:2022	
Climate zone:	Average Medium	
Temperature application:	Medium	
Condition name:	B	
Condition temperature:	°C	2
Part load:	%	54%
Chosen Tbivalent	°C	-7
Tdesign	°C	-10
Pdesign	kW	6.60
Heating demand:	kW	3.55
CR:	-	1.0
Minimum flow reached:	-	Yes
Measurement type:	Steady State	
Integrated liquid pump:	Yes	
Integrated liquid pump able to generate a positive ext. static pressure difference:	Yes	
Included corrections (Final result)		
Heating capacity	kW	3.829
COP	-	3.611
Power consumption	kW	1.060
Measured		
Heating capacity	kW	3.832
COP	-	3.602
Power consumption	kW	1.064
During heating		
Air_inlet temperature dry bulb	°C	2.01
Air temperature wet bulb	°C	1.01
Water_inlet temperature	°C	36.61
water_outlet temperature	°C	41.74
Water_outlet temperature (Time averaged)	°C	41.74
Circulation pump		
Measured external static pressure difference, liquid pump	Pa	2379
Calculated Hydraulic power	W	0
Calculated global efficiency	η	0.12
Calculated Capacity correction	W	3
Calculated Power correction	W	4
Water Flow	m³/s	0.000180



Detailed result for 'EN14825:2022' Average Medium (C) A 7 /W36		
Tested according to:	N14825:2022	
Climate zone:	Average	Medium
Temperature application:	Medium	C
Condition name:		C
Condition temperature:	°C	7
Part load:	%	35%
Chosen Tbivalent	°C	-7
Tdesign	°C	-10
Pdesign	kW	6.60
Heating demand:	kW	2.28
CR:	-	1.0
Minimum flow reached:	-	Yes
Measurement type:	Steady State	
Integrated liquid pump:	Yes	
Integrated liquid pump able to generate a positve ext. static pressure difference:	Yes	
Included corrections (Final result)		
Heating capacity	kW	2.521
COP	-	4.608
Power consumption	kW	0.547
Measured		
Heating capacity	kW	2.561
COP	-	4.251
Power consumption	kW	0.603
During heating		
Air_inlet temperature dry bulb	°C	7.00
Air temperature wet bulb	°C	6.01
Water_inlet temperature	°C	32.71
water_outlet temperature	°C	35.89
Water_outlet temperature (Time averaged)	°C	35.89
Circulation pump		
Measured external static pressure difference, liquid pump	Pa	76840
Calculated Hydraulic power	W	15
Calculated global efficiency	η	0.27
Calculated Capacity correction	W	40
Calculated Power correction	W	55
Water Flow	m ³ /s	0.000194



Detailed result for 'EN14825:2022' Average Medium (D) A 12 /W30

Tested according to:	N14825:2022	
Climate zone:	Average	
Temperature application:	Medium	
Condition name:	D	
Condition temperature:	°C	12
Part load:	%	15%
Chosen Tbivalent	°C	-7
Tdesign	°C	-10
Pdesign	kW	6.60
Heating demand:	kW	1.02
CR:	-	0.5
Minimum flow reached:	-	Yes
Measurement type:	Steady State	
Integrated liquid pump:	Yes	
Integrated liquid pump able to generate a positve ext. static pressure difference:	Yes	
Included corrections (Final result)		
Heating capacity	kW	2.229
COP	-	6.304
Power consumption	kW	0.354
Measured		
Heating capacity	kW	2.271
COP	-	5.506
Power consumption	kW	0.412
During heating		
Air_inlet temperature dry bulb	°C	11.99
Air temperature wet bulb	°C	10.99
Water_inlet temperature	°C	28.70
water_outlet temperature	°C	31.52
Water_outlet temperature (Time averaged)	°C	29.98
Circulation pump		
Measured external static pressure difference, liquid pump	Pa	85126
Calculated Hydraulic power	W	17
Calculated global efficiency	η	0.28
Calculated Capacity correction	W	42
Calculated Power correction	W	59
Water Flow	m ³ /s	0.000194





Detailed result for 'EN14825:2022' Average Medium (E) A -10 /W55

Tested according to:	N14825:2022		
Climate zone:	Average Medium		
Temperature application:	Medium		
Condition name:	E		
Condition temperature:	°C	-10	
Part load:	%	100%	
Chosen Tbivalent	°C	-7	
Tdesign	°C	-10	
Pdesign	kW	6.60	
Heating demand:	kW	6.60	
CR:	-	1.0	
Minimum flow reached:	-	Yes	
Measurement type:	Steady State		
Integrated liquid pump:	Yes		
Integrated liquid pump able to generate a positive ext. static pressure difference:	Yes		
Included corrections (Final result)			
Heating capacity	kW	5.602	
COP	-	1.969	
Power consumption	kW	2.846	
Measured			
Heating capacity	kW	5.644	
COP	-	1.943	
Power consumption	kW	2.905	
During heating			
Air_inlet temperature dry bulb	°C	-10.03	
Air temperature wet bulb	°C	-11.00	
Water_inlet temperature	°C	48.01	
water_outlet temperature	°C	55.07	
Water_outlet temperature (Time averaged)	°C	55.07	
Circulation pump			
Measured external static pressure difference, liquid pump	Pa	84644	
Calculated Hydraulic power	W	16	
Calculated global efficiency	η	0.28	
Calculated Capacity correction	W	42	
Calculated Power correction	W	59	
Water Flow	m³/s	0.000194	





Detailed COP test results - low temperature – EN 14511

Detailed result for 'EN14511:2022' A7/W35		
Tested according to:		EN14511:2022
Minimum flow reached:		No
Measurement type:		Steady State
Integrated liquid pump:		Yes
Integrated liquid pump able to generate a positive ext. static pressure difference:		No
Included corrections (Final result)		
Heating capacity	kW	8.367
COP	-	4.994
Power consumption	kW	1.676
Measured		
Heating capacity	kW	8.347
COP	-	5.053
Power consumption	kW	1.652
During heating		
Air_inlet temperature dry bulb	°C	6.99
Air temperature wet bulb	°C	6.03
Water_inlet temperature	°C	30.00
water_outlet temperature	°C	35.04
Circulation pump		
Measured external static pressure difference, liquid pump	Pa	9397
Calculated Hydraulic power	W	4
Calculated global efficiency	η	0.16
Calculated Capacity correction	W	-20
Calculated Power correction	W	-23
Water Flow	m ³ /s	0.000399



Detailed COP test results - medium temperature – EN 14511

Detailed result for 'EN14511:2022' A7/W55		
Tested according to:		EN14511:2022
Minimum flow reached:		No
Measurement type:		Steady State
Integrated liquid pump:		Yes
Integrated liquid pump able to generate a positive ext. static pressure difference:		No
Included corrections (Final result)		
Heating capacity	kW	8.354
COP	-	3.075
Power consumption	kW	2.717
Measured		
Heating capacity	kW	8.353
COP	-	3.076
Power consumption	kW	2.715
During heating		
Air_inlet temperature dry bulb	°C	6.99
Air temperature wet bulb	°C	6.03
Water_inlet temperature	°C	46.99
water_outlet temperature	°C	55.12
Circulation pump		
Measured external static pressure difference, liquid pump	Pa	810
Calculated Hydraulic power	W	0
Calculated global efficiency	η	0.11
Calculated Capacity correction	W	-2
Calculated Power correction	W	-2
Water Flow	m ³ /s	0.000249



Detailed test results of sound power measurement – EN 12102-1

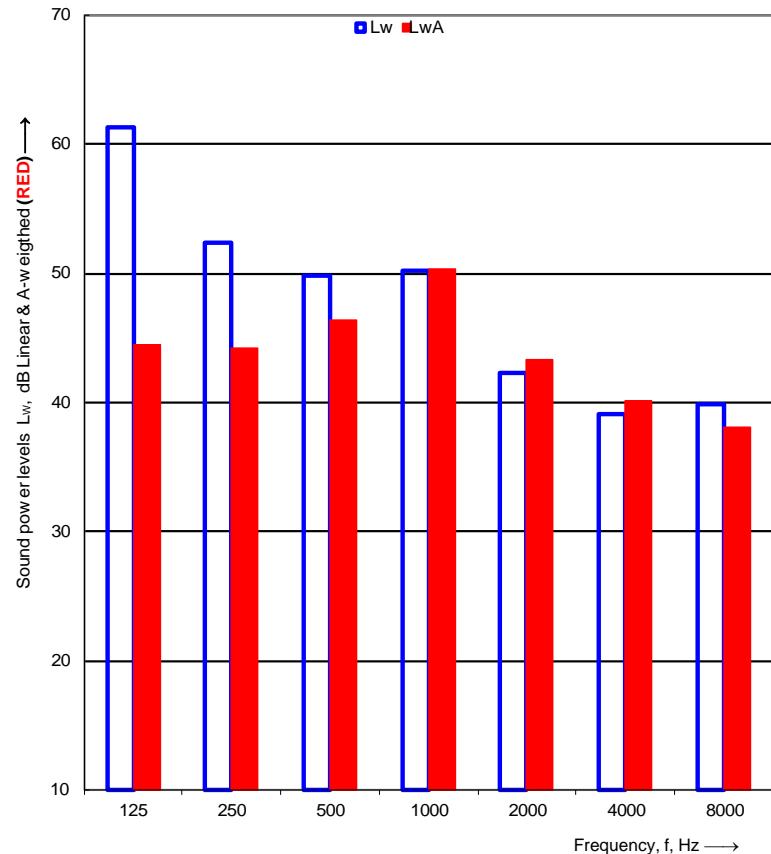
Test#1_Indoor unit

		Sound power levels according to ISO 3743-1:2010		TEKNOLOGISK INSTITUT																																																																			
Engineering method for small, movable sources in reverberant fields - Comparison method for hard-walled test rooms																																																																							
Client:	KLIMA-THERM	Date of test:	20-08-2024																																																																				
Object:	Type: Split air to water heat pump, Model: IDU: ACHP-H08 5R3HA-I & ODU: ACHP-H08/4R3HA-O																																																																						
Mounting conditions:	The indoor unit is mounted at a height of 1.7 meter above floor level using a metal support frame and a wooden board (90 x 110 cm). The IDU is mounted on the wooden board using vibration isolators. The metal frame is damped by filling the pipes with dry sand placed it all on placed on four pieces of concrete tiles (50x50x2.5 cm), which are placed in a water drop dry on two pieces of heavy concrete tiles (90x90x10cm) laying on a vibration damping mat on the floor. The noise radiated by the indoor unit has been measured in Test room 1 and the outdoor unit is installed in the neighboring Test room 2.																																																																						
Operating conditions:	IDU: Ambient temperature = 20°C, ODU: A7W55, Compressor speed: 25[Hz], Fan speed: 400 [rpm], Heating capacity: 2.55 [kW], Power_input: 1.140[kW], Water flow rate: 700 [l/h] and dP_water: 839 [mbar]																																																																						
Static pressure:	1013 hPa	Reference box:																																																																					
Air temperature:	20.0 °C	L1:	0.4 m																																																																				
Relative air humidity:	73.0 %	L2:	0.3 m																																																																				
Test room volume:	102.8 m³	Room:	Room 1	L3:	0.8 m																																																																		
Area, S, of test room:	138.9 m²			Volume:	0.1 m³																																																																		
<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Frequency f [Hz]</th> <th>Lw 1/3 octave [dB]</th> <th>1/1 oct [dB]</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr><td>100</td><td>45.6</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>125</td><td>43.7</td><td>50.5 ¹</td></tr> <tr><td>160</td><td>47.3</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>200</td><td>37.4</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>250</td><td>37.0</td><td>46.9</td></tr> <tr><td>315</td><td>45.8</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>400</td><td>39.1</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>500</td><td>40.1</td><td>43.1</td></tr> <tr><td>630</td><td>32.7</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>800</td><td>32.0</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>1000</td><td>36.2</td><td>38.2</td></tr> <tr><td>1250</td><td>29.1</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>1600</td><td>25.1</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>2000</td><td>27.4</td><td>30.6</td></tr> <tr><td>2500</td><td>24.2</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>3150</td><td>23.1</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>4000</td><td>22.6</td><td>27.6 ²</td></tr> <tr><td>5000</td><td>22.9</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>6300</td><td>21.1</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>8000</td><td>21.9</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>10000</td><td>22.5</td><td></td></tr> </tbody> </table>		Frequency f [Hz]	Lw 1/3 octave [dB]	1/1 oct [dB]	100	45.6		125	43.7	50.5 ¹	160	47.3		200	37.4		250	37.0	46.9	315	45.8		400	39.1		500	40.1	43.1	630	32.7		800	32.0		1000	36.2	38.2	1250	29.1		1600	25.1		2000	27.4	30.6	2500	24.2		3150	23.1		4000	22.6	27.6 ²	5000	22.9		6300	21.1		8000	21.9		10000	22.5		<p>Sound power levels L_w, dB Linear & A-weighted (RED)</p> <p>Frequency, f, Hz →</p>			
Frequency f [Hz]	Lw 1/3 octave [dB]	1/1 oct [dB]																																																																					
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10000	22.5																																																																						
Sound power level $L_w(A)$:		44.9 dB [re 1pW]	Uncertainty σ_{tot}: 1.6 dB																																																																				
Name of test institute:	DTI	Date: 20-08-2024																																																																					
No. of test report:	300-KLAB-24-044																																																																						
In conformity with ISO 3743-1, except for some frequencies where the sound level is close to the background noise, see table. Difference less than 0,52 dB. The result thus represent the upper bound.																																																																							





Test#2_Outdoor unit

  DANAK TEST Reg. nr. 300		Sound power levels according to ISO 3743-1:2010		 TEKNOLOGISK INSTITUT																																																																		
Engineering method for small, movable sources in reverberant fields - Comparison method for hard-walled test rooms																																																																						
Client:	KLIMA-THERM			Date of test: 20-08-2024																																																																		
Object:	Type: Split air to water heat pump, Model: IDU: ACHP-H08 5R3HA-I & ODU: ACHP-H08/4R3HA-O																																																																					
Mounting conditions:	The outdoor unit is mounted on the supporting metal support frame using two pieces of vibration isolators and placed on four pieces of concrete tiles (45x45x5 cm). All of these are placed in a water drop dry on two pieces of heavy concrete tiles (90x90x10cm) laying on a vibration damping mat on the floor. The noise radiated by the outdoor unit has been measured in Test room 2.																																																																					
Operating conditions:	A7W55, Compressor speed: 25[Hz], Fan speed: 400 [rpm], Heating capacity: 2.55 [kW], Power_input: 1.140[kW], Water flow rate: 700 [l/h] and dP_water: 839 [mbar]																																																																					
Static pressure:	1013 hPa			Reference box:																																																																		
Air temperature:	7.0 °C			L1: 1.0 m																																																																		
Relative air humidity:	84.0 %			L2: 0.4 m																																																																		
Test room volume:	102.8 m ³	Room:	Room 2	L3: 0.8 m																																																																		
Area, S, of test room:	138.9 m ²			Volume: 0.3 m ³																																																																		
<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Frequency f [Hz]</th> <th>L_w 1/3 octave [dB]</th> <th>L_w 1/1 oct [dB]</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr><td>100</td><td>59.8</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>125</td><td>49.1</td><td>61.3</td></tr> <tr><td>160</td><td>54.9</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>200</td><td>45.1</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>250</td><td>49.8</td><td>52.4</td></tr> <tr><td>315</td><td>46.7</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>400</td><td>46.4</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>500</td><td>45.3</td><td>49.8</td></tr> <tr><td>630</td><td>42.7</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>800</td><td>44.0</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>1000</td><td>46.6</td><td>50.2</td></tr> <tr><td>1250</td><td>45.4</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>1600</td><td>39.6</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>2000</td><td>36.6</td><td>42.2</td></tr> <tr><td>2500</td><td>34.9</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>3150</td><td>35.3</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>4000</td><td>33.3</td><td>39.1</td></tr> <tr><td>5000</td><td>34.3</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>6300</td><td>31.4</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>8000</td><td>32.9</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>10000</td><td>38.1</td><td>39.9</td></tr> </tbody> </table> 					Frequency f [Hz]	L _w 1/3 octave [dB]	L _w 1/1 oct [dB]	100	59.8		125	49.1	61.3	160	54.9		200	45.1		250	49.8	52.4	315	46.7		400	46.4		500	45.3	49.8	630	42.7		800	44.0		1000	46.6	50.2	1250	45.4		1600	39.6		2000	36.6	42.2	2500	34.9		3150	35.3		4000	33.3	39.1	5000	34.3		6300	31.4		8000	32.9		10000	38.1	39.9
Frequency f [Hz]	L _w 1/3 octave [dB]	L _w 1/1 oct [dB]																																																																				
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<p>Sound power level L_w(A): 53.8 dB [re 1pW] Uncertainty σ_{tot}: 1.6 dB</p>																																																																						
Name of test institute:	DTI			Date: 20-08-2024																																																																		
No. of test report:	300-KLAB-24-044																																																																					
Measurements are in full conformity with ISO 3743-1																																																																						





Appendix 1

Operating conditions and environment

The operating conditions of the unit under test fulfill the requirements for Class A.

The acoustic test chamber is a hard wall reverberant room (103 m^3) and equipped with relevant sound diffusing reflector panels. The acoustical test chamber fulfills the requirements of ISO3743-1 accuracy grade 2 (engineering grade).

The measurements of the average sound pressure levels in 1/3 octave frequency bands are carried out using three microphones in the test chamber. During the measurements, the microphones are traversed up and down for one meter in the arc of a quarter circle.

The picture below shows the installation of the unit during test, position of microphones, sound diffusing reflector panels, and the reference sound source.

Test#1_indoor unit





Test#2_outdoor unit





Measurement instruments

Id nr.	Manufacturer	Description	Calibration company
100864	GRAS	Gras 40AE_26CA, ½" free field microphone, Room 1	Norsonic A/S, Norway
100865	GRAS	Gras 40AE_26CA, ½" free field microphone, Room 1	Norsonic A/S, Norway
100866	GRAS	Gras 40AE_26CA, ½" free field microphone, Room 1	Norsonic A/S, Norway
100867	GRAS	Gras 40AE_26CA, ½" free field microphone, Room 2	Norsonic A/S, Norway
100868	GRAS	Gras 40AE_26CA, ½" free field microphone, Room 2	Norsonic A/S, Norway
100869	GRAS	Gras 40AE_26CA, ½" free field microphone, Room 2	Norsonic A/S, Norway
100870	GRAS	Gras 40AE_26CA, ½" free field microphone, Roof monitor	Norsonic A/S, Norway
100873	Brüel & Kjær	Acoustical calibrator, Brüel & Kjær 4231	Element Metech, Denmark
100859	Norsonic	Reference sound source, Norsonic Nor278 Room 1	RISE, Sweden
100872	Norsonic	Reference sound source, Norsonic Nor278 Room 2	RISE, Sweden
100620	Norsonic	Multi-channel measurement system Nor850	Norsonic A/S, Norway

All microphones are equipped with windshields.



Test Procedure

The measurements of the emitted sound power level from the heat pump are carried out according to the following standard:

- DS/EN 14511:2022
- EN 12102-1:2022
- ISO/EN 3743-1:2010

The basic acoustic measurement standard DS/EN 3743-1 is a comparison method using a calibrated reference sound source. Two series of sound pressure measurements are made under exactly the same acoustic conditions, e.g., the same microphone positions, temperature and air humidity. The calibrated sound power levels are known for the reference sound source at each frequency band, and they are used in the estimation of the acoustical correction factor for the calculation of the sound power emitted from the unit under test. The background noise levels are measured and used for relevant corrections.

The final total A-weighted sound power level is based on measurements and calculations in 1/3-octave levels, which then are summed into 1/1-octave levels. The A-weighted total sound power level is determined for the measured frequency range from 100 Hz to 10 kHz.

The actual microphone positions and correction values are saved in data files linked to the complete project documentation according to the DANAK-accreditation.

The complete measurement system is documented and regularly calibrated according to DANAK.

The detailed description of the measurement method is given in Danish in the quality database system "QA Web" at Danish Technological Institute, which is accessible by DANAK.

Measurement uncertainty

The uncertainty of sound power level in decibel is determined in accordance with ISO 3743-1, equation 22 $\sigma_{tot} = \sqrt{\sigma_{RO}^2 + \sigma_{omc}^2}$ where:

- σ_{RO} is the standard deviation of the reproducibility of the method
- σ_{omc} is the standard deviation describing the uncertainty associated with the instability of the operating and mounting conditions for the particular noise source during test.

σ_{RO} expresses the uncertainty in test results delivered by the different accredited test laboratories due to different instrumentation and implementation of measurement procedure as well different radiation characteristics of the noise source during test.

σ_{omc} expresses the uncertainty associated with the instability of the operating and mounting conditions for the particular noise source during test. The mounting and installation conditions in two DTI acoustical test chambers are well defined in the test procedure. Possible instability of the operating conditions is monitored and assessed prior to each noise test.



The test uncertainty σ_{omc} is calculated according to ISO3743-1 Annex C formula C.1 and is typically below 1.0dB. However, the uncertainty is rounded up to the nearest 0.5 or 1.0dB increment in the report. As pr. Table C.1 (accuracy grade 2), the uncertainty σ_{RO} is set to 1.5.

The expanded uncertainty U is calculated according to ISO 3743-1 equation 23:
 $U = k \sigma_{tot}$ where $k = 2$ for 95% confidence.

EXAMPLE: $\sigma_{tot}: \sqrt{1.5^2 + 0.5^2} = 1.6 \text{ dB}$ and $U(95\%) = 3.2 \text{ dB}$

Note: The expanded uncertainty does not include the standard deviation of production which is used in ISO4871 for the purpose of making noise declaration for batches of machines.



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Appendix 2 Authorization letter

CE DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY

We, NINGBO AUX ELECTRIC.,CO, LTD BUILDING B4 4 NO:1166 NORTH MINGGUANG ROAD,JIANGSHAN,YINZHOU NINGBO,CHINA

Declare under our sole responsibility that the devices:

Brand name: **SEVRA**

Type of units: Heat Pumps

Model: please see the list below

We, NINGBO AUX ELECTRIC CO., LTD (BUILDING B4 4 NO:1166 NORTH MINGGUANG ROAD , JIANGSHAN, YINZHOU NINGBO, CHINA) hereby confirm that all below Heat Pumps are the same except model no., nameplate specification and address. We declare that these units are produced by us under SEVRA BRAND NAME and shipped to Wienkra sp. z o.o. (located in Ul. Kotlarska 34, 31-539 Kraków, Poland) and we declare that this declaration is in conformity with the requirements set out in the Council Directive on the Approximation of the Laws of the Member States relating to Electro Magnetic Compatibility (2014/30/EU), Low Voltage (2014/35/EU) for evaluation of compliance with this directives, following standards were applied

EMC (2014/30/EU)
EN55014-1:2017+A11:2020
EN55014-2:2015
EN IEC 61000-3-2:2019
EN 61000-3-3:2013+A1:2019

LVD (2014/35/EU)
EN60335-2-40:2003+A11:2004+A12:2005+A1:2006+A2:2009+A13:2012
EN60035-1:2012+A11:2014+A13:2017+A1:2019+A14:2009+A2:2009
EN62233:2008 *FOR SALES ONLY**



DANAK

Test Reg. nr. 300



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Model List:

SEVRA Model

AUX Model

SEV-ACHP3-08-I / SEV-ACHP1-08-O

ACHP-H08/4R3HA-I / ACHP-H08/4R3HA-O

This Declaration of Conformity is issued under the sole responsibility of the Manufacturer.

Authorized representative:

NINGBO AUX ELECTRIC.,CO,LTD

NAME : Ada Qiu

Title: CAC Regional Sales Manager of Central & Southeast Europe

宁波奥克斯电气股份有限公司

Date : Aug 30th, 2024

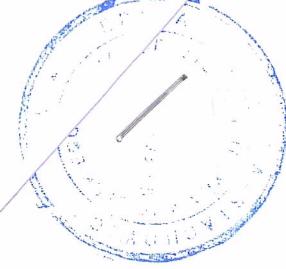
FOR SALES ONLY

Ada. Qiu.



 DANAK

Test Reg. nr. 300



Mgr Edyta Winiarska-Stachowicz

Tłumacz przysięgły języka angielskiego
Ul. Kazimierza Wielkiego 4/4, Kraków
tel. 609-570-720

Uwierzytelnione tłumaczenie z języka angielskiego



Raport z przeprowadzonej próby

Nr raportu:
300-KLAB-24-044 rew. 2 - 1



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Kongsvang Alle 29
DK-8000 Aarhus C
+45 72 20 20 00
Info@teknologisk.dk
www.teknologisk.dk

Strona 1 z 36
Znak: KAMA/HSG
Nr pliku: 251355
Załączniki: 1

Klient: Firma: NINGBO AUX ELECTRIC CO., LTD
Adres: NO.1166 MingGuang North Road
Miejscowość: JiangShan Town, Yinzhou District, Ningbo, ChRL

Charakt. prod.: Nazwa: AUX
Typ: Pompa ciepła typu powietrze-woda (dzielona)
Model: Jedn. zewn.: ACHP-H08/4R3HA-O
Jedn. wewn.: ACHP-H08/4R3HA-I
Nr fabr.: Jedn. zewn.: 8E0384002404110001
Jedn. wewn.: 8C1493002404210001
Rok prod.: Jedn. zewnętrzna: 2024.04 Jedn. wewnętrzna: 2024.04

Data: Prod. badany: lipiec 2024 r. - sierpień 2024 r.

Nazwa marki: Nazwa: SEVRA
Typ: Pompa ciepła typu powietrze-woda (monoblok)
Model: SEV-ACHP3-08-I / SEV-ACHP1-08-O

Uwagi: Niniejszy raport zastępuje raport 300-KLAB-24-044-1 wydany 2024.09.11, ponieważ zmieniono nazwę klienta. Urządzenie dostarczył klient. Instalacja i ustawienia testowe zostały wykonane zgodnie z zaleceniami producenta. Raport dotyczący testowanej jednostki nosi nazwę 300-KLAB-24-044 rev 1.; data wydania 2024.08.23. Zob. również załącznik 2.

Warunki przeprowadzenia próby: Niniejsza próba została przeprowadzona w ramach akredytacji zgodnie z międzynarodowymi wymogami (ISO/IEC 17025:2017) oraz zgodnie z Ogólnymi Warunkami Duńskiego Instytutu Technologicznego. Wyniki próby odnoszą się wyłącznie do testowanego produktu. Niniejszy raport z przeprowadzonej próby można przytaczać we fragmentach wyłącznie za pisemną zgodą Duńskiego Instytutu Technologicznego.

Klient nie może powoływać się na Duński Instytut Technologiczny lub jego pracowników w celach reklamowych lub marketingowych, chyba że Duński Instytut Technologiczny wyrazi na to każdorazowo pisemną zgodę.

Oddział/Centrum: Danish Technological Institute
Energy and Climate
Heat Pump Laboratory, Aarhus

Data: 2024.09.19

Podpis:
Kamalathanas Arumugam
B.Sc. Engineer

Współpraca:
Henning S. Grindorf
B.TecMan & MarEng



DOKUMENT PODPISANY CYFROWO

20 września 2024

DANISH TECHNOLOGICAL INSTITUTE



DANAK

Test Reg. nr. 300





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Cel przeprowadzenia próby

Celem niniejszego raportu jest udokumentowanie następujących kwestii:

Sezonowy współczynnik wydajności (SCOP) przy zastosowaniu w niskiej i średniej temperaturze dla klimatu umiarkowanego zgodnie z normą EN 14825:2022.

W celu obliczenia SCOP przeprowadzono próby w warunkach obciążenia częściowego podanych w tabelach na stronie 4 i 5.

Standardowe warunki znamionowe próby COP A7/W35 według normy EN 14511:2022.

Standardowe warunki znamionowe próby COP A7/W55 według normy EN 14511:2022.

Pomiary mocy akustycznej według normy EN 12102-1:2022.



Warunki prowadzenia próby

Warunki próby SCOP dla niskich temperatur - EN 14825

Warunki częściowego obciążenia dla referencyjnego SCOP i referencyjnego SCOPon do obliczania jednostek powietrze-woda dla zastosowań niskotemperaturowych dla referencyjnego sezonu grzewczego;

„A” = umiarkowanie, „W” = cieplej, „C” = chłodniej.

	Współczynnik obciążenia częściowego w %				Zewnętrzny wymiennik ciepła		Wewnętrzny wymiennik ciepła					
	Wzór	War. umiarkow.	Cieplej	Chłodniej	Temperatura termometru suchego (mokrego) °C	Powietrze zewnętrzne	Powietrze wylotowe	Wysz. war. klimatyczne	Wylot stały °C	Wylot zmienny °C		
										Cieplej	Chłodniej	
A	(-7-16) / (T _{designh} - 16)	88,46	n.d.	60,53	-7(-8)		20(12)	a / 35	a / 34	n.d.	a / 30	
B	(+2-16) / (T _{designh} - 16)	53,85	100,00	36,84	2(1)		20(12)	a / 35	a / 30	a / 35	a / 27	
C	(+7-16) / (T _{designh} - 16)	34,62	64,29	23,68	7(6)		20(12)	a / 35	a / 27	a / 31	a / 25	
D	(+12-16) / (T _{designh} - 16)	15,38	28,57	10,53	12(11)		20(12)	a / 35	a / 24	a / 26	a / 24	
E	(TOL ^e - 16) / (T _{designh} - 16)				TOL ^e		20(12)	a / 35	a / b	a / b	a / b	
F	(T _{biv} - 16) / (T _{designh} - 16)				T _{biv}		20(12)	a / 35	a / c	a / c	a / c	
G	(-15-16) / (T _{designh} - 16)	n.d.	n.d.	81,58	-15		20(12)	a / 35	n.d.	n.d.	a / 32	

Informacje dodatkowe

Uwarunk. klimatyczne	T _{designh} [°C]	T _{bivalent} [°C]	TOL [°C]	Temperatura zewnętrzna	Natężenie przepływu
War. umiarkow.	-10	-7	-10	Zmienna	Zmienna



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24-044 rew. 2 -1

Warunki próby SCOP dla średnich temperatur - EN 14825

Warunki częściowego obciążenia dla referencyjnego SCOP i referencyjnego SCOPon do obliczania jednostek powietrze-woda dla zastosowań średniotemperaturowych dla referencyjnego sezonu grzewczego;

	Współczynnik obciążenia częściowego w %				Zewnętrzny wymiennik ciepła		Wewnętrzny wymiennik ciepła			
					Temperatura termometru suchego (mokrego) °C		Wylot stały °C	Wylot zmienny °C		
	Wzór	War. umiarkow	Cieplej	Chłodniej	Powietrze zewnętrzne	Powietrze wyłotowe		Wsz. war. klimatyczne	War. umiarkow	Cieplej
A	(-7 - 16) / (T _{designh} - 16)	88,46	n.d.	60,53	-7(-8)	20(12)	a / 55	a / 52	n.d.	a / 44
B	(+2 - 16) / (T _{designh} - 16)	53,85	100	36,84	2(1)	20(12)	a / 55	a / 42	a / 55	a / 37
C	(+7 - 16) / (T _{designh} - 16)	34,62	64,29	23,68	7(6)	20(12)	a / 55	a / 36	a / 46	a / 32
D	(+12-16) / (T _{designh} - 16)	15,38	28,57	10,53	12(11)	20(12)	a / 55	a / 30	a / 34	a / 28
E	(TOL ^e -16) / (T _{designh} - 16)				TOL ^e	20(12)	a / 55	a / b	a / b	a / b
F	(T _{biv} - 16) / (T _{designh} - 16)				T _{biv}	20(12)	a / 55	a / c	a / c	a / c
G	(-15-16) / (T _{designh} - 16)	n.d.	n.d.	81,58	-15	20(12)	a / 55	n.d.	n.d.	a / 49

Informacje dodatkowe

Uwarunk. klimatyczne	T _{designh} [°C]	T _{bivalent} [°C]	TOL [°C]	Temperatura zewnętrzna	Natężenie przepływu
War. umiarkow.	-10	-7	-10	Zmienna	Zmienna



Warunki próby COP dla niskich temperatur - EN 14511

N#	Źródło ciepła		Ujście ciepła	
	Temperatura termometru suchego na wlocie (°C)	Temperatura termometru mokrego na wlocie (°C)	Temperatura wlotowa (°C)	Temperatura wylotowa (°C)
1 ^s	7	6	30	35

S: Standardowy warunek znamionowy

Warunki próby COP dla umiarkowanych temperatur - EN 14511

N#	Źródło ciepła		Ujście ciepła	
	Temperatura termometru suchego na wlocie (°C)	Temperatura termometru mokrego na wlocie (°C)	Temperatura wlotowa (°C)	Temperatura wylotowa (°C)
1 ^s	7	6	47	55

S: Standardowy warunek znamionowy

Warunki prowadzenia prób dla pomiaru mocy akustycznej - EN12102-1

N#	Warunki prowadzenia próby		Ustawienia pompy ciepła			
	Temperatura otaczającego powietrza (°C)	Zewnętrzny/wewnętrzny wymiennik ciepła (°C)	Prędkość obrotowa sprężarki (Hz)	Prędkość obrotowa wentylatora (obr./min.)	Wydajność grzewcza (kW)	Moc wejściowa (kW)
1 ¹	20	7/55	-	-	2,55	1,14
2 ²	7	7/55	25	400	2,55	1,14

1) Jedn. wewnętrzna

2) Jedn. zewnętrzna





Wyniki przeprowadzonej próby

Wyniki przeprowadzonej próby SCOP w niskiej temperaturze - średnia sezonu grzewczego - EN 14825

Model (zewnętrzny)	ACHP-H08/4R3HA-O		
Monoblokowa pompa ciepła powietrze-woda	N		
Niskotemperaturowa pompa ciepła	N		
Wypożyczona w dodatkowy podgrzewacz	Y		
Podgrzewacz kombinowany z pompą ciepła	N		

Znamionowa moc cieplna¹⁵	P_{rated}	8,1 [kW]
Sezonowa efektywność energetyczna ogrzewania pomieszczeń	n_s SCOP	199,2 [%] 5,06 [-]

Zmierzona wydajność ogrzewania dla częściowego obciążenia przy temperaturze zewnętrznej T_j	Umiark. war. klimatyczne	$T_j = -15^\circ\text{C}$	Pdh	- [kW]
		$T_j = -7^\circ\text{C}$	Pdh	6,64 [kW]
		$T_j = 2^\circ\text{C}$	Pdh	4,18 [kW]
	Aplikacja niskotemperaturowa	$T_j = 7^\circ\text{C}$	Pdh	3,00 [kW]
		$T_j = 12^\circ\text{C}$	Pdh	2,47 [kW]
		T_j = temperatura dwuwartościowa	Pdh	6,64 [kW]
		T_j = limit operacyjny	Pdh	6,78 [kW]

Zmierzony współczynnik wydajności przy temperaturze zewnętrznej T_j	Umiark. war. klimatyczne	$T_j = -15^\circ\text{C}$	COPd	- [-]
		$T_j = -7^\circ\text{C}$	COPd	3,26 H
		$T_j = 2^\circ\text{C}$	COPd	4,99 [-]
	Aplikacja niskotemperaturowa	$T_j = 7^\circ\text{C}$	COPd	6,79 [-]
		$T_j = 12^\circ\text{C}$	COPd	7,60 [-]
		T_j = temperatura dwuwartościowa	COPd	3,26 H
		T_j = limit operacyjny	COPd	2,90 [-]

Temperatura dwuwartościowa	Tbivalent	-7 [°C]
Limit operacyjny temperatury	TOL	-10 [°C]
Współczynnik utraty energii	WTOL	- [°C]
	Cdh	0,90 [*]

Pobór mocy w trybach innych niż tryb aktywny	Tryb wył.	P _{OFF}	0,015 [kW]
	Tryb wył. termostatu	P _{TO}	0,060 [kW]
	Tryb oczekiwania	P _{SB}	0,015 [kW]
	Tryb grzania skrzyni korbowej	P _{CK}	0,011 [kW]
Podgrzewacz dodatkowy¹⁾	Znamionowa moc cieplna	P _{SUP}	1,32 [kW]
	Rodzaj dostarczanej energii		Elektryczna

Pozostałe elementy	Sterowanie przepustowością	Zmienna
	Sterowanie przepływem wody	Zmienna
	Natężenie przepływu wody	-
	Rocznego zapotrzebowanie na energię	Q_{HE} 3310 [kWh]

¹⁾ W przypadku ogrzewaczy pomieszczeń z pompą ciepła i wielofunkcyjnych podgrzewaczy z pompą ciepła znamionowa moc cieplna Prated, jest równa projektowemu obciążeniu grzewczemu, Pdesignh, a znamionowa moc cieplna dodatkowego ogrzewacza, Psup, jest równa dodatkowej wydajności grzewczej, sup(Tj).





Wyniki próby SCOP w średnich temperaturach - średnia sezonu grzewczego – EN 14825

Model (zewnętrzny)	ACHP-H08/4R3HA-O			
Monoblokowa pompa ciepła powietrze-woda	N			
Niskotemperaturowa pompa ciepła	N			
Wyposażona w dodatkowy podgrzewacz	Y			
Podgrzewacz kombinowany z pompą ciepła	N			
Znamionowa moc cieplna¹¹	P_{rated}	6,6 [kW]		
Sezonowa efektywność energetyczna pomieszczeń	n_s	142,3 [%]		
	SCOP	3,63 [-]		
Zmierzona wydajność ogrzewania dla częściowego obciążenia przy temperaturze zewnętrznej T_j	Umiark. war. klimatyczne	$T_j = -15^\circ C$	Pdh	- [kW]
		$T_j = 7^\circ C$	Pdh	6,20 [kW]
		$T_j = 2^\circ C$	Pdh	3,83 [kW]
	Aplikacja średniotemperaturowa	$T_j = 7^\circ C$	Pdh	2,52 [kW]
		$T_j = 12^\circ C$	Pdh	2,23 [kW]
		T_j = temperatura dwuwartościowa	Pdh	6,20 [kW]
		T_j = limit operacyjny	Pdh	5,60 [kW]
Zmierzony współczynnik wydajności przy temperaturze zewnętrznej T_j	Umiark. war. klimatyczne	$T_j = -15^\circ C$	COPd	- [-]
		$T_j = -7^\circ C$	COPd	2,29 [-]
		$T_j = 2^\circ C$	COPd	3,61 [-]
	Aplikacja średniotemperaturowa	$T_j = 7^\circ C$	COPd	4,61 [-]
		$T_j = 12^\circ C$	COPd	6,30 [-]
		T_j = temperatura dwuwartościowa	COPd	2,29 [-]
		T_j = limit operacyjny	COPd	1,97 [-]
Temperatura dwuwartościowa	Tbivalent	-7 [°C]		
Limit operacyjny	TOL	-10 [°C]		
temperatury	WTOL	- [°C]		
Współczynnik utraty energii	Cdh	0,90 [-]		
Pobór mocy w trybach innych niż tryb aktywny	Tryb wyłączenia	P_{OFF}	0,015 [kW]	
	Tryb wyłączenia termostatu	P_{TO}	0,060 [kW]	
	Tryb oczekiwania	P_{SB}	0,015 [kW]	
	Tryb grzania skrzyni korbowej	P_{CK}	0,011 [kW]	
Podgrzewacz dodatkowy¹⁾	Znamionowa moc cieplna	P_{SUP}	1,00 [kW]	
	Rodzaj dostarczanej energii	Elektryczna		
Pozostałe elementy	Sterowanie przepustowością	Zmienna		
	Sterowanie przepływem wody	Zmienna		
	Natężenie przepływu wody	-		
	Rocznego zapotrzebowanie na energię	Q_{ME}	3753 [kWh]	

¹¹ W przypadku ogrzewaczy pomieszczeń z pompą ciepła i wielofunkcyjnych podgrzewaczy z pompą ciepła znamionowa moc cieplna Prated, jest równa projektowemu obciążeniu grzewczemu, Pdesignh, a znamionowa moc cieplna dodatkowego ogrzewacza, Psup, jest równa dodatkowej wydajności grzewczej, sup(Tj).



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Wyniki próby COP - niska temperatura - EN 14511

N#	Warunki prowadzenia próby	Wydajność grzewcza [kW]	COP
1	A7/W35	8,367	4,994

Wyniki próby COP - średnia temperatura - EN 14511

N#	Warunki prowadzenia próby	Wydajność grzewcza [kW]	COP
1	A7/W55	8,354	3,075

Wyniki próby pomiaru mocy akustycznej – EN 12102-1

N#	Poziom mocy akustycznej LW(A) [dB re 1pW]	Niepewność (dB) (wartość ważona)
1 ¹	44,9	1,6
2 ²	53,8	1,6

1) Jedn. wewnętrzna

2) Jedn. zewnętrzna

Całkowity poziom mocy akustycznej skorygowany charakterystyką A jest określany dla mierzonego zakresu częstotliwości od 100 Hz do 10 kHz. W celu obliczenia niepewności należy zapoznać się z załącznikiem 1.

Pomiary mocy akustycznej zostały przeprowadzone przez Kamalathasana Arumugama (KAMA) i nadzorowane przez Patricka Gliberta (PGL) z Duńskiego Instytutu Technologicznego.



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Załącznik 2 List uwierzytelniający

DEKLARACJA ZGODNOŚCI CE

Firma NINGBO AUX ELECTRIC, CO, LTD BUILDING B4 4 NO:1166 NORTH MINGGUANG ROAD,
JIANGSHAN, YINZHOU NINGBO, CHINY

oświadcza na swoją wyłączną odpowiedzialność, że urządzenia:

Nazwa marki: **SEVRA**

Typ: Pompy ciepła

Model: zapoznać się z poniższym wykazem

Firma NINGBO AUX ELECTRIC CO., LTD (BUILDING B4 4 NO:1166 NORTH MINGGUANG ROAD , JIANGSHAN, YINZHOU NINGBO, CHINY) niniejszym potwierdza, że wszystkie poniższe pompy ciepła są takie same, z wyjątkiem modelu o numerze, wyszczególnionym w treści tabliczki znamionowej i adresie. Oświadczamy, że niniejsze urządzenia zostały wyprodukowane przez naszą firmę pod marką SEVRA i wysłane do przedsiębiorstwa Wienkra sp. z o.o. (z siedzibą przy ul. Kotlarskiej 34; 31-539 Kraków, Polska) i oświadczamy, że niniejsza deklaracja jest zgodna z wymaganiami określonymi w Dyrektywie Rady w sprawie zbliżenia ustawodawstw państw członkowskich odnoszących się do kompatybilności elektromagnetycznej (2014/30/UE), niskonapięciowej (2014/35/UE) w celu oceny zgodności z tymi dyrektywami zastosowano następujące normy:

EMC (2014/30/EU)
EN55014-1:2017+A11:2020
EN55014-2:2015
EN IEC 61000-3-2:2019
EN 61000-3-3:2013+A1:2019

LVD(2014/35/EU)
EN60335-2-40:2003+A11:2004+A12:2005+A1:2006+A2:2009+A13:2012
EN60035-1:2012+A11:2014+A13:2017+A1:2019+A14:2009+A2:2009
EN62233:2008



DANAK

Test Reg. nr. 300





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Wykaz modeli:

Model SEVRA

Model AUX

SEV-ACHP3-08-I / SEV-ACHP1-08-O

ACHP-H08/4R3HA-I / ACHP-H08/4R3HA-O

Niniejsza Deklaracja zgodności została wydana na wyłączną odpowiedzialność Producenta.

Upoważniony przedstawiciel:

NINGBO AUX ELECTRIC.,CO, LTD

NAZWISKO: Ada Qiu

Stanowisko: CAC Regional Sales Manager of Central & Southeast Europe

Data: 30 sierpnia 2024

PODPIS:



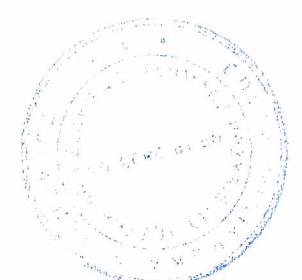
Poświadczam zgodność powyższego tłumaczenia z okazanym mi dokumentem w języku angielskim.

Kraków, dnia 4 października 2024 r.

Rep. nr 10/634/24

Edyta Winiarska-Stachowicz
Tłumacz przysięgły języka angielskiego

Edyta Winiarska-Stachowicz



OŚWIADCZENIE

Producent SEVRA

oświadcza, iż pompy ciepła

1) SEV-ACHP3-08-I + SEV-ACHP1-08-O

2) SEV-ACHP3-10-I + SEV-ACHP1-10-O

3)
Oznaczenie/typ/identyfikator modelu

4)
Oznaczenie/typ/identyfikator modelu

5)
Oznaczenie/typ/identyfikator modelu

Należą do jednego podtypu w danym typoszeregu i spełniają łącznie następujące warunki:

- identyczna konstrukcja obiegu chłodniczego, ten sam czynnik chłodniczy/roboczy;
- ten sam producent, typ i liczba sprężarek;
- ten sam typ elementu rozprężnego;
- ten sam typ skraplacza;
- ten sam typ parownika;
- ten sam typ procesu odszraniania;
- ten sam sterownik i zasada sterowania wydajnością;
- ten sam producent, typ i liczba wentylatorów parownika (w przypadku powietrznych pomp ciepła) i zasada sterowania wydajnością (stała, zmienna lub stopniowana regulacja prędkości obrotowej);
- urządzenia z i bez zaworu czterodrogowego nie mogą być zaliczone do tego samego typoszeregu.

Kraków, 15.10.2024

Miejscowość, data



Podpis osoby upoważnionej